**CRAIG PAEPRER** Chairman

ANTHONY GIANNICO Vice Chairman

BOARD MEMBERS RAYMOND COTE **ROBERT FRENKEL** VICTORIA CAUSA JOHN NUCULOVIC

**PUBLIC HEARING** 

## TOWN OF CARMEL PLANNING BOARD



60 McAlpin Avenue Mahopac, New York 10541 Tel. (845) 628-1500 - Ext.190 www.ci.carmel.ny.us

**MICHAEL CARNAZZA** Director of Code Enforcement

**RICHARD FRANZETTI,** P.E.,BCEE **Town Engineer** 

PATRICK CLEARY, AICP,CEP,PP,LEED AP Town Planner

## **PLANNING BOARD AGENDA** MAY 24, 2023-7:00 P.M.

## TAX MAP # PUB. HEARING MAP DATE COMMENTS

1.	ANB Holdings GCCM LLC (Michael Scoca) - 93 Teakettle Spout Road	76.17-1-17	5/24/23	4/28/23	Public Hearing & Resolution
R	ESOLUTION				
2.	NYCDEP West Branch Auxiliary Dam – 34 Drewville Road	651-5		3/31/23	Site Plan
3.	Willow Wood Country Club, Inc. – 551 Union Valley Road	87.7-1-6, 7 & 11		4/28/23	Amended Site Plan
<u>SI</u>	TE PLAN				
4.	Diamond Point Development, LLC – 4 Baldwin Pl	86.10-1-2 & 3		5/15/23	Site Plan
<u>SI</u>	JBDIVISION				
5.	Western Bluff Subdivision – 350 West Shore Dr.	66.14-1-20		3/29/23	Final Subdivision



May 15, 2023

Town of Carmel Planning Board 60 McAlpin Avenue Mahopac, New York 10541

RE: Diamond Point Development 4 Baldwin Place Road Town of Carmel TM#'s: 86.10-1-2&3

Dear Chairman Paeprer and Members of the Board:

Please find enclosed the following plans and documents in support of an application for site plan approval for the above referenced project:

- Site Plan Set, last revised May 15, 2023.
- Architectural floor plans and elevations by Stinard Architecture Inc.
- Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan, last revised May 15, 2023.

Since the project was last before the Board, the overall scope has been reduced to minimize costs associated with earthwork operations. The project is now composed of the previously proposed 1,110 square foot office & retail space near the frontage with US Route 6, but the various self-storage buildings previously proposed in the first phase have been reduced to one. The proposed footprint is approximately 40,000 square feet. The building is proposed to be three stories (as permitted by zoning), with the first floor being accessed from the south facing side, the second floor being accessed from the north facing side, and the third floor being accessed by elevator. The future phase two of the project remains as previously designed. This change creates a reduction in site disturbance and new impervious. The reason for this reduction in scope is to make the project more efficient in terms of overall development of the site, stormwater management, and construction costs.

In addition to the broader changes described above, we have also sought to respond to a number of your consultants' comments and questions. However, the applicant is primarily interested in receiving feedback related to the new project layout and scope. With the benefit of the Board's feedback all of the other outstanding comments and questions will be addressed moving forward.

In response to comments received from Director of Code Enforcement, Michael Carnazza, dated March 22, 2023, we offer the following responses:

- 1. No response is necessary, as this comment accurately summarizes the applicant's proposal with the exception of the changes in project scope noted above.
- 2. The zoning table has been revised to eliminate the need for a variance for minimum building floor area and analyzes the district for which each portion of the lot is located.
- 3. This comment is acknowledged. The applicant would like to point out, however, that they are proposing two project signs. One sign would be along Route 6 and the other would be on Baldwin Place Road. The applicant would seek to make the size of the signs as code

conforming, but given the size of the property and the fact that it fronts on two roads, the applicant would seek to install two signs.

In response to comments received from Town Engineer Richard Franzetti, PE, dated March 20, 2022, we offer the following responses:

#### General Comments

- 1. The noted referrals are acknowledged.
- 2. The required permits are acknowledged.
- 3. The applicant is working with their Traffic Consultant on permitting the project both with the NYSDOT and PCDHF.
- 4. The SWPPP has been revised and is enclosed herewith.
- 5. An Overall Site Plan is now provided.
- 6. The need for a stormwater maintenance agreement is acknowledged and will be provided in subsequent submissions.
- 7. The requirement of a performance bond is acknowledged and will be provided in subsequent submissions.

#### **Detailed Comments**

- 1. Maneuvering Plans have been provided.
  - a) See Drawing D-3 for a graphic representation of vehicle movements.
  - b) Radii and other driveway dimensions have been provided on the project drawings.
  - c) Sight distances will be provided by the traffic engineer with a future submission.
  - d) Slopes at the driveway entrances have been provided on drawing SP-2.1.
- 2. Work associated with the US Route 6 driveway entrance is proposed in the NYSDOT right of way and a Highway Work Permit will be sought.
- 3. The general location of the well and proposed subsurface sewage treatment system (SSTS) have been shown on the drawings. Additional details will be provided as the project advances and a separate set of drawings will be prepared for Putnam County Department of Health (PCDOH) review. Details on the fire protection tanks will be provided with a future submission.
- 4. Layout and Landscape Plan
  - a) A note has been added indicating that all planting shall be installed per Chapter 142 of the Town of Carmel Code, and verified by the Wetland Inspector.
  - b) A light spill plan will be provided with a future submission.
- 5. Grading and Utilities Plans

- a) Rims and inverts will be provided with a future submission.
- b) Hydraulic calculations and pipe sizing will be provided with a future submission.
- c) Electric and telecommunication line information will be provided on a subsequent submission. The general location of the proposed well and SSTS have been shown on the drawings. Additional details will be provided on a separate set of drawings that will be submitted to PCDOH.
- d) The general location of the well and proposed subsurface sewage treatment system (SSTS) have been shown on the drawings. Additional details will be provided as the project advances and a separate set of drawings will be prepared for Putnam County Department of Health (PCDOH) review.
- e) It is acknowledged that all utilities are to be buried.
- 6. Erosion and Sediment Control Plan
- a) Rim and invert elevations will be provided on a subsequent submission.
- b) A construction sequence has been added to drawing D-3.
- 7. Site Details
- a) This note has been added on drawing OP-1.
- b) End Section material is HDPE, which is now indicated in the detail.
- c) A note regarding this requirement has been added to drawing OP-1.
- d) The asphalt detail has been revised to reflect this.

In response to comments received from Town Planner, Patrick Cleary, dated March 22, 2023, we offer the following responses:

- 1. These comments accurately summarize the proposed use.
- 2. Self Storage Standards
  - a. There are no plans for the storage of hazardous materials. The applicant has engaged the town's architectural consultant and will be working with them and the Board regarding the proposed architecture.
  - b. This comment is acknowledged in that the proposed site plan will eliminate several existing objectionable conditions.
  - c. This comment is acknowledged that the Town of Carmel intends to serve as lead agency for the project.
  - d. The proposed self-storage will be for dead-storage only. There are no proposed retail, storefront or office activities proposed for the self-storage buildings. The office and retail uses will be housed exclusively in the 1,110sf building designated for that use. There is

no proposed use of the site involving any of the prohibited activities noted. There is no proposal for outdoor storage. Vehicle parking on site will only be for the transient use of customers. Operating hours will be limited to 7am to 11pm.

- e. Much of the wooded buffer along Baldwin Place Road will remain intact. For the portion of existing vegetation to be cleared, including near the existing dwellings that are to be removed, landscaping has been proposed.
- f. A photometric plan will be provided with a future submission.
- g. A conversion parking plan will be provided with a future submission.
- 3. The applicant does not plan to seek the rezoning of the lot, as it does not impact the site development as proposed.
- 4. As discussed above the minimum floor area requirement for the office /retail building is met.
- 5. The parking requirement that was used was from §156-33, which requires 1 parking space per 10,000 square feet. The parking summary has been revised to name Self Storage as the use.
- 6. The applicant's clientele will use the parking and loading spaces shown on the plan. The applicant has indicated that generally customers at their other facilities will simply park parallel to the building at the nearest available point to the door they seek to access. In this current configuration there are no drive-up units with overhead doors. The buildings will all be accessed by the doors shown.
- 7. The proposed parking spaces are shown to accommodate the spaces required by zoning and to offer formalized handicap parking spaces. More often, customers who are dropping things off, or picking them up, will use the proposed loading spaces which are provided parallel to the buildings. These will allow customers in their passenger vehicles or box trucks to load and unload, and then make their way to the provided doors. As discussed above, generally customers will simply park parallel along the building at the nearest desired entry point to the building. Due to the minimal number of customer visits at any given time, the applicant would seek not to stripe the dedicated loading zones as this would create an unnecessary maintenance issue.
- 8. Access
  - a. It is acknowledged that NYSDOT review and approval is required for the driveway entrance at US Route 6.
  - b. As recommended by Colliers, the proposed driveway has been shifted further from the intersection. To clarify the driveway onto Baldwin Place Road will be reviewed by Putnam County Highways and Facilities, not the NYSDOT.
- 9. It is acknowledged that the Town Planner has recommended a traffic consultant be hired to review the Traffic Engineering Report.
- 10. An earthwork analysis will be provided with a future submission.
- 11. A SWPPP was provided. Per the Town Engineer, it is under review. A revised SWPPP is enclosed herewith.
- 12. Utilities are shown on drawing SP-2.1 and SP-2.2. Details thereto are shown on drawing D-3.

- 13. The proposed landscaping has been augmented somewhat to provide a more consistent foundation planting, however, the applicant does not seek to completely screen their building from view as street visibility is an important part of their marketing. The applicant seeks to provide attractive architecture to limit the need for vegetative screening. The landscaping is meant to soften and frame the view of the proposed building.
- 14. A Full EAF will be provided under separate cover.

Please place the project on the May 24, 2023 Planning Board agenda discussion of the project with the Board. Should you have any questions or comments regarding this information, please feel free to contact our office.

Very truly yours,

INSITE ENGINEERING, SURVEYING & LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE, P.C.

By: nard D. Williams, PE

Senior Principal Engineer

RDW/adt

Enclosures cc: (All via email only) Aaron Sommer, Jason Sommer, Jennifer Grey, Esq, Scott Stinard



## PRELIMINARY STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN

For

DPD – Self Storage 4 Baldwin Place Town of Carmel, New York

May 15, 2023

**Owner Information:** 

Bernad Creations LTD 124 Ridge Road Montgomery, NY 12549

#### **Applicant Information:**

Diamond Point Development 880 Marietta Highway, Suite 630-243 Roswell, GA 30075

# Note: This report in conjunction with the project plans make up the complete Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan.



Prepared by: Insite Engineering, Surveying & Landscape Architecture, P.C. 3 Garrett Place Carmel, New York 10512

## CONTENTS

1.0	INTRO	ODUCTION	1
	1.1 F	Project Description	1
	1.2 E	Existing Site Conditions (Pre-Development)	1
	1.3 F	Proposed Site Conditions (Post Development)	2
2.0	STOR	RMWATER MANAGEMENT	3
	2.1 C	Chapter 10: Enhanced Phosphorus Removal Standards	5
	2.2 N	NYSDEC Runoff Reduction Volume (RRv)	5
	2.3 N	NYSDEC Water Quality Volume (WQ <sub>v)</sub>	6
	2.4 N	NYSDEC Stream Channel Protection Volume (CPv)	8
	2.5 N	NYSDEC Overbank Flood Control ( $Q_p$ ), and Extreme Flood Control ( $Q_f$ )	8
	2.6 N	NYCDEP Requirements	9
3.0	STOR	MWATER CONVEYANCE SYSTEM 1	1
4.0	EROS	SION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL 1	1
	4.1 T	Femporary Erosion and Sediment Control Facilities1	1
	4.2 F	Permanent Erosion and Sediment Control Facilities1	2
5.0	IMPLE	EMENTATION AND MAINTENANCE1	3
	5.1 C	Construction Phase 1	3
		Soil Restoration 1	
	5.3 L	ong Term Maintenance Plan 1	5

## APPENDICES

Appendix A	Runoff Reduction (RRv) Calculation Worksheets
Appendix B	Pre-Development Computer Data
Appendix C	Post-Development Computer Data
Appendix D	NYSDEC SPDES for Construction Activities Construction Site Log Book
Appendix E	Project and Owner Information
Appendix F	Bioretention Filter Sizing Calculations

## FIGURES

Figure 1: Location Map Figure 2: Pre-Development Drainage Map Figure 3: Post-Development Drainage Map

## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

## 1.1 Project Description

The subject project is located on two adjacent parcels totaling 30.53± acres on Baldwin Place Road in the Town of Carmel. The parcel and its surroundings are delineated on the attached Location Map (Figure 1). Designated as Tax Map Numbers 86.10-1-2 and 86.10-1-3 and are in the C/BP & C zoning districts, respectively. Portions of the property are currently developed with buildings and associated paved and gravel driveways. The remaining areas of the property consist of grass and wooded areas. It is proposed to construct two (2) self-storage buildings, an office building for leasing & administration, and associated site improvements such as driveways and parking areas. The overall project proposes to develop 6.4 +/- acres of new impervious surfaces on the site. It is proposed to capture and treat the stormwater runoff associated with the proposed improvements in a series of stormwater management practices designed to meet Town of Carmel, NYSDEC and NYCDEP requirements. A proposed drilled well and septic system will service the project. The project site is located in the Amawalk Reservoir Watershed.

The following permits are required for the project:

NEW YORK CITY DEPARTMENT OF ENVIROMENTAL PROTECTION				
SWPPP & Septic Approval				
NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION				
SWPPP General Permit Coverage (GP-0-20-001) Freshwater Wetland Permit				
PUTNAM COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH				
SSTS & Well Improvement Approval				
TOWN OF CARMEL				
Site Plan Approval/ Wetland Permit				
NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION           Highway Work Permit				

There are no known enforcement actions, and no lawsuits or administrative proceedings, commenced against the applicant, or any principal affiliate of the applicant, for any alleged violations of law related to the applicant of the site, in the five years preceding this application.

With regard to NYCDEP requirements, Section 18-39(b)(4)(iii) and Section 18-39(b)(4)(iv) of the Rules and Regulations require a SWPPP Approval for this project. This project meets two (2) of the thresholds that require SWPPP approval from the NYCDEP. For further discussion on NYCDEP requirements, refer to Section 2.6 below.

1.2 Existing Site Conditions (Pre-Development)

The subject property is located in the Town of Carmel on Baldwin Place Road adjacent to Route 6. The property is currently developed with multiple buildings, roadways, fields and woods. There is a high point located along the north property line. From the high point, stormwater runoff generally slopes to the south and west towards Baldwin Place Road or east towards Route 6 and a New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Wetland on the adjacent property.

1

The stormwater analysis included in this SWPPP utilizes five (5) design points. The design points can be seen on Figures 2 and 3, and are identified as Design Point 1, Design Point 2, Design Point 3, Design Point 4, and Design Point 5. The Subcatchments for each Design Point are identified as PRE 1, PRE 2, PRE 3, PRE 4 and PRE 5 in the predevelopment model and are shown on Figure 2. See below for a summary of each design point:

- Design Points 1 and 2 are located at existing culverts along Baldwin Place Road. Runoff is conveyed to Design Point 1 via existing roadside swales that shall remain.
- Design Point 3 represents a point on an existing open channel conveyance system south of Kennard Road. Runoff is conveyed to Design Point 3 via the stormwater collection system located along US Route 6, and Baldwin Place Road.
- Design Point 4 is located at an existing drain inlet in Baldwin Place Road. Runoff is conveyed to Design Point 4 via the stormwater collection system located along US Route 6.
- Design Point 5 is located at an existing headwall adjacent to Baldwin Place Road. Runoff is conveyed to Design Point 5 via an existing swale that discharges from the NYSDEC Wetland and Pond that runs along US Route 6.

It is noted there are existing flooding issued along Baldwin Place Road both in front of the Mobil Station and at the culvert crossing by Kennard Road during certain rainfall events. This project will serve to alleviate those flooding problems by reducing peak flows to below pre-development areas as well as capturing runoff and more securely conveying it to the existing infrastructure.

The hydrologic soil groups for the project consists of "B", "C" & "D" soils. The designation of the onsite soils located within the proposed limits of disturbance primarily consist of Paxton fine sandy loam (PnB, PnC & PnDs identified on the Soil Conservation Service Web Soil Survey. The soils boundaries are shown on Figure 2 and 3 of this report. The following soil group descriptions are as defined by the Soil Conservation Service Web Soil Survey.

#### 1.3 Proposed Site Conditions (Post Development)

As mentioned above, the proposed project includes the construction of two (2) self-storage buildings, an office building for leasing & administration, and associated site improvements such as driveways and parking areas. The redevelopment project will include an increase in impervious surfaces (approximately 6.4 +/- acre increase). As such, treatment and mitigation for the newly created impervious surfaces will be provided in the form of proposed stormwater management practices (SMP) discussed further in later sections of this report. The proposed SMP's will be designed to capture and treat runoff from the impervious surfaces associated with the proposed project.

It is proposed to maintain the existing drainage patterns on the site to the maximum extent practical to minimize the impact to the existing downstream areas. Stormwater treatment for the subject development will be accomplished through the use of two (2) infiltration basins (NYSDEC I-2), a Wet Swale (NYSDEC O-2) and a Bioretention Filter (NYSDEC F-5) as SMPs.

As shown in the following sections of this report, the stormwater quality and quantity for the proposed development have been mitigated in accordance with the Town of Carmel, NYSDEC and NYCDEP design standards. Additionally, an erosion and sediment control plan has been prepared in accordance with the *New York State Standards and Specifications for Erosion and Sediment Control* to protect downstream features during construction activities.

## 2.0 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

The proposed stormwater management system for the project has been designed to meet the requirements of local, regional, and state stormwater ordinances and guidelines, including but not limited to the NYCDEP and the NYSDEC. Specifically, the following codes / regulations have been used to design this SWPPP:

- NYSDEC SPDES General Permit for Stormwater Discharges from Construction Activities, General Permit GP-0-20-001 (GP-0-20-001).
- NYCDEP Rules and Regulations for the Protection from Contamination, Degradation, and Pollution of the New York City Water Supply and its Sources (Rules and Regulations).
- Town of Carmel Town Code, Chapter 156 Stormwater Management, Soil Erosion and Sediment Control.

Since the subject project proposes the disturbance of more than 1 acre, coverage under the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) SPDES General Permit for Stormwater Discharges from Construction Activities (GP-0-20-001) is required. It should be noted that the requirements set forth by GP-0-20-001 discussed below will also incorporate the requirements for redevelopment projects in future iterations of this SWPPP.

In order to meet the requirements, set forth by GP-0-20-001, and the latest edition of the NYSDEC *New York State Stormwater Management Design Manual* (NYSSMDM), including the requirements listed in Chapter 10: *Enhanced Phosphorus Removal Standards* (Chapter 10) was referenced for the design of the proposed stormwater collection, conveyance and treatment system. The Design Manual specifies five design criteria that are discussed in detail below. They are Runoff Reduction Volume (RR<sub>v</sub>), Water Quality Volume (WQ<sub>v</sub>), Stream Channel Protection Volume (CP<sub>v</sub>), Overbank Flood Control (Q<sub>t</sub>), and Extreme Storm Control (Q<sub>p</sub>). Stormwater collection, conveyance and treatment systems have been designed in general accordance with both the General Permit (GP-0-20-001) and the NYSSMDM. The first two requirements relate to treating water quality, while the later pertain to stormwater quantity (peak flow) attenuation. As noted in previous sections of this report, this project is a redevelopment project with an overall increase in impervious area. Per Chapter 9, 25% of the existing impervious area within the subcatchments is required to be treated to meet the WQv requirements for redevelopment projects. The final SWPPP will incorporate the existing redeveloped impervious areas to calculate the WQv.

Where WQv/RRv treatment is required, the following post construction stormwater management practices are proposed for the project:

SMP ID	Proposed Subcatchment	NYSSMDM Ch. 6 Design Designation	NYSDEC Uniform Stormwater Sizing Criteria Satisfied	NYCDEP Requirement Satisfied
3.1P	3.1S	I-2 Infiltration Basin	RRv, WQ <sub>v</sub> , CP <sub>v</sub> <sup>1</sup>	Only Practice Required to be Provided.
4.1AP	4.1S	O-2 Wet Swale	WQv	First Practice in Series
4.1BP	4.10	F-5 Bioretention Filter	RRv, WQ <sub>v</sub>	Second Practice in Series
5.1P	5.1S	I-2 Infiltration Basin	RRv, WQ <sub>v</sub> , CP <sub>v</sub> <sup>1</sup>	Only Practice Required to be Provided.

 Table 2.0.1 – Proposed GIP/SMP Design Criteria Summary Table

<sup>1</sup> The infiltration basin achieves the CP<sub>v</sub> requirement as they are designed to infiltration the 1-year storm as a result of Chapter 10 requirements.

To address stormwater quantity requirements of the NYSDEC, the "HydroCAD" Stormwater Modeling System," by HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC in Tamworth, New Hampshire, was used to model and assess the peak stormwater flows for the subject project. HydroCAD is a computer aided design program for modeling the hydrology and hydraulics of stormwater runoff. It is based primarily on hydrology techniques developed by the United States Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service (USDA, SCS) TR-20 method combined

with standard hydraulic calculations. For details on the input data for the subcatchments and design storms, refer to Appendices A through C and for the supporting data relative to the soils breakdown within the overall contributing area shown in the HydroCAD analysis, see Appendix A of this report:

The input requirements for the HydroCAD computer program are as follows:

Subcatchments (contributing watershed/sub-watersheds)

- Design storm rainfall in inches
- CN (runoff curve number) values which are based on soil type and land use/ground cover
- Tc (time of concentration) flow path information

Flow Splitters / Subsurface Infiltration System

- Surface area at appropriate elevations
- Flood elevation
- Outlet structure information

The following is a general description of the input data used to calculate the pre- and post-development stormwater runoff values. For detailed information for each subcatchment and pond, see Appendices B & C. The precipitation values for the 1-Year, 10-Year, 100-Year 24-hour design storm events and rainfall distribution curves utilized for this report were obtained from the information provided by Northeast Regional Climate Center (NRCC) and the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) which is available online at *www.precip.eas.cornell.edu*. The values provided for all design storms analyzed are listed below.

Design Storm	24-Hour Rainfall
1-Year	2.71"
10-Year	4.86"
100-Year	8.63"

The CN (runoff curve number) values utilized in this report were referenced from the USDA, SCS publication *Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds*. The following is a summary of the various land uses/ground covers and the associated CN values and soil types utilized in this report.

Land Use/Ground Cover	CN Value
>75% Grass Cover, Good, HSG B	61
>75% Grass Cover, Good, HSG C	74
>75% Grass Cover, Good, HSG D	80
Gravel Surface, HSG C	96
Meadow, non-grazed, HSG C	71
Paved Parking	98
Water Surface, HSG D	98
Woods, Good, HSG B	55
Woods, Good, HSG C	70
Woods, Good, HSG D	77
Woods/grass comb., Good, HSG C	72

Table 2.0.2 – Project Ground Cover and Associate	ed Curve Numbers (CN)
--	-----------------------

2.1 Chapter 10: Enhanced Phosphorus Removal Standards

As noted above, the New York City East of Hudson Watershed has been identified in the SPDES General Permit GP-0-20-001 as a watershed requiring compliance with the Enhanced Phosphorus

Removal Standards when post-construction stormwater management practices are proposed. Chapter 10 establishes four goals to meet sizing performance standards:

- Goal 1: Reducing Runoff Volumes
- Goal 2: Effective Bypass Treatment
- Goal 3: Achieving Effluent Concentrations for Particulate Phosphorus
- Goal 4: Achieving Effluent Concentrations for Dissolved Phosphorus

In order to achieve the first goal, the site design shall," assess the feasibility of hydrological source controls and reduce the total water quality volume by source control, implementation of green infrastructure, or standard SMP's with RR<sub>v</sub> capacity, according to the process defined in Chapters 3 and 4 of the Design Manual. Each plan must include a rationale for acceptance and rejection of the various controls." A discussion on RR<sub>v</sub> can be found in section 2.2 below. Based on mapped soil classifications, the soils onsite are suitable for infiltration. Therefore, the use of infiltration practices (classified as Standard SMP's with RRv capacity) has been maximized. As such, Goal 1 has been achieved in this SWPPP.

Goal 2 cites that proposed stormwater management practices should achieve less than 15% effective treatment bypass of the long-term runoff volume. Chapter 10 further notes this goal is satisfied by capturing and treating the 1-year 24-hour design storm. The NYSDEC stormwater quality treatment practices proposed for this have been designed in accordance with Chapter 10 by utilizing the 1-yr, 24-hour design storm to generate the  $WQ_v$  /  $RR_v$ . As such, Goal 2 has been achieved in this SWPPP.

Achieving effluent concentrations for particulate phosphorus, Goal 3, is satisfied by achieving an 80% net removal of particulate phosphorus for a median influent concentration of 0.5mg/l. Chapter 10 states that through designing proposed SMP's in accordance with Section 10.4 this goal will be achieved. The proposed infiltration basins and bioretention filter have been designed in accordance with Section 10.4.4 of Chapter 10 thus satisfying the requirements Goal 3.

Goal 4, achieving effluent concentration for dissolved phosphorus, is achieved by obtaining a 60% net removal of dissolved phosphorus given a median influent concentration of 0.15mg/l. As with Goal 3, Goal 4 is achieved by designing the proposed SMP's in accordance with Section 10.4 of Chapter 10. As noted above the SMP's have been designed in accordance with section 10.4.4 of Chapter 10 thus satisfying the requirements of this goal.

#### 2.2 NYSDEC Runoff Reduction Volume (RR<sub>v</sub>)

The Runoff Reduction Volume (RR<sub>v</sub>) criterion is intended to replicate pre-development hydrology by maintaining preconstruction infiltration, peak flow runoff, discharge volume, as well as minimizing concentrated stormwater flow. As stated in Chapter 4 of the NYSSMDM, RR<sub>v</sub> may be treated with standard stormwater management practices (SMP's) sized in accordance with the Chapter 4/6 requirements, or with green infrastructure practices (GIP's) sized in accordance with the requirements set forth for each practice in Chapter 5. This requirement has been achieved on the subject project providing an infiltration practice, designed as a SMP in accordance with the latest design standards. Runoff reduction is achieved when runoff from a percentage of the impervious area on the site is captured, routed through a SMP or a GIP, infiltrated to the ground, reused, reduced by evapotranspiration, and eventually removed from the stormwater discharge from the site. Through this implementation, the design of the infiltration basin as a SMP with the runoff reduction capacity equal to 100% of the WQ<sub>v</sub> the RRv requirements will be achieved.

Section 4.3 of the NYSSMDM states for sites that do not achieve runoff reduction to preconstruction condition must, at a minimum reduce a percentage of the runoff from impervious areas to be constructed on the site a minimum RR<sub>v</sub>. The following equation can be used to determine the minimum runoff reduction volume:

The minimum runoff reduction volume shall be  $RRv_{minimum} = (P)(R_v)(Ai)$ 

12

Where,	
S	= Hydrologic Soil Group (HSG) Specific Reduction Factor
A <i>i</i> c	= Total Area of New Impervious Cover
Ai	<ul> <li>Impervious cover targeted for Runoff Reduction</li> <li>(S)(Aic)</li> </ul>
Rv	= 0.95

For detailed calculations of the runoff reduction for the proposed SMP's see Appendix A. Listed in Table 2.2.1 below is a summary of the NYSDEC compliant practice, and its satisfaction of the NYSDEC RRv requirements:

Design Point	Subcatchment	RR <sub>v</sub> <sub>Required</sub> = WQ <sub>v</sub> (c.f.) From Appendix C	RR <sub>v Minimum</sub> (c.f.) Calculated in Appendix A	NYSDEC Practice Designation	Allowable % of WQv provided to be applied towards RRv	Storage Volume Provided below System Outlet (c.f.) (From Appendix C)	RRv Provided (c.f.)
3	3.1S	22,651	2,467	I-2 Infiltration Basin	100%	22,686	22,651
4	4.1S	3,572	290	F-5 Bioretention Filter	40%	2,688	1,429
5	5.1S	44,475	6,228	I-2 Infiltration Basin	100%	48,675	44,475

Table 2.2.1 Runoff Reduction Volume Summary

As shown in the table above the RRv provided in the Subcatchments 3.1S, 5.1S and 5.2S is equal to the RRv<sub>required</sub>, therefore the RRv requirement has been met for these Subcatchments. The RRv<sub>provided</sub> for Subcatchment 4.1S is less than the RRv<sub>required</sub>. 100% of the RRv<sub>Required</sub> could not be provided for Design Point 4 due to existing onsite soil conditions and topography which limited the area where infiltration is feasible. However, the RRv<sub>provided</sub> is greater than the RRv<sub>minimum</sub> for each design point, therefore the RRv requirement has been met for the subject project.

## 2.3 NYSDEC Water Quality Volume (WQv)

The stormwater infiltration basin has been sized in accordance with Chapter 4 of the Design Manual, as it has been sized to capture and treat the entire water quality volume (WQ<sub>v</sub>) from the proposed improvements. The subject project is located in the New York City Watershed, which is listed as a phosphorus-limited watershed per the NYSDEC regulations. Therefore, the stormwater management practice has been designed in general accordance with the Enhanced Phosphorus Removal Supplement (Chapter 10) of the Design Manual. As outlined in Chapter 10, the treatment volume for the WQv is the runoff volume produced during the 1-year 24-hour design storm. See table 2.6.1 and Appendix C for a summary of the WQv that would be generated by the proposed project during the 1-year, 24-hour storm.

Table 2.2.1 above and the tables below summarize the WQv treatments and the proposed practices, sized in accordance with Chapters 3 and 6 of the NYSSMDM for the proposed practice.

The infiltration basins have been sized to provide 100% storage of the water quality volume between the bottom of the practice and the outlet weir of the basins. By providing 100% storage of the WQv in the infiltration basin the water quality volume storage requirements set forth in the Design Manual have been met for the proposed basin. By meeting the Water Quality Volume requirements through employment of the infiltration basin, the water quality objectives of the NYSDEC will be met.

The infiltration basins area designed as offline practices that fully infiltrate the WQv from the contributing area. A flowsplitter or pretreatment sediment forebay is proposed upstream of the basins to make the practiced offline. The flowsplitter and sediment forebays are sized to convey at a minimum the

peak WQv flow (1-year 24-hour) to the infiltration basin, while allowing portions of larger storms to bypass the infiltration units as allowed by the Design Manual. Pretreatment has been provided for the infiltration basins in the form of a sediment forebay basin or a hydrodynamic separator. The pretreatment basins will temporarily store greater than the volume required.

As noted below, the infiltration basins have been sized to meet both the RRv and WQv requirements.

Subcatchmen t	Treatmen t Practice	NYSDEC Design Practice Designation	WQ <sub>v</sub> Required (c.f.)	Proposed WQ <sub>v</sub> (Storage Volume below outlet) <sup>1,2</sup> (c.f.)
3.1S 3.1P Infiltration Basin I-2		22,651	22,686	
5.1S	5.1P	Infiltration Basin I-2	44,475	48,675

Table 2.3.1 Infiltration Area Water Quality Volume Treatment Summary

The Bioretention Filter (4.1BP) has been designed to treat the WQv in accordance with the Design Manual as noted in the table below and in Appendix F. A grass filter strip has been provided as Pretreatment for the Bioretention filter. Also, the bioretention filter has been designed as offline practices that will receive the WQv from the contributing area. The Wet Swale (1.4AP) outlet structure has been designed as the flow splitter for the bioretention filter to convey at a minimum the peak WQv flow.

Subcatchment	Treatment Practice	NYSDEC Design Practice Designation	Required Filter Area (s.f.)	Provided Filter Area (s.f.)	Minimum Storage Volume Required (75% WQv) (c.f.)	Storage Volume Provided Below Outlet (c.f.)
4.1S	4.1BP	F-5	3,247	5,100	2,678	2,688

\* Information regarding required filter area is calculated and shown in Appendix F.

A Wet Swale (1.4AP) is proposed upstream of the Bioretention Filter (1.4BP) and has been designed to treat the WQv required from the contributing area. In accordance with the Design Manual, the swales have been designed to provide 30-minutes of detention of the 1-year 24-hour storm runoff volume, therefore treating 100% of the WQv as shown in Appendix C.

It should be noted that the above tables illustrate the water quality volume storage requirements set forth in the Design Manual have been met for the Infiltration Basins, Wet Swale and Bioretention Filter.

#### 2.4 NYSDEC Stream Channel Protection Volume (CPv)

The Stream Channel Protection  $(CP_v)$  criterion is intended to protect stream channels from erosion and is accomplished by the 24-hour extended detention of the center-of-mass of the one-year, 24-hour storm event. As noted in Table 2.1.1 the stormwater infiltration system has been designed with a storage volume greater than the volume of stormwater runoff from the 1-year storm. By providing a stormwater infiltration practice to fully infiltrate the volume of stormwater runoff from the 1-year, 24-hour design storm, the  $CP_v$  has been met for the project. Soil and infiltration testing was performed in the locations of the proposed stormwater management practices and witnessed by the NYCDEP. The test results verify the design requirements for infiltration practice set forth in the NYSSMDM. All infiltration rates in the areas of the proposed infiltration practice exceed the minimum 0.5 inches/hour requirement.

## 2.5 NYSDEC Overbank Flood Control ( $Q_p$ ), and Extreme Flood Control ( $Q_f$ )

The Overbank Flood Control ( $Q_p$ ) requirement is intended to prevent an increase in the frequency and magnitude of out-of-bank flooding events generated by urban development. Overbank control requires storage to attenuate the post-development 10-year, 24-hour peak discharge to pre-development rates. The Extreme Flood Control ( $Q_f$ ) requirement is intended to prevent the increased risk of flood damage from large storm events, maintain the boundaries of the pre-development 100-year flood plain, and protect the physical integrity of stormwater management practice. Extreme flood control requires storage to attenuate the post-development 100-year, 24-hour peak discharge to pre-development rates. As shown in Table 2.5.1 attenuation for both the 10-year and 100-year 24-hour storms has been provided thus satisfying the  $Q_p$  and  $Q_f$  requirements.

	24-HOUR DESIGN STORM PEAK FLOWS (c.f.s.)							
	1-YI (Channel I Volu	Protection	10-Y (Overbank Fl		100-YEAR (Extreme Flood Control)			
	Pre	Post	Pre	Post	Pre	Post		
Design Point 1	3.5	2.2	15.2	11.1	39.8	30.7		
Design Point 2	1.6	1.2	5.6	45.2	13.7	13.6		
Design Point 3	5.5	2.8	15.7	11.3	34.7	34.1		
Design Point 4	7.2	5.6	16.0	12.9	30.6	25.6		
Design Point 5	17.7	17.2	53.6	53.6	123.3	121.3		

Table 2.5.1– Existing and Proposed Conditions Peak Flows

## Table 2.5.2– Existing and Proposed Conditions Runoff Volumes

24-HOUR DESIGN STORM RUNOFF VOLUMES (a.f.)						
	(Channel	EAR Protection Ime)	10-Y (Overbank Fl			YEAR ood Control)
	Pre	Post	Pre	Post	Pre	Post
Design Point 1	0.460	0.321	1.640	1.223	4.319	3.332
Design Point 2	0.150	0.156	0.488	0.557	1.225	1.467
Design Point 3	0.634	0.237	1.772	1.104	4.084	3.366
Design Point 4	0.614	0.436	1.446	1.046	3.009	2.209
Design Point 5	3.413	3.276	9.775	9.752	22.835	23.229

As shown in the above tables, the peak flows and runoff volumes from the contributing areas to the design lines in the post development condition have been mitigated to below the existing condition levels, thus meeting the general requirements of the NYSDEC. As shown on drainage Figures 2 & 3, the alteration of the drainage boundaries from the pre to the post development condition have been minimized to the maximum extent practical.

#### 2.6 NYCDEP Requirements

The proposed project meets two (2) of the thresholds that require SWPPP approval from the NYCDEP per Section 18-39 of the Rules and Regulations. The project meets the following thresholds listed in Section 18-39(b)(4) that require NYCDEP SWPPP approval:

- (iii) Construction of a new industrial, institutional, municipal, commercial, or multi-family residential project that will result in the creation of an impervious surface totaling over 40,000 square feet in size.
- (iv) A land clearing or land grading project, involving two or more acres, located at least in part within the limiting distance of 100 feet of a watercourse or wetland, or within the limiting distance of 300 feet of a reservoir, reservoir stem or controlled lake or on a slope exceeding 15 percent.

There is no proposed stormwater discharge from industrial activities for the proposed development.

The Rules and Regulations parallel the requirements of the NYSDEC, with the exception that two different NYSDEC standard SMP's are required in series when the drainage area to a SMP is greater than 20% impervious and an infiltration practice is not provided. The project proposes an infiltration practice for Subcatchments 3.1S and 5.1S and as such, does not require two different practices in series Subcatchment 4.1S does exceed the 20% impervious, and as two SMP's in series are provided (as shown in Table 2.6.2 below).

Per the Rules and Regulations, the stormwater treatment volume used shall be the greater of the runoff volume from the 1-year, 24-hour storm event or the volume generated by the 90% storm. The initial  $WQ_v$  from the 1-year storm event was discussed above. The following equation, per Chapter 4.2 and Chapter 9, was used to determine the water quality volume for the 90% storm each of the contributing areas to the treatment practices:

The water quality volume shall be:  $WQ_v = (P)(R_v)(A)$ 

Where,

whiche,	
WQv	= water quality volume (in acre-feet)
Р	= 90% Rainfall Event Number = 1.4 inches
А	= Subcatchment Area
I	= (Ap)/(A-Ae)
Rv	= 0.05 +0.009 (1%)

Table 2.6.1 - Water Quality Volume Calculation Summary 90% Storm vs.	. 1-Year Storm Comparison
--	---------------------------

Subcatchments	Р	Rv	A <sup>1</sup>	WQ <sub>v90</sub>	WQ <sub>v</sub> <sup>2</sup>
	(in.)		(ac.)	(c.f.)	1-year (c.f.)
3.1S	1.4	0.50	4.4	11,180	22,256
4.1S	1.4	0.50	0.6	1,525	3,572
5.1S	1.4	0.70	6.8	24,190	44,475

<sup>1</sup> Information regarding contributing areas for the 1-year 24-hour storm event is shown in Appendix C. <sup>2</sup> Refer to Appendix C for 1-year 24-hour water quality volume calculation.

As shown in Table 2.6.1 above, the volume produced by the 1-year, 24-hour design storm for subcatchments is larger than the volume produced by the 90% storm. Therefore, the 1-year, 24-hour design storm volumes shall be used for the WQv sizing for all of the proposed stormwater management practices.

The following table summarizes the amount of proposed impervious surfaces for each subcatchment and shows the proposed stormwater management practice that will treat each subwatershed:

Sub- Catchments	Total Area (acres)	Existing Impervious Surface Within	Proposed Impervious Surface Within	% Impervious Surface of Total	Management	Stormwater Practice (SMP) ent Train <sup>1</sup>
		Subcatchment (acres)	Subcatchment (acres)	Subcatchment Area	RR <sub>v</sub> /SMP 1	SMP 2 (A second practice in series is only provided when % impervious is greater than 20% and infiltration is not provided)
3.1S	5.1	0.5	2.2	50.0%	I-2, Infiltration Basin	Not Required
4.1S	0.6	0.1	0.3	50.0%	O-2 Wet Swale	F-5 Bioretention Filter
5.1S	6.8	0.6	4.9	72.0%	I-2, Infiltration Basin	Not Required

 $^{1}$  This table lists the standard SMP's used to treat the balance of the WQ $_{v}/$  RR  $_{v}$  after the application of GIP's.

As shown in the above table, the project proposes an infiltration practice for Subcatchments 2.1S, 3.1S, 5.1S and 5.2S Subcatchments, therefore two practices in series are not required. Subcatchment 4.1S is greater than 20% imperviousness and a treatment train of two practices in series is provided. By proposing two stormwater management practices in series or an infiltration practice for all subcatchments, the NYSDEP requirement is met.

## 3.0 STORMWATER CONVEYANCE SYSTEM

The stormwater conveyance system for the project consists of grass swales, precast concrete drainage structures, and HDPE pipe. In the locations of new swales and stormwater piping, the system has been sized utilizing the Rational Method and is a standard method used by engineers to develop flow rates for sizing collection systems. The Rational Method calculates flows based on a one-hour design storm. Pipe sizing calculations will be provided in the final SWPPP.

#### 4.0 EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

Erosion and sediment control should be accomplished by four basic principles: diversion of clean water, containment of sediment, treatment of dirty water, and stabilization of disturbed areas. Diversion of clean water should be accomplished with swales. This diverted water should be safely conveyed around the construction area as necessary and discharged downstream of the disturbed areas. Sediment should be contained with the use of silt fence at the toe of disturbed slopes. Disturbed areas should be permanently stabilized within 7 days of final grading to limit the required length of time that the temporary facilities must be utilized. The owner will be responsible for the maintenance of the temporary erosion control facilities. Refer to the Project Drawings for further information implementation of the Erosion Control Plan.

#### 4.1 Temporary Erosion and Sediment Control Facilities

Temporary erosion and sediment control facilities should be installed and maintained as required to reduce the impacts to off-site properties. The owner will be required to provide maintenance for the temporary erosion and sediment control facilities. In general, the following temporary methods and materials should be used to control erosion and sedimentation from the project site:

- Stabilized Construction Entrance
- Silt Fence Barriers
- Temporary Soil Stabilization

## • Temporary Sediment Trap

All temporary erosion control measures shall be maintained in accordance with the Erosion & Sediment Control Maintenance Schedule contained on the Project Drawings, and as discussed below.

A stabilized construction entrance should be installed at the site entrance as shown on the project plans. The design drawings will include details to guide the contractor in the construction of this entrance. The intent of the stabilized construction entrance is to prevent the "tracking" of soil from the site. Dust control should be accomplished with water sprinkling trucks if required. During dry periods, sprinkler trucks should wet all exposed earth surfaces as required to prevent the transport of air-borne particles to adjoining areas.

Siltation barriers constructed of geosynthetic filter cloth should be installed at the toe of all disturbed slopes. The intent of these barriers is to contain silt and sediment at the source and inhibit its transport by stormwater runoff. The siltation barriers will also help reduce the rate of runoff by creating filters through which the stormwater must pass. During construction, the siltation barriers shall be inspected weekly and after a rainfall event and shall be cleaned/replaced when needed.

When land is exposed during development, the exposure shall be kept to the shortest practical period, but in no case more than 7 days. Temporary grass seed and mulch shall be applied to any construction area idle for two weeks. The temporary seeding and mulching shall be performed in accordance with the seeding notes illustrated on the project drawings. Disturbance shall be minimized in the areas required to perform construction. Upon completion of final grading topsoil, permanent seeding and mulch shall be applied in accordance with the project drawings.

The stormwater runoff will be managed by the temporary erosion and sediment control facilities during construction. As discussed in the construction sequences provided the project plans the stabilized construction entrance shall be installed at the site entrance and silt fence shall be installed along the downhill perimeter of where soil disturbing activities will occur containing sediment laden stormwater runoff on-site.

#### 4.2 Permanent Erosion and Sediment Control Facilities

Permanent erosion and sediment control will be accomplished by diverting stormwater runoff from steep slopes, controlling/reducing stormwater runoff velocities and volumes, and vegetative and structural surface stabilization. All of the permanent facilities are relatively maintenance free and only require inspections monthly or after a significant rainfall event. The owner will provide maintenance for all the permanent erosion and sediment control facilities.

Rock outlet protection will be provided at the discharge end of all piped drainage systems and will be sized in accordance with the Blue Book. The purpose of the rock outlet protection is to reduce the depth, velocity, and energy of water, such that the flow will not erode the receiving downstream reach. The rock outlet protection shall be inspected for evidence of scour beneath the riprap and/or for any dislodged stones. Inspections of the rock outlet protection shall be performed during the inspections of the post-construction SMP's for the project.

Other than paved or gravel surfaces, disturbed surfaces will be stabilized with vegetation within 10 days of final grading. Permanent seed mix and mulch shall be applied to idle areas to minimize the amount of exposed soil. Permanent seed mixtures are proposed for the project and illustrated on project drawings. Application rates for the seed and mulch are provided on the project drawings. The vegetation will control stormwater runoff by preventing soil erosion, reducing runoff volume and velocities, and providing a filter medium. Permanent seeding should optimally be undertaken in the spring from March 21<sup>st</sup> through May 20<sup>th</sup> and in late summer from August 15<sup>th</sup> to October 15<sup>th</sup>.

## 5.0 IMPLEMENTATION AND MAINTENANCE

#### 5.1 Construction Phase

Details associated with the implementation and maintenance of the proposed stormwater facilities and erosion control measures during construction are shown on the project drawings. Soil disturbance for the subject project shall not exceed five acres at any given time unless otherwise noted on the project plans. The erosion control plan will include associated details and notes to aid the contractor in implementing the plan. Construction is anticipated to begin in the spring of 2024 and anticipated to be completed by the summer of 2025.

During construction, a Site Log Book, Appendix D, is required to be kept per NYSDEC SPDES General Permit GP-0-20-001. Erosion and sediment control inspections are required to be conducted as necessary under coverage of the permit. The erosion and sediment control inspections must be performed daily by a trained contractor and the two (2) weekly inspection performed by a qualified inspector shall be performed on days separated by two (2) full calendar days. The owner or operator must begin implementing corrective actions within one business day and complete the corrective actions in a reasonable time frame. An updated logbook and a copy of the SWPPP is required to be kept on site for the duration of the construction activities. The Construction Site Log Book is an appendix taken from the *New York Standards and Specifications for Erosion and Sediment Control* (Blue Book).

In addition to the proposed erosion and sediment control facilities, the following good housekeeping best management practices shall be implemented to mitigate potential pollution during the construction phase of the project. The general contractor overseeing the day-to-day site operation shall be responsible for the good housekeeping best management practices included in the following general categories:

- Material Handling and Waste Management
- Establishment of Staging Areas
- Proper Equipment Fueling and Maintenance Practices
- Spill Prevention and Control Plan

All construction waste materials shall be collected and removed from the site regularly by the general contractor. The general contractor shall supply waste barrels for proper disposal of waste materials. All personnel working on the site shall be instructed of the proper procedures for construction waste disposal.

Although it is not anticipated any hazardous waste materials will be utilized during construction, any hazardous waste materials shall be disposed of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. No hazardous waste shall be disposed of on-site. Hazardous waste materials shall be stored in appropriate and clearly marked containers and segregated from the other non-waste materials. All hazardous waste shall be stored in a structurally sound and sealed shipping containers located in the staging areas. Material safety data sheets, material inventory, and emergency contact numbers will be maintained in the office trailer. All personnel working on the site shall be instructed of the proper procedures for hazardous waste disposal.

Temporary sanitary facilities (portable toilets) shall be provided on site during the entire length of construction. The sanitary facilities shall be located in the project staging area, or in an alternate area away from the construction activities on the site. The portable toilets shall be inspected weekly for evidence of leaking holding tanks.

All recyclables, including wood pallets, cardboard boxes, and all other recyclable construction scraps shall be disposed of in a designated recycling barrel provided by the contractor and removed from the site regularly. All personnel working on the site shall be instructed of the proper procedures for construction waste recycling.

All construction equipment and maintenance materials shall be stored in a construction staging area. Silt fence shall be installed down gradient of the construction staging area. Shipping containers shall be utilized to store hand tools, small parts, and other construction materials, not taken off site daily. Construction waste barrels,

recycling barrels and if necessary hazardous waste containers shall be located within the limits of the construction staging area.

Throughout the construction of the project, several types of vehicles and equipment will be used on-site. Fueling of the equipment shall occur within the limits of the construction staging area. Fuel will be delivered to the site as needed, by the general contractor, or a party chosen by the general contractor. Only minor vehicle equipment maintenance shall occur on-site, all major maintenance shall be performed off-site. All equipment fluids generated from minor maintenance activities shall be disposed of into designated drums and stored in accordance with the hazardous waste storage as previously discussed.

Vehicles and equipment shall be inspected on each day of use. Any leak discovered shall be repaired immediately. All leaking equipment unable to be repaired shall be removed from the site. Ample supplies of absorbent, spill-cleanup materials, and spill kits shall be located in the construction staging area. All spills shall be cleaned up immediately upon discovery. Spent absorbent materials and rags shall be hauled off-site immediately after the spill is cleaned for disposal at a local landfill. All personnel working on the site shall be instructed of the proper procedures for spill prevention and control. Any spill large enough to discharge to surface water will be immediately reported to the local fire / police departments, NYCDEP, the National Response Center 1-800-424-8802, and the NYS Spill Hotline 1-800-457-7362. See the NYSDEC spill reporting requirements for additional information and criteria on spill reporting. NYCDEP must be notified of any NYSDEC reportable spills that occur during construction.

Vegetation should be inspected every 30 days and after every major storm event until established, after which inspections should take place on a quarterly basis and after every large storm event. Damaged areas should be immediately re-seeded and re-mulched.

#### 5.2 Soil Restoration

Soil Restoration is required to be applied across areas of the development site where soils have been disturbed and will be vegetated. The purpose is to recover the original properties and porosity of the soil compacted during construction activity. Soil Restoration is applied in the cleanup, restoration, and landscaping phase of construction followed by the permanent establishment of an appropriate, deeprooted groundcover to help maintain the restored soil structure. Soil restoration includes mechanical decompaction and compost amendment. The table below describes various soil disturbance activities related to land development, soil types and the requirements for soil restoration for each activity as identified in the Design Manual. Restoration is applied across areas of a development site where soils have been compacted and will be vegetated according to the criteria defined in the table below:

13

(Onsite soils withi		on Requirements <sup>1, 2,4</sup> belong to Hydrologic Soil	Groups (HSG) A, B & D)
Type of Soil Disturbance		on Requirement	Comments/Examples
No soil disturbance	Restoration	not permitted	Preservation of Natural Features
Minimal soil disturbance	Restoration	not required	Clearing and grubbing
Areas where topsoil is	HSG A & B	HSG C&D	Protect area from any ongoing
stripped only - no change in grade	Apply 6 inches of topsoil	Aerate <sup>3</sup> -and apply 6 inches of topsoil	construction activities.
	HSG A &B	HSG C&D	
Areas of cut or fill	Aerate <sup>1</sup> and apply 6 inches of topsoil Apply full Soil Restoration <sup>2</sup>		
Heavy traffic areas on site (especially in a zone 5-25 feet around buildings but not within a 5-foot perimeter around foundation walls)	Apply full Soil Restoration (decompaction and compost Enhancement <sup>6</sup> )		
Areas where Runoff Reduction and/or Infiltration practices are applied	Restoration not requi applied to enhance th for appropriate practi	ne reduction specified	Keep construction equipment from crossing these areas. To protect newly installed practice from any ongoing construction activities construct a single phase operation fence area
Redevelopment projects	Soil Restoration is re redevelopment project where existing imper- converted to pervious	ts in areas vious area will be	

1. Aeration includes the use of machines such as tractor-drawn implements with coulters making a narrow slit in the soil, a roller with many spikes making indentations in the soil, or prongs which function like a mini-subsoiler.

2. Per "Deep Ripping and De-compaction, DEC 2008".

3. Aeration includes the use of machines such as tractor-drawn implements with coulters making a narrow slit in the soil, a roller with many spikes making indentations in the soil, or prongs which functions like a mini-subsoiler.

4. During periods of relatively low to moderate subsoil moisture, the disturbed soils are returned to rough grade and the following Soil Restoration steps applied:

- 5.1. Apply 3 inches of compost over subsoil.
- 5.2. Till compost into subsoil to a depth of at least 12 inches using a cat-mounted ripper, tractor-mounted disc, or tiller, mixing, and circulating air and compost into subsoils.

5.3. Rock-pick until uplifted stone/rock materials of four inches and larger size area cleaned off the site.

- 5.4. Apply topsoil to a depth of 6 inches.
- 5.5. Vegetate as required by seeding notes located on the project drawings.
- 5.6. Tilling should not be performed within the drip line of any existing trees or over any utility installations that are within 24 inches of the surface.
- 6. Compost shall be aged, from plant derived materials, free of viable weed seeds, have no visible free water or dust produced when handling, pass through a half inch screen and have a pH suitable to grow desired plants.

After soil restoration is completed, an inspector should be able to push a 3/8" metal bar twelve inches into the soil with just body weight. Following decompaction/soil restoration activities, the following maintenance is anticipated during the first year:

- Initial inspections for the first six months (once after each storm greater than a half-inch).
- Reseeding to repair bare or eroding areas to assure grass stabilization.
- Water once every three days for first month, and then provide a half inch of water per week during first year. Irrigation plan may be adjusted according to the rain event.
- Fertilization may be needed in the fall after the first growing season to increase plant vigor.

In order to ensure the soil remains decompacted the following ongoing maintenance is recommended:

- Planting the appropriate ground cover with deep roots to maintain the soil structure.
- Keeping the site free of vehicular and foot traffic or other weight loads. Consider pedestrian footpaths (sometimes it may be necessary to de-thatch the turf every few years).

#### 5.3 Long Term Maintenance Plan

The stormwater facilities for the subject project have been designed to minimize the required maintenance. This section discusses the minimum maintenance requirements to insure long-term performance of the stormwater facilities. Initially the stormwater facilities will require an increased maintenance and inspection schedule until all portions of the site are stable. Generally, the stormwater facilities consist of either collection and conveyance components or treatment components.

The stormwater collection and conveyance system is composed of precast concrete drainage structures and pipes. The owner will assume the maintenance responsibilities for the drainage system. Minimal maintenance is typically required for these facilities. All structures should be checked for debris and blockages and cleaned as required. During the cleaning process, the drainage structures should be inspected for structural integrity and overall condition; repairs and/or replacement should be made as required. Additionally, the infiltration basin shall be checked for deposited sediment as well. The Infiltration basin shall be cleaned as necessary to remove deposited sediment.

Additionally, the infiltration basin shall be checked for deposited sediment as well. Visual inspection of system through the inspection ports shall take place yearly, and the system shall be cleaned / jetted as necessary to remove deposited sediment.

## APPENDIX A Runoff Reduction (RRv) Calculation Worksheets

## **RRv Calculation Worksheet - Design Point 3 (3.1S)**



Project: DPD				<u> </u>
Project #: 22242.100	)		NGINEERING, S ANDSCAPE ARCHIT	
Date: 5/12/2023		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		2010112, 1.0.
	Quality Volume (WQv)	0.573 ac-ft	=	24,960 c.f.
(refer to HydroCAD S	ubcatchments 1.1S for Water Quality Volume)			
2. RRv Minimum =	[(P)(Rv)(S)(Aic)]/12 where			
	P = Rainfall (in.)		=	1.40 in.
	Rv = 0.05 + 0.009 (100%)		=	0.95
	S = Hydrologic Soil Group Specific Reduction Fa		=	0.30
	[HSG A = 0.55] [HSG B = 0.40] [HSG C = 0.3	0] [HSG D = 0.20]		
	Aic = Total area of new impervious cover		=	1.7 Acres
	RRv Minimum		=	2,462 c.f.
-	Rv Initial - Green Infrastructure Practice (GIP) with	n Area Reduction		
	Area Reduction Applied in Project			
	servation of Natural Area		N/A	
	et Flow to Riparian Buffers or Filter Strips		N/A	
	Planting / Tree Box			c.f.
	onnection of Rooftop Runoff			-
5.3.6 Stre	am Daylighting		N/A	ł
RRv Requ	iired(=WQv-RRV by area)(Refer to HydroCAD out	tput in this Appendix)	=	24,960 c.f.

GIP with Volume Reduction Applied in Project	WQv Treated (c.f.)	% of WQv Applied to <i>RRv</i> <i>Provided</i>	RRv Provided (c.f.)
5.3.3 Vegetated Open Swales		20%	0
[HSG A / B = 20%] [HSG C / D = 10%] {Modified HSG C - D = 15% - 12%]		10%	0
5.3.7 Rain Garden		40%	0
[No underdrains / Good Soils = 100%] [With underdrains / Poor Soils = 40%]			
5.3.8 Green Roof		100%	0
[RRv provided equals volume provided in Green Roof]			
5.3.9 Stormwater Planters		45%	0
[Infiltration Planters = 100%] [Flow Through HSG C = 45%] [Flow Though HSG D = 30%]			
5.3.10 Rain Tank / Cisterns		100%	0
5.3.11 Porous Pavement		100%	0
Infiltration Practice (Standard SMP)	24960	100%	24,960
Bioretention Practice (Standard SMP)		40%	0
[Without Underdrains HSG A/B = 80%] [With Underdrain HSG C\D = 40%]			
Dry Swale (Open Channel Practice) (Standard SMP)		20%	0
[HSG A/B = 40%] [HSG C/D = 20%]			
RRv Provided =			24,960

5. Summary

RRv Initial	=	24,960 c.f.	
RRv Required	=	24,960 c.f.	
RRv Minimum	=	2,462 c.f.	
RRv Provided	=	24,960 c.f.	
WQv Required for Downstream SMP	=	0 c.f.	(= RRv Required - RRv Provided)
Is RRv Provided greater than or equal to RRv Minimum?		Yes	

## **RRv Calculation Worksheet - Design Point 4 (4.1S)** Project: DPD



Project #: 22242.10	0		ENGINEERING, LANDSCAPE ARCH	SURVEYING &
Date: 5/12/2023		7 7 7	LANDSCAFE ANCH	TIECTORE, F.C.
1. RRv Initial = Wate	r Quality Volume (WQv)	0.082 ac-ft	=	3,572 c.f.
(refer to HydroCAD S	Subcatchments 1.1S for Water Quality Volume)			
2. RRv Minimum =	[ (P) (Rv) (S) (Aic)] /12 where			
	P = Rainfall (in.)		=	1.40 in.
	Rv = 0.05 + 0.009 (100%)		=	0.95
	S = Hydrologic Soil Group Specific Reduction Fac	tor	=	0.30
	[HSG A = 0.55] [HSG B = 0.40] [HSG C = 0.30]			
	Aic = Total area of new impervious cover		=	0.2 Acres
	RRv Minimum		=	290 c.f.
3. RRv Required = F	Rv Initial - Green Infrastructure Practice (GIP) with	Area Reduction		
GIP with a	Area Reduction Applied in Project			
5.3.1 Con	servation of Natural Area		N	/A
5.3.2 She	et Flow to Riparian Buffers or Filter Strips		N	/A
5.3.4 Tree	e Planting / Tree Box			c.f.
5.3.5 Disc	connection of Rooftop Runoff			-
5.3.6 Stre	am Daylighting		N	/A

	WQv	% of WQv	RRv
GIP with Volume Reduction Applied in Project		Applied to RRv	Providea
	(c.f.)	Provided	(C.f.)
5.3.3 Vegetated Open Swales		20%	0
[HSG A / B = 20%] [HSG C / D = 10%] {Modified HSG C - D = 15% - 12%]		10%	0
5.3.7 Rain Garden		40%	0
[No underdrains / Good Soils = 100%] [With underdrains / Poor Soils = 40%]			
5.3.8 Green Roof		100%	0
[RRv provided equals volume provided in Green Roof]			
5.3.9 Stormwater Planters		45%	0
[Infiltration Planters = 100%] [Flow Through HSG C = 45%] [Flow Though HSG D = 30%]			
5.3.10 Rain Tank / Cisterns		100%	0
5.3.11 Porous Pavement		100%	0
Infiltration Practice (Standard SMP)		100%	0
Bioretention Practice (Standard SMP)	3,572	40%	1,429
[Without Underdrains HSG A/B = 80%] [With Underdrain HSG C\D = 40%]			
Dry Swale (Open Channel Practice) (Standard SMP)		20%	0
[HSG A/B = 40%] [HSG C/D = 20%]			
RRv Provided =			1,429

5. Summary			
RRv Initial	=	3,572 c.f.	
RRv Required	=	3,572 c.f.	
RRv Minimum	=	290 c.f.	
RRv Provided	=	1,429 c.f.	
WQv Required for Downstream SMP	=	2,143 c.f.	(= RRv Required - RRv Provided)
Is RRv Provided greater than or equal to RRv Minimum?		Yes	

## **RRv Calculation Worksheet - Design Point 5 (5.1S)**



Project: DPD			<u> </u>
Project #: 22242.10	0	ENGINEERING, LANDSCAPE ARC	SURVEYING &
Date: 5/12/2023	3	2///2007/1/2////0	
	r Quality Volume (WQv) 1.021 ac-ft	=	44,475 c.f.
(refer to HydroCAD S	Subcatchments 1.1S for Water Quality Volume)		
2. RRv Minimum =	[ (P) (Rv) (S) (Aic)] /12 where		
	P = Rainfall (in.)	=	1.40 in.
	Rv = 0.05 + 0.009 (100%)	=	0.95
	S = Hydrologic Soil Group Specific Reduction Factor	=	0.30
	[HSG A = 0.55] [HSG B = 0.40] [HSG C = 0.30] [HSG D = 0.20]		
	Aic = Total area of new impervious cover	=	4.3 Acres
	RRv Minimum	=	6,228 c.f.
	Rv Initial - Green Infrastructure Practice (GIP) with Area Reduction		
	Area Reduction Applied in Project		
	nservation of Natural Area		N/A
	et Flow to Riparian Buffers or Filter Strips	ſ	N/A
	e Planting / Tree Box		c.f.
	connection of Rooftop Runoff		-
5.3.6 Stre	eam Daylighting	١	N/A
RRv Req	uired(=WQv-RRV by area)(Refer to HydroCAD output in this Append	dix) =	44,475 c.f.

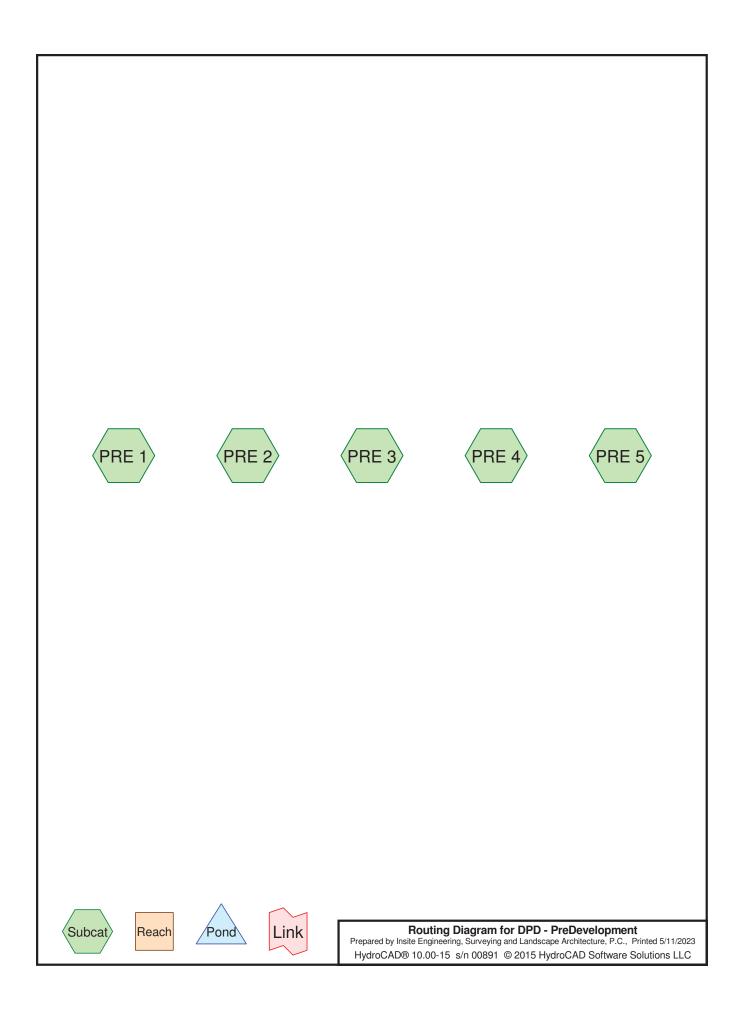
GIP with Volume Reduction Applied in Project	WQv Treated (c.f.)	% of WQv Applied to <i>RRv</i> <i>Provided</i>	RRv Provideo (c.f.)
5.3.3 Vegetated Open Swales		20%	0
[HSG A / B = 20%] [HSG C / D = 10%] {Modified HSG C - D = 15% - 12%]		10%	0
5.3.7 Rain Garden		40%	0
[No underdrains / Good Soils = 100%] [With underdrains / Poor Soils = 40%]			
5.3.8 Green Roof		100%	0
[RRv provided equals volume provided in Green Roof]			
5.3.9 Stormwater Planters		45%	0
[Infiltration Planters = 100%] [Flow Through HSG C = 45%] [Flow Though HSG D = 30%]			
5.3.10 Rain Tank / Cisterns		100%	0
5.3.11 Porous Pavement		100%	0
Infiltration Practice (Standard SMP)	44475	100%	44,475
Bioretention Practice (Standard SMP)		40%	0
[Without Underdrains HSG A/B = 80%] [With Underdrain HSG C\D = 40%]			
Dry Swale (Open Channel Practice) (Standard SMP)		20%	0
[HSG A/B = 40%] [HSG C/D = 20%]			
RRv Provided =			44,475

5. Summary

 RRv Initial	=	44,475 c.f.	
RRv Required	=	44,475 c.f.	
RRv Minimum	=	6,228 c.f.	
RRv Provided	=	44,475 c.f.	
WQv Required for Downstream SMP	=	0 c.f.	(= RRv Required - RRv Provided)
Is RRv Provided greater than or equal to RRv Minimum?		Yes	

# **APPENDIX B**

Pre Development Computer Data



NY - DPD 24-hr S1 1-yr Rainfall=2.71"

Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C.Printed 5/11/2023HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLCPage 2

# Summary for Subcatchment PRE 1:

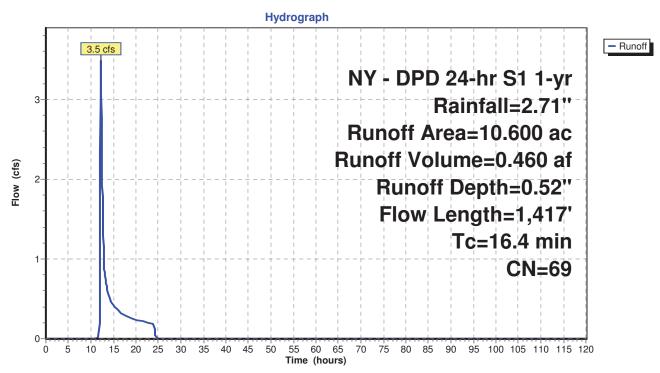
Runoff = 3.5 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 0.460 af, Depth= 0.52"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 1-yr Rainfall=2.71"

Area	(ac) C	N Des	cription					
0.	0.100 98 Paved parking, HSG C							
0.500 96 Gravel surface, HSG C								
0.700 74 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C								
				grazed, HS	GC			
			ods, Good,					
0.500 72 Woods/grass comb., Good, HSG C								
2.200 55 Woods, Good, HSG B								
0.	400 6	61 >75°	% Grass co	over, Good	, HSG B			
			ghted Aver					
	500		6% Pervio					
0.	100	0.94	% Impervi	ous Area				
_				<b>a</b> 1.				
ŢĊ	Length	Slope	Velocity		Description			
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
10.9	100	0.0150	0.15		Sheet Flow,			
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.27"			
1.1	225	0.0500	3.35		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
			4		Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps			
1.6	162	0.1100	1.66		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
0.5	~~~		0.74		Woodland $Kv = 5.0 \text{ fps}$			
0.5	90	0.3000	2.74		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
0.0	0.40	0 0000	0.40	00.00	Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
2.3	840	0.0300	6.10	36.62	Channel Flow,			
					Area= 6.0 sf Perim= 10.0' r= 0.60'			
					n= 0.030 Earth, grassed & winding			
16.4	1,417	Total						

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 1-yr Rainfall=2.71" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. Printed 5/11/2023 HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 3

Subcatchment PRE 1:



NY - DPD 24-hr S1 1-yr Rainfall=2.71"

Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C.Printed 5/11/2023HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLCPage 4

# Summary for Subcatchment PRE 2:

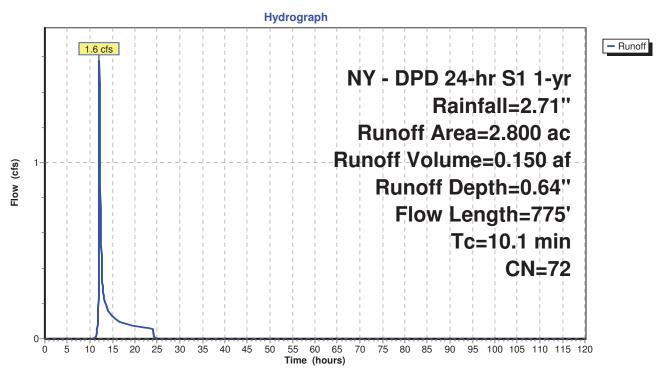
Runoff = 1.6 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 0.150 af, Depth= 0.64"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 1-yr Rainfall=2.71"

Area (a	ac) C	N Desc	cription		
0.6	900	6 Grav	el surface	, HSG C	
0.1	00 7	′4 >75°	% Grass co	over, Good	, HSG C
1.3	800 7	'0 Woo	ds, Good,	HSG C	
0.7	'00     5	5 Woo	ds, Good,	HSG B	
0.1	00 6	51 >75°	% Grass co	over, Good	, HSG B
2.8	800 7	2 Wei	ghted Aver	age	
2.8	800	100.	00% Pervi	ous Area	
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity		Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
6.9	60	0.1200	0.15		Sheet Flow,
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.27"
0.4	40	0.0600	1.80		Sheet Flow,
					Smooth surfaces $n = 0.011$ P2= 3.27"
0.7	215	0.0600	4.97		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
. –					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
1.5	180	0.1500	1.94		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
0.0	000	0.0400	7.00	00.04	Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
0.6	280	0.0400	7.33	29.34	,
					Area= 4.0 sf Perim= 10.0' r= 0.40'
					n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight
10.1	775	Total			

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 1-yr Rainfall=2.71" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. Printed 5/11/2023 HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 5

Subcatchment PRE 2:



NY - DPD 24-hr S1 1-yr Rainfall=2.71" Printed 5/11/2023

Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 6

# Summary for Subcatchment PRE 3:

Runoff 5.5 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= 0.634 af, Depth= 0.93" =

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 1-yr Rainfall=2.71"

_	Area	(ac) C	N Desc	cription		
	1.	600 9	8 Pave	ed parking	, HSG C	
	0.	700 9	6 Grav	el surface	, HSG C	
	1.	700 7			over, Good	, HSG C
	3.			ds, Good,		
_	0.	<u>500 5</u>	5 Woo	ds, Good,	HSG B	
	8.	200 7		ghted Aver		
		600		9% Pervio		
	1.	600	19.5	1% Imperv	ious Area/	
	_				<b>a</b> 11	
	Tc	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	12.8	100	0.0100	0.13		Sheet Flow,
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.27"
	2.0	250	0.0200	2.12		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
		70	0 0700	4 00		Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
	0.9	70	0.0700	1.32		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
	1 0	400	0.0750			Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	1.3	430	0.0750	5.56		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
	1.3	130	0.1100	1.66		Paved Kv= 20.3 fps Shallow Concentrated Flow,
	1.5	130	0.1100	1.00		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	0.5	220	0.2000	6.71		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
	0.0	220	0.2000	0.71		Grassed Waterway $Kv = 15.0$ fps
	0.5	110	0.0500	3.35		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
	0.0		0.0000	0.00		Grassed Waterway $Kv = 15.0$ fps
	0.1	40	0.0100	7.20	28.80	Pipe Channel,
						24.0" x 24.0" Box Area= 4.0 sf Perim= 8.0' r= 0.50'
						n= 0.013 Concrete pipe, bends & connections
	0.3	140	0.2000	6.71		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
	_	-	-			Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
-	19.7	1 / 90	Total			

19.7 1,490 Total

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 1-yr Rainfall=2.71" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. Printed 5/11/2023 HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 7

Hydrograph 6 - Runoff 5.5 cfs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 1-yr 5-Rainfall=2.71" Runoff Area=8.200 ac 4 Runoff Volume=0.634 af Flow (cfs) Runoff Depth=0.93" 3 Flow Length=1,490' 2-Tc=19.7 min **CN=78** 1 0-5 45 50 70 75 80 85 90 95 100 105 110 115 120 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 55 60 65 Ó

Time (hours)

### Subcatchment PRE 3:

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 1-yr Rainfall=2.71" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. Printed 5/11/2023 HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 8

# Summary for Subcatchment PRE 4:

Runoff 7.2 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 0.614 af, Depth= 1.42" =

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 1-yr Rainfall=2.71"

Area	(ac) C	N Des	cription						
2.	000 9	98 Pave	ed parking	, HSG C					
0.	700 9	96 Grav	vel surface	, HSG C					
0.	800 7			over, Good					
			>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D						
			ods, Good,						
1.	200 7	72 Woo	ods/grass c	comb., Goo	d, HSG C				
			ghted Aver						
	200		4% Pervio						
2.	000	38.4	6% Imperv	vious Area					
Тс	Longth	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
(min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description				
7.4	100	0.1000	0.22	(010)	Sheet Flow,				
7.4	100	0.1000	0.22		Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.27"				
1.8	260	0.1200	2.42		Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
		0			Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps				
0.5	190	0.1000	6.42		Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps				
1.3	270	0.0500	3.35		Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
					Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps				
1.0	180	0.0200	2.87		Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps				
12.0	1,000	Total							

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 1-yr Rainfall=2.71" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. Printed 5/11/2023 HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 9

Hydrograph 8-- Runoff 7.2 cfs 7-NY - DPD 24-hr S1 1-yr Rainfall=2.71" 6-Runoff Area=5.200 ac 5 Runoff Volume=0.614 af Flow (cfs) **Runoff Depth=1.42**" 4 Flow Length=1,000' 3-Tc=12.0 min 2 **CN=86** 1 0-5 15 20 25 40 45 50 70 75 80 85 90 95 100 105 110 115 120 10 30 35 55 60 65 Ó Time (hours)

### Subcatchment PRE 4:

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 1-yr Rainfall=2.71" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. Printed 5/11/2023 HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 10

# Summary for Subcatchment PRE 5:

Runoff 17.7 cfs @ 12.70 hrs, Volume= 3.413 af, Depth= 0.88" =

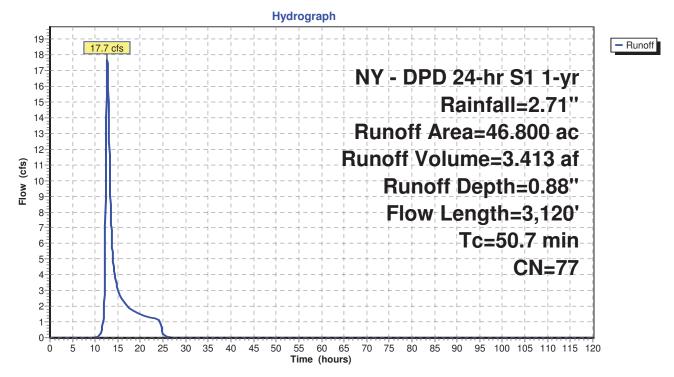
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 1-yr Rainfall=2.71"

_	Area	(ac) C	N Des	cription		
	6.	000 9	8 Pave	ed parking	, HSG C	
0.400 96 Gravel surface, HSG C						
				er Surface	,	
					over, Good	
					grazed, HS	GC
				ods, Good,		
					comb., Goo	d, HSG C
				ds, Good,		
-					over, Good	, HSG D
				ghted Aver		
		200 600		6% Pervio		
	7.	600	10.2	4% imperv	vious Area	
	Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	Decemption
-	18.6	100	0.0100	0.09	()	Sheet Flow,
	1010		010100	0.00		Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.27"
	4.3	770	0.0400	3.00		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
	1.8	110	0.0400	1.00		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	23.1	980	0.0200	0.71		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland $Kv = 5.0 \text{ fps}$
	0.5	430		13.90		Lake or Reservoir,
	0.4	700	0.0000	4.00	00.00	Mean Depth= 6.00'
	2.4	730	0.0200	4.98	29.90	Channel Flow,
						Area= 6.0 sf Perim= 10.0' r= 0.60'
-	<b>FO 7</b>	0.100	Tatal			n= 0.030 Earth, grassed & winding
	50 7	3 120	Total			

50.7 3,120 I otal

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 1-yr Rainfall=2.71" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. Printed 5/11/2023 HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 11

Subcatchment PRE 5:



NY - DPD 24-hr S1 10-yr Rainfall=4.86" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. Printed 5/11/2023 HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 12

# Summary for Subcatchment PRE 1:

Runoff 15.2 cfs @ 12.19 hrs, Volume= 1.640 af, Depth= 1.86" =

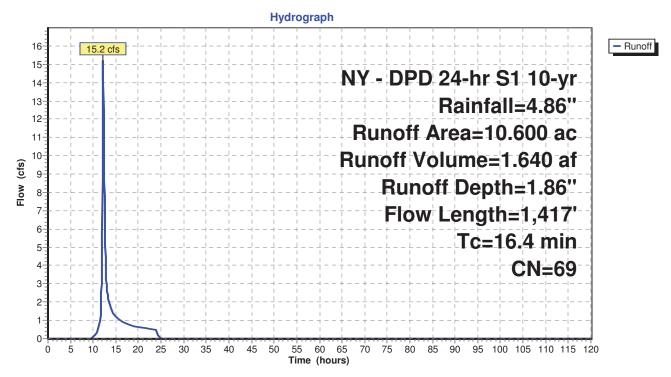
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 10-yr Rainfall=4.86"

	Area	(ac) C	N Des	cription			
0.100 98 Paved parking, HSG C							
				el surface			
	, HSG C						
0.700 74 >75% Grass cover, Good, H 1.200 71 Meadow, non-grazed, HSG						GC	
				ods, Good,			
					comb., Goo	d, HSG C	
				ods, Good,			
					over, Good	, HSG B	
				ghted Aver	0		
		500		6% Pervio			
	0.	100	0.94	% Impervi	ous Area		
	т.	ما الديم م	0	Mala altri	Oracaita	Description	
	Tc (min)	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description	
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)		
	10.9	100	0.0150	0.15		Sheet Flow,	
		005	0.0500	0.05		Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.27"	
	1.1	225	0.0500	3.35		Shallow Concentrated Flow,	
	1.6	162	0.1100	1.66		Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps Shallow Concentrated Flow,	
	1.0	102	0.1100	1.00		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps	
	0.5	90	0.3000	2.74		Shallow Concentrated Flow,	
	0.5	50	0.0000	2.14		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps	
	2.3	840	0.0300	6.10	36.62	•	
	2.0	040	0.0000	0.10	00.02	Area= 6.0 sf Perim= 10.0' r= 0.60'	
						n= 0.030 Earth, grassed & winding	
	16.4	1 417	Total				

16.4 1,417 Total

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 10-yr Rainfall=4.86" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. Printed 5/11/2023 HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 13

Subcatchment PRE 1:



NY - DPD 24-hr S1 10-yr Rainfall=4.86" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. Printed 5/11/2023 HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 14

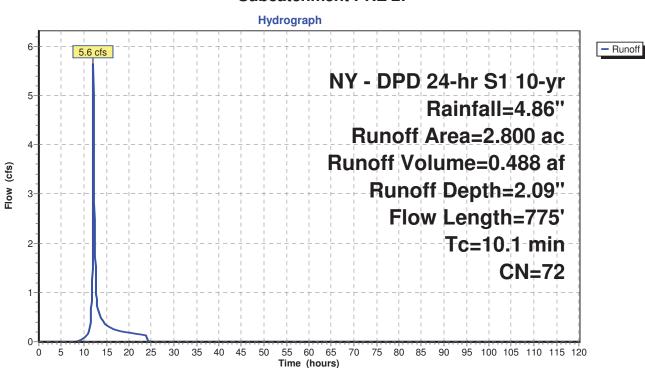
# Summary for Subcatchment PRE 2:

Runoff 5.6 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 0.488 af, Depth= 2.09" =

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 10-yr Rainfall=4.86"

Area (a	ac) C	N Desc	cription		
0.6	900	6 Grav	el surface	, HSG C	
0.1	00 7	′4 >75°	% Grass co	over, Good	, HSG C
1.3	800 7	'0 Woo	ds, Good,	HSG C	
0.7	'00     5	5 Woo	ds, Good,	HSG B	
0.1	00 6	51 >75°	% Grass co	over, Good	, HSG B
2.8	800 7	2 Wei	ghted Aver	age	
2.8	800	100.	00% Pervi	ous Area	
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity		Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
6.9	60	0.1200	0.15		Sheet Flow,
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.27"
0.4	40	0.0600	1.80		Sheet Flow,
					Smooth surfaces $n = 0.011$ P2= 3.27"
0.7	215	0.0600	4.97		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
. –					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
1.5	180	0.1500	1.94		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
0.0	000	0.0400	7.00	00.04	Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
0.6	280	0.0400	7.33	29.34	,
					Area= 4.0 sf Perim= 10.0' r= 0.40'
					n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight
10.1	775	Total			

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 10-yr Rainfall=4.86" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. Printed 5/11/2023 HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 15



Subcatchment PRE 2:

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 10-yr Rainfall=4.86" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. Printed 5/11/2023 HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 16

## **Summary for Subcatchment PRE 3:**

Runoff 15.7 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 1.772 af, Depth= 2.59" =

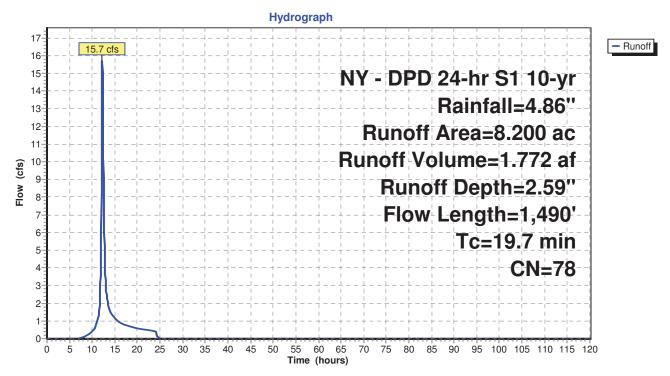
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 10-yr Rainfall=4.86"

_	Area	(ac) C	N Desc	cription		
				ed parking		
	0.	700 9	6 Grav	el surface	, HSG C	
	1.	700 7	′4 >75°	% Grass co	over, Good	, HSG C
	3.	700 7	'0 Woo	ds, Good,	HSG C	
_	0.	<u>500 5</u>	5 Woo	ds, Good,	HSG B	
				ghted Aver		
		600		9% Pervio		
	1.	600	19.5	1% Imperv	ious Area/	
	_		~		<b>a</b> 1.	
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity		Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	12.8	100	0.0100	0.13		Sheet Flow,
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.27"
	2.0	250	0.0200	2.12		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
	0.0	70	0.0700	4 00		Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
	0.9	70	0.0700	1.32		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
	1.0	400	0.0750	E EC		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	1.3	430	0.0750	5.56		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
	1.3	130	0.1100	1.66		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
	1.5	150	0.1100	1.00		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	0.5	220	0.2000	6.71		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
	0.0	220	0.2000	0.71		Grassed Waterway $Kv = 15.0$ fps
	0.5	110	0.0500	3.35		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
	0.0		0.0000	0.00		Grassed Waterway $Kv = 15.0$ fps
	0.1	40	0.0100	7.20	28.80	Pipe Channel,
						24.0" x 24.0" Box Area= 4.0 sf Perim= 8.0' r= 0.50'
						n= 0.013 Concrete pipe, bends & connections
	0.3	140	0.2000	6.71		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
	-	-	-			Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
-	197	1 490	Total			

19.7 1,490 Total

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 10-yr Rainfall=4.86" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. Printed 5/11/2023 HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 17

Subcatchment PRE 3:



NY - DPD 24-hr S1 10-yr Rainfall=4.86" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. Printed 5/11/2023 HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 18

# Summary for Subcatchment PRE 4:

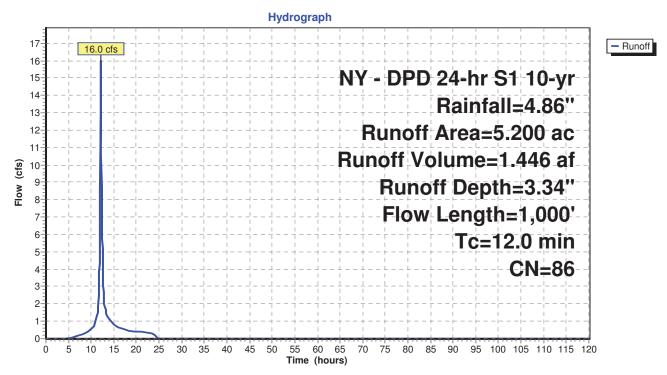
Runoff 16.0 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 1.446 af, Depth= 3.34" =

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 10-yr Rainfall=4.86"

Area	(ac) C	N Des	cription					
2.	2.000 98 Paved parking, HSG C							
0.	700 9	96 Grav	vel surface	, HSG C				
0.	800 7	74 >75	% Grass co	over, Good	, HSG C			
				over, Good	, HSG D			
			ods, Good,					
1.	200 7	72 Woo	ods/grass c	omb., Goo	d, HSG C			
		36 Wei	ghted Aver	age				
	200		4% Pervio					
2.	000	38.4	6% Imperv	vious Area				
-			V I 'I	0				
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description			
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
7.4	100	0.1000	0.22		Sheet Flow,			
4.0	000	0.4000	0.40		Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.27"			
1.8	260	0.1200	2.42		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
0.5	100	0 1000	C 40		Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps			
0.5	190	0.1000	6.42		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
1.3	270	0.0500	3.35		Paved Kv= 20.3 fps Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
1.0	210	0.0500	5.55		Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps			
1.0	180	0.0200	2.87		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
1.0	100	0.0200	2.07		Paved $Kv = 20.3$ fps			
12.0	1,000	Total						
12.0	1,000	rotai						

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 10-yr Rainfall=4.86" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. Printed 5/11/2023 HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 19

Subcatchment PRE 4:



NY - DPD 24-hr S1 10-yr Rainfall=4.86" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. Printed 5/11/2023 HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 20

# Summary for Subcatchment PRE 5:

Runoff 53.6 cfs @ 12.67 hrs, Volume= 9.775 af, Depth= 2.51" =

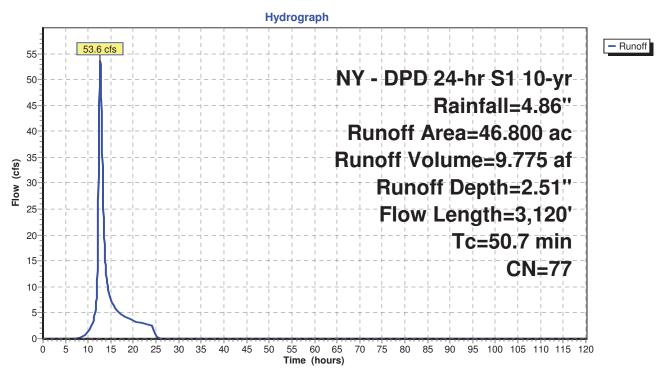
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 10-yr Rainfall=4.86"

_	Area	(ac) C	N Dese	cription		
	6.	000 9	8 Pave	ed parking	, HSG C	
0.400 96 Gravel surface, HSG C						
				er Surface		
					over, Good	
					grazed, HS	GC
				ds, Good,		
					comb., Goo	d, HSG C
				ds, Good,		
_					over, Good	, HSG D
				ghted Ave		
		200		6% Pervio		
	1.	600	10.2	4% imperv	vious Area	
	Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	Decemption
-	18.6	100	0.0100	0.09	(0.0)	Sheet Flow,
	10.0	100	0.0100	0.00		Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.27"
	4.3	770	0.0400	3.00		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
	1.8	110	0.0400	1.00		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	23.1	980	0.0200	0.71		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	0.5	430		13.90		Lake or Reservoir,
	<b>.</b> .			4.65		Mean Depth= 6.00'
	2.4	730	0.0200	4.98	29.90	Channel Flow,
						Area= $6.0 \text{ sf Perim} = 10.0' \text{ r} = 0.60'$
-		<u> </u>	<b>-</b>			n= 0.030 Earth, grassed & winding
	50 7	3 120	Total			

50.7 3,120 Total

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 10-yr Rainfall=4.86" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. Printed 5/11/2023 HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 21

Subcatchment PRE 5:



NY - DPD 24-hr S1 100-yr Rainfall=8.63" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. Printed 5/11/2023 HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 22

# Summary for Subcatchment PRE 1:

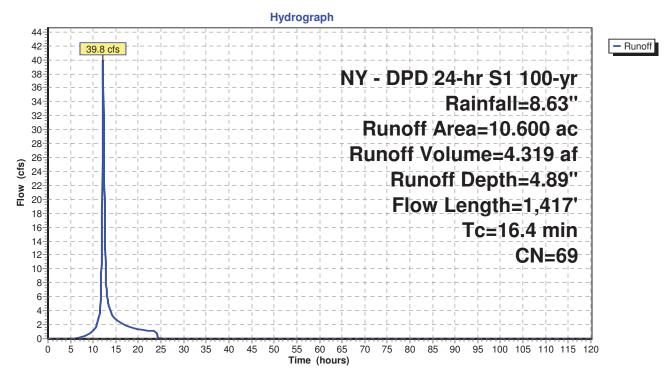
Runoff 39.8 cfs @ 12.18 hrs, Volume= 4.319 af, Depth= 4.89" =

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 100-yr Rainfall=8.63"

Area	(ac) C	N Dese	cription					
0.	0.100 98 Paved parking, HSG C							
0.500 96 Gravel surface, HSG C								
0.700 74 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C								
1.200 71 Meadow, non-grazed, HSG C								
5.000 70 Woods, Good, HSG C								
0.500 72 Woods/grass comb., Good, HSG C								
			ds, Good,					
-				over, Good	, HSG B			
			ghted Aver					
	500		6% Pervio					
0.	100	0.94	% Impervi	ous Area				
т.	1 11.	01		0	Description			
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity		Description			
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
10.9	100	0.0150	0.15		Sheet Flow,			
	005	0.0500	0.05		Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.27"			
1.1	225	0.0500	3.35		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
1.0	100	0 1 1 0 0	1 00		Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps			
1.6	162	0.1100	1.66		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
0.5	00	0.3000	2.74		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
0.5	90	0.3000	2.74		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
2.3	840	0.0300	6.10	36.62	Channel Flow,			
2.0	040	0.0300	0.10	30.02	Area= 6.0 sf Perim= 10.0' r= 0.60'			
					n = 0.030 Earth, grassed & winding			
16.4	1 / 17	Total			n= 0.000 Latti, grassed & winding			
16.4	1,417	Total						

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 100-yr Rainfall=8.63" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. Printed 5/11/2023 HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 23

Subcatchment PRE 1:



NY - DPD 24-hr S1 100-yr Rainfall=8.63" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. Printed 5/11/2023 HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 24

# **Summary for Subcatchment PRE 2:**

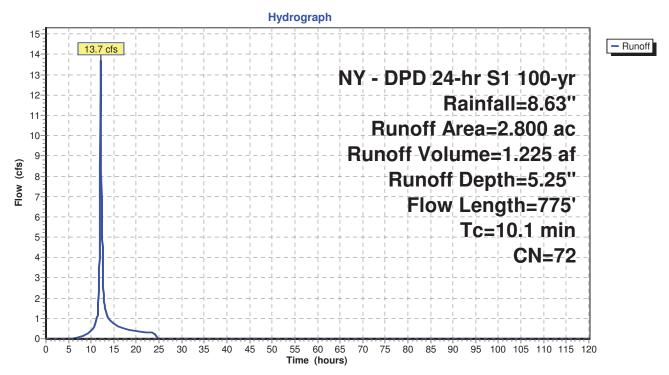
Runoff 13.7 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 1.225 af, Depth= 5.25" =

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 100-yr Rainfall=8.63"

Area (	(ac) C	N Dese	cription		
0.6	600 9	6 Grav	el surface	, HSG C	
0.1	100 7	′4 >75°	% Grass co	over, Good	, HSG C
1.0	300 7	'0 Woo	ds, Good,	HSG C	
0.7	700 5		ds, Good,		
0.1	100 6	51 >759	% Grass co	over, Good	, HSG B
		2 Wei	ghted Aver	age	
2.8	800	100.	00% Pervi	ous Area	
_				-	
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
6.9	60	0.1200	0.15		Sheet Flow,
	10		4.00		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.27"
0.4	40	0.0600	1.80		Sheet Flow,
0.7	015	0.0000	4.07		Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.27"
0.7	215	0.0600	4.97		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
1.5	180	0.1500	1.94		Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
1.5	100	0.1500	1.94		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
0.6	280	0.0400	7.33	29.34	Channel Flow,
0.0	200	0.0400	7.00	23.04	Area= 4.0 sf Perim= 10.0' r= 0.40'
					n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight
10.1	775	Total			
10.1	115	illai			

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 100-yr Rainfall=8.63" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. Printed 5/11/2023 HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 25

Subcatchment PRE 2:



NY - DPD 24-hr S1 100-yr Rainfall=8.63" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. Printed 5/11/2023 HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 26

## **Summary for Subcatchment PRE 3:**

Runoff 34.7 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 4.084 af, Depth= 5.98" =

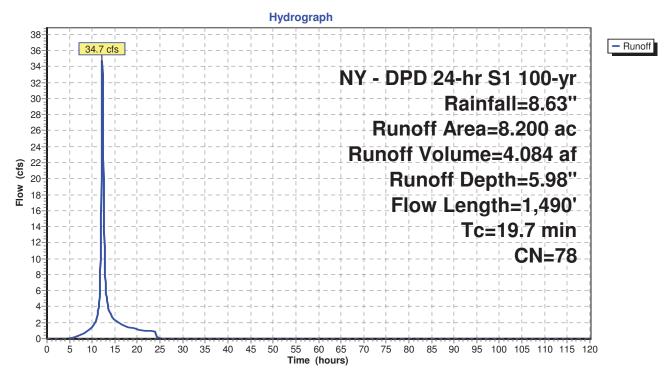
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 100-yr Rainfall=8.63"

_	Area	(ac) C	N Desc	cription					
	1.	600 9	8 Pave	ed parking	, HSG C				
	0.	700 9	6 Grav	el surface	, HSG C				
	1.	, HSG C							
3.700 70 Woods, Good, HSG C									
_	0.500 55 Woods, Good, HSG B								
8.200 78 Weighted Average									
6.600 80.49% Pervious Area									
	1.600 19.51% Impervious Area								
	_				<b>a</b> 1.				
	Tc	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description			
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
	12.8	100	0.0100	0.13		Sheet Flow,			
		0.50				Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.27"			
	2.0	250	0.0200	2.12		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
	0.0	70	0 0700	4 00		Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps			
	0.9	70	0.0700	1.32		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
	1.3	400	0.0750	E EC		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
	1.3	430	0.0750	5.56		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
	1.3	130	0.1100	1.66		Paved Kv= 20.3 fps Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
	1.5	150	0.1100	1.00		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
	0.5	220	0.2000	6.71		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
	0.0	220	0.2000	0.71		Grassed Waterway $Kv = 15.0$ fps			
	0.5	110	0.0500	3.35		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
	0.0		0.0000	0.00		Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps			
	0.1	40	0.0100	7.20	28.80	Pipe Channel,			
						24.0" x 24.0" Box Area= 4.0 sf Perim= 8.0' r= 0.50'			
						n= 0.013 Concrete pipe, bends & connections			
	0.3	140	0.2000	6.71		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
						Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps			
-	19.7	1 / 90	Total			*			

19.7 1,490 Total

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 100-yr Rainfall=8.63" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. Printed 5/11/2023 HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 27

Subcatchment PRE 3:



NY - DPD 24-hr S1 100-yr Rainfall=8.63" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. Printed 5/11/2023 HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 28

# Summary for Subcatchment PRE 4:

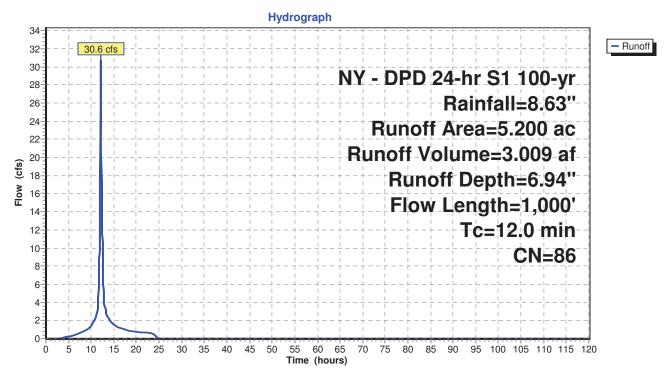
Runoff 30.6 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 3.009 af, Depth= 6.94" =

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 100-yr Rainfall=8.63"

Area	(ac) C	N Des	cription						
2.000 98 Paved parking, HSG C									
0.	700 9	96 Grav	Gravel surface, HSG C						
0.	800 7		>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C						
			>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D						
0.400 70 Woods, Good, HSG C									
1.200 72 Woods/grass comb., Good, HSG C									
	5.200 86 Weighted Average								
	3.200 61.54% Pervious Area								
2.	2.000 38.46% Impervious Area								
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	Description				
7.4	100	0.1000	0.22	(0.0)	Sheet Flow,				
			•		Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.27"				
1.8	260	0.1200	2.42		Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps				
0.5	190	0.1000	6.42		Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps				
1.3	270	0.0500	3.35		Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
					Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps				
1.0	180	0.0200	2.87		Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps				
12.0	1,000	Total							

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 100-yr Rainfall=8.63" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. Printed 5/11/2023 HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 29

Subcatchment PRE 4:



NY - DPD 24-hr S1 100-yr Rainfall=8.63" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. Printed 5/11/2023 HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 30

# Summary for Subcatchment PRE 5:

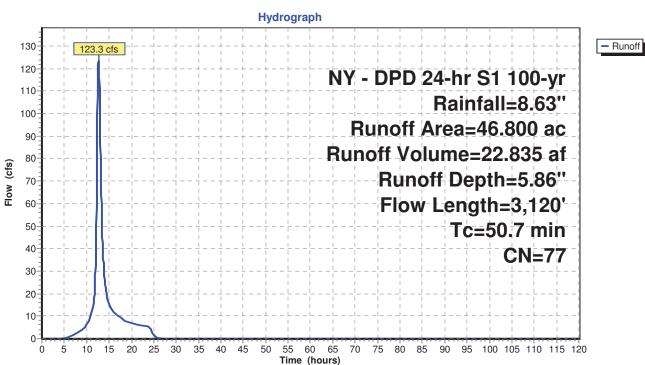
Runoff 123.3 cfs @ 12.65 hrs, Volume= 22.835 af, Depth= 5.86" =

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 100-yr Rainfall=8.63"

$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
10.000       71       Meadow, non-grazed, HSG C         9.100       70       Woods, Good, HSG C         1.000       72       Woods, Good, HSG C         8.800       77       Woods, Good, HSG D         0.700       80       >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D         46.800       77       Weighted Average         39.200       83.76% Pervious Area         7.600       16.24% Impervious Area         Tc       Length       Slope       Velocity       Capacity         (min)       (feet)       (ft/ft)       (ft/sec)       (cfs)         18.6       100       0.0100       0.09       Sheet Flow,         Grass: Dense       n= 0.240       P2= 3.27"         4.3       770       0.0400       3.00       Shallow Concentrated Flow,         Grassed Waterway       Kv= 15.0 fps         1.8       110       0.0400       1.00         Shallow Concentrated Flow,       Woodland       Kv= 5.0 fps         23.1       980       0.0200       0.71       Shallow Concentrated Flow,
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
1.000       72       Woods/grass comb., Good, HSG C         8.800       77       Woods, Good, HSG D         0.700       80       >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D         46.800       77       Weighted Average         39.200       83.76% Pervious Area         7.600       16.24% Impervious Area         Tc       Length       Slope       Velocity       Capacity         (min)       (feet)       (ft/ft)       (ft/sec)       (cfs)         18.6       100       0.0100       0.09       Sheet Flow,         Grass: Dense       n= 0.240       P2= 3.27"         4.3       770       0.0400       3.00       Shallow Concentrated Flow,         Grassed Waterway       Kv= 15.0 fps       Shallow Concentrated Flow,         23.1       980       0.0200       0.71       Shallow Concentrated Flow,         Woodland       Kv= 5.0 fps       Shallow Concentrated Flow,         Woodland       Kv= 5.0 fps       Shallow Concentrated Flow,
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
7.600 $16.24%$ Impervious AreaTcLengthSlopeVelocityCapacityDescription(min)(feet)(ft/ft)(ft/sec)(cfs)18.61000.01000.09Sheet Flow, Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.27"4.37700.04003.00Shallow Concentrated Flow, Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps1.81100.04001.00Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps23.19800.02000.71Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
(min)         (feet)         (ft/ft)         (ft/sec)         (cfs)           18.6         100         0.0100         0.09         Sheet Flow, Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.27"           4.3         770         0.0400         3.00         Shallow Concentrated Flow, Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps           1.8         110         0.0400         1.00         Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps           23.1         980         0.0200         0.71         Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
(min)         (feet)         (ft/ft)         (ft/sec)         (cfs)           18.6         100         0.0100         0.09         Sheet Flow, Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.27"           4.3         770         0.0400         3.00         Shallow Concentrated Flow, Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps           1.8         110         0.0400         1.00         Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps           23.1         980         0.0200         0.71         Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
18.6       100       0.0100       0.09       Sheet Flow, Grass: Dense       n= 0.240       P2= 3.27"         4.3       770       0.0400       3.00       Shallow Concentrated Flow, Grassed Waterway       Kv= 15.0 fps         1.8       110       0.0400       1.00       Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland       Kv= 5.0 fps         23.1       980       0.0200       0.71       Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland       Kv= 5.0 fps
4.3770 $0.0400$ $3.00$ Grass: Dense $n = 0.240$ $P2 = 3.27"$ 4.3770 $0.0400$ $3.00$ Shallow Concentrated Flow, Grassed Waterway $Kv = 15.0$ fps1.8110 $0.0400$ $1.00$ Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland $Kv = 5.0$ fps23.1980 $0.0200$ $0.71$ Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland $Kv = 5.0$ fps
1.81100.04001.00Grassed WaterwayKv= 15.0 fps23.19800.02000.71Shallow Concentrated Flow, WoodlandKv= 5.0 fps23.19800.02000.71Shallow Concentrated Flow, WoodlandKv= 5.0 fps
1.8       110       0.0400       1.00       Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland       Woodland       Kv= 5.0 fps         23.1       980       0.0200       0.71       Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland       Woodland       Kv= 5.0 fps
23.19800.02000.71WoodlandKv= 5.0 fpsShallow Concentrated Flow, WoodlandKv= 5.0 fps
23.1 980 0.0200 0.71 <b>Shallow Concentrated Flow,</b> Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
Mean Depth= 6.00'
2.4 730 0.0200 4.98 29.90 <b>Channel Flow,</b>
Area= 6.0 sf Perim= $10.0'$ r= $0.60'$
n= 0.030 Earth, grassed & winding

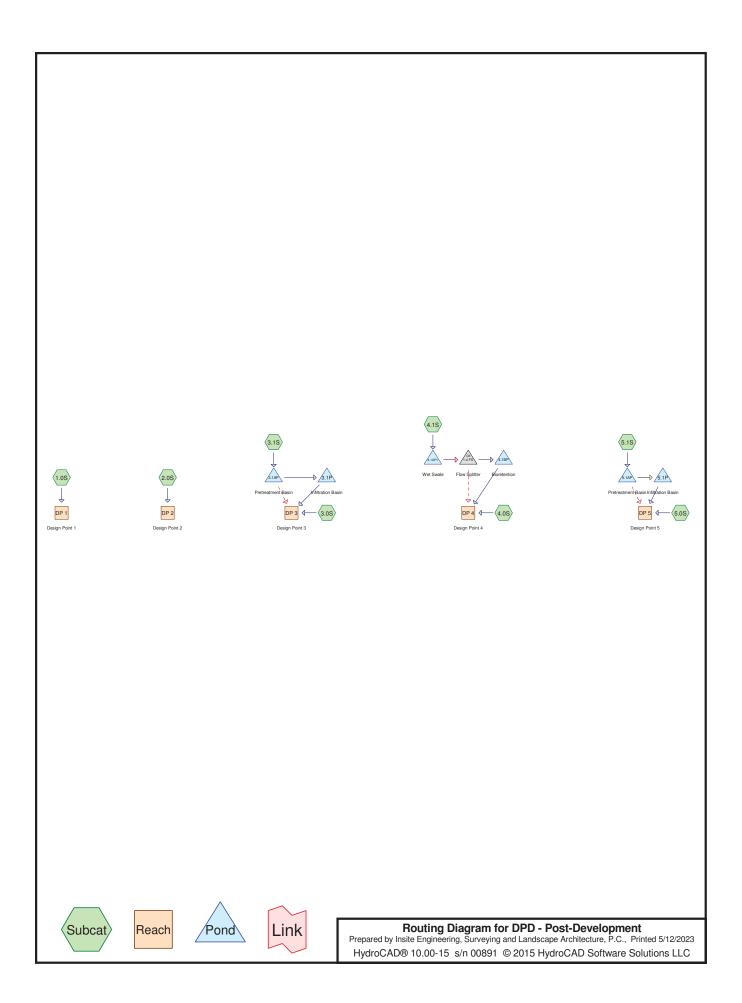
50.7 3,120 I otal

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 100-yr Rainfall=8.63" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. Printed 5/11/2023 HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 31



Subcatchment PRE 5:

### APPENDIX C Post Development Computer Data



### **DPD - Post-Development**

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 1-yr Rainfall=2.71"

Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C.Printed 5/12/2023HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLCPage 2

## Summary for Subcatchment 1.0S:

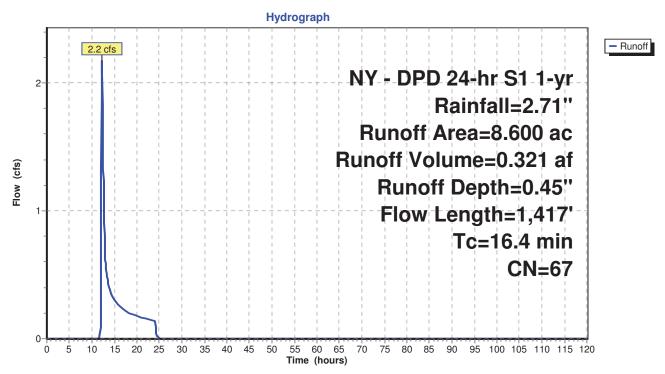
Runoff = 2.2 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 0.321 af, Depth= 0.45"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 1-yr Rainfall=2.71"

Area	(ac) C	N Des	cription					
0.	200	74 >75	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C					
1.	200	71 Mea	Meadow, non-grazed, HSG C					
4.	500	70 Woo	Woods, Good, HSG C					
0.	500	72 Woo	Woods/grass comb., Good, HSG C					
1.800 55 Woods, Good, HSG B								
0.400 61 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B								
8.600 67 Weighted Average								
8.	600							
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity		Description			
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
10.9	100	0.0150	0.15		Sheet Flow,			
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.27"			
1.1	225	0.0500	3.35		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
					Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps			
1.6	162	0.1100	1.66		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
0.5	90	0.3000	2.74		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
2.3	840	0.0300	6.10	36.62	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
					Area= 6.0 sf Perim= 10.0' r= 0.60'			
	=				n= 0.030 Earth, grassed & winding			
16.4	1,417	Total						

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 1-yr Rainfall=2.71" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. Printed 5/12/2023 HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 3

Subcatchment 1.0S:



NY - DPD 24-hr S1 1-yr Rainfall=2.71"

Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. Printed 5/12/2023 HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 4

# Summary for Subcatchment 2.0S:

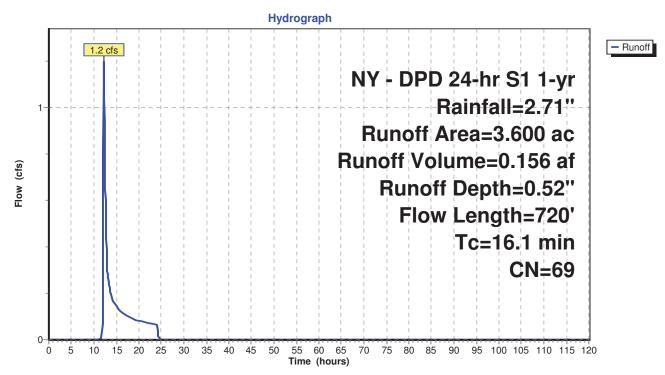
Runoff 1.2 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume= 0.156 af, Depth= 0.52" =

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 1-yr Rainfall=2.71"

Area	(ac) C	N Dese	cription		
1	400	70 Woo	ds, Good,	HSG C	
1.	500	74 >75	% Grass co	over, Good	, HSG C
0.	500	55 Woo	ds, Good,	HSG B	
0.	200	61 >759	% Grass co	over, Good	, HSG B
3.	600 (	69 Weig	ghted Aver	age	
3.	600	100.	00% Pervi	ous Area	
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
10.9	100	0.0150	0.15		Sheet Flow,
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.27"
2.6	220	0.0800	1.41		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
0.4	150	0.0250	5.80	23.19	Channel Flow,
					Area= 4.0 sf Perim= 10.0' r= 0.40'
					n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight
2.2	250	0.1500	1.94		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
16.1	720	Total			

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 1-yr Rainfall=2.71" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. Printed 5/12/2023 HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 5

Subcatchment 2.0S:



# Summary for Subcatchment 3.0S:

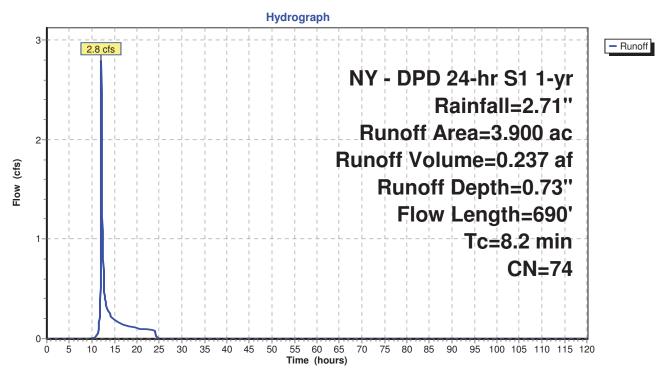
Runoff = 2.8 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.237 af, Depth= 0.73"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 1-yr Rainfall=2.71"

Area	(ac) C	N Dese	cription		
0.	500 9	98 Pave	ed parking	, HSG C	
1.	100 7	74 >75	% Grass co	over, Good	, HSG C
1.	900 7	70 Woo	ds, Good,	HSG C	
0.	200 5	55 Woo	ds, Good,	HSG B	
0.	100 6	51 >759	% Grass co	over, Good	, HSG B
0.	100 8	30 >75	% Grass co	over, Good	, HSG D
3.	900 7	74 Wei	ghted Aver	rade	
3.	400		8% Pervio		
0.	500	12.8	2% Imperv	ious Area	
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
3.2	80	0.2000	0.41		Sheet Flow,
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.27"
2.3	20	0.2000	0.14		Sheet Flow,
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.27"
0.9	100	0.1500	1.94		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
1.3	330	0.0250	4.25	17.01	Channel Flow,
					Area= 4.0 sf Perim= 10.0' r= 0.40'
					n= 0.030 Earth, grassed & winding
0.5	160	0.0100	4.91	3.86	Pipe Channel,
					12.0" Round Area= 0.8 sf Perim= 3.1' r= 0.25'
					n= 0.012
8.2	690	Total			

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 1-yr Rainfall=2.71" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. Printed 5/12/2023 HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 7

Subcatchment 3.0S:



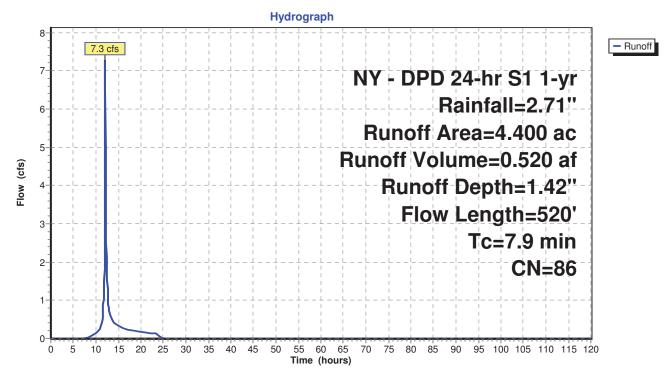
## Summary for Subcatchment 3.1S:

Runoff = 7.3 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume= 0.520 af, Depth= 1.42"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 1-yr Rainfall=2.71"

Area	(ac) C	N Desc	cription		
2.	200 9	8 Pave	ed parking	, HSG D	
2.	200 7	/4 >759	% Grass co	over, Good	, HSG C
4.	400 8	36 Weig	ghted Aver	age	
2.	200	50.0	0% Pervio	us Area	
2.	200	50.0	0% Imperv	ious Area	
				_	
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
5.6	100	0.0800	0.30		Sheet Flow,
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.27"
1.2	110	0.0100	1.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
1.1	310	0.0100	4.91	3.86	Pipe Channel,
					12.0" Round Area= 0.8 sf Perim= 3.1' r= 0.25'
					n= 0.012
7.9	520	Total			

#### Subcatchment 3.1S:



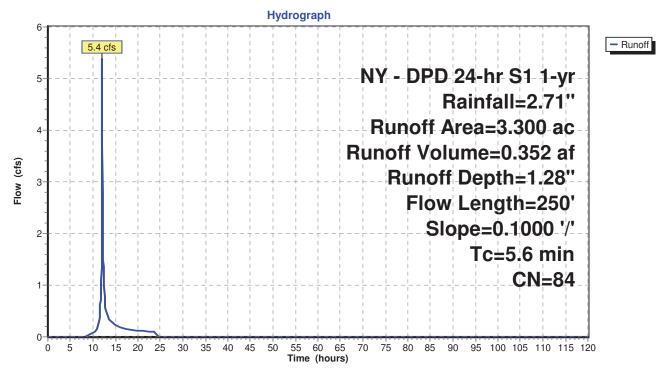
## Summary for Subcatchment 4.0S:

Runoff = 5.4 cfs @ 12.04 hrs, Volume= 0.352 af, Depth= 1.28"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 1-yr Rainfall=2.71"

	Area	(ac)	CN	Desc	ription				
	1	400	98	8 Paved parking, HSG C					
	1.	100	74	>75%	6 Grass co	over, Good	, HSG C		
	0.	300	80	>75%	6 Grass co	over, Good	, HSG D		
	0.	500	72	Woo	ds/grass c	comb., Goo	d, HSG C		
	3.	300	84	Weig	phted Aver	age			
	1.	900		57.58	8% Pervio	us Area			
	1.4	400		42.42	2% Imperv	vious Area			
	т.	1 1			Malazi	0			
	Tc	Length		Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description		
_	(min)	(feet		(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)			
	5.1	100	) 0.1	1000	0.33		Sheet Flow,		
							Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.27"		
	0.5	150	) 0.1	1000	4.74		Shallow Concentrated Flow,		
							Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps		
	5.6	250		otal					

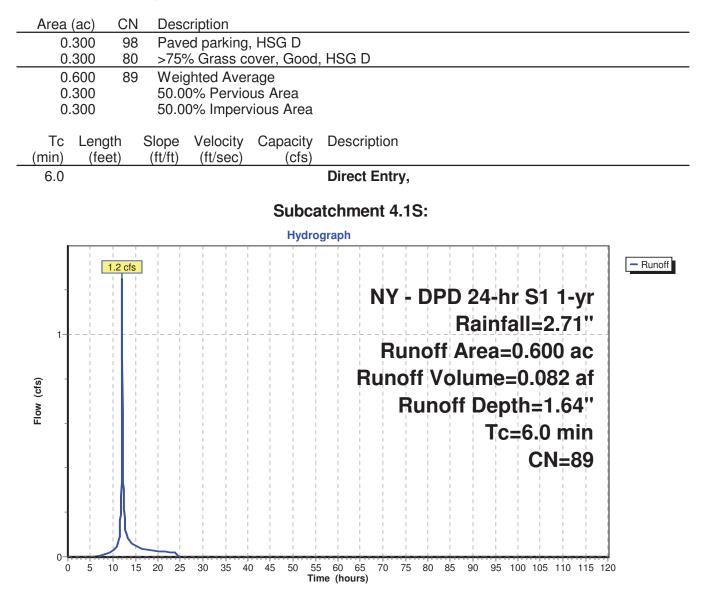
## Subcatchment 4.0S:



### Summary for Subcatchment 4.1S:

Runoff = 1.2 cfs @ 12.04 hrs, Volume= 0.082 af, Depth= 1.64"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 1-yr Rainfall=2.71"



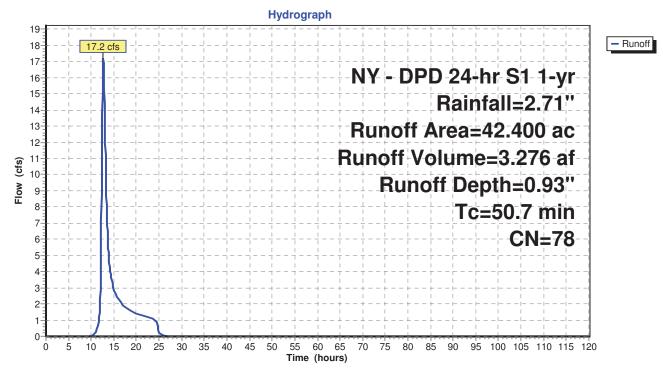
## Summary for Subcatchment 5.0S:

Runoff = 17.2 cfs @ 12.69 hrs, Volume= 3.276 af, Depth= 0.93"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 1-yr Rainfall=2.71"

Area	(ac)	CN	Desc	ription			
6.	.000	98	Pave	ed parking	, HSG C		
1.	.600	98	Wate	er Surface	, HSG D		
8.	.900	74	>75%	6 Grass co	over, Good	, HSG C	
7.	.300	71	Mea	dow, non-g	grazed, HS	GC	
8.	.700	70	Woo	ds, Good,	HSG C		
1.	.000	72	Woo	ds/grass o	comb., Goo	d, HSG C	
8.	.700	77	Woo	ds, Good,	HSG D		
0.	.200	80	>75%	6 Grass co	over, Good	, HSG D	
42.	.400	78	Weig	phted Aver	age		
34.	.800		82.0	8% Pervio	us Area		
7.	.600		17.9	2% Imperv	vious Area		
Тс	Long	+h	Slong	Volooity	Capacity	Description	
(min)	Leng (fee		Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description	
50.7			. /	, ,		Direct Entry,	

## Subcatchment 5.0S:



# Summary for Subcatchment 5.1S:

Runoff = 18.4 cfs @ 11.99 hrs, Volume= 1.021 af, Depth= 1.80"

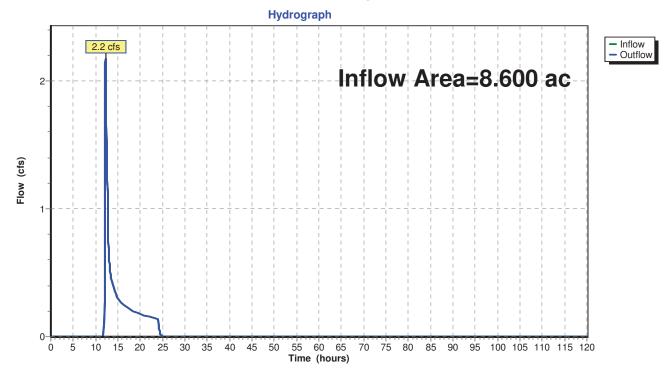
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 1-yr Rainfall=2.71"

Area			cription		
	.900 98 .900 74		ed parking % Grass c	, HSG D over, Good	L HSG C
6 1	.800 91 .900 .900	Wei 27.9	ghted Aver 4% Pervio	rage	
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
2.5					Direct Entry,
				Subca	atchment 5.1S:
					ograph
20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9	18.4 cfs				- Runoff Area=6.800 ac Runoff Volume=1.021 af
<b>M</b> 10	· ¦ ¦-   ¦	¦¦- ¦¦-			
8					Tc=2.5 min
7- 6- 5- 4-					<b>CN=91</b>
3					
1- 0-					

# Summary for Reach DP 1: Design Point 1

Inflow Area =	8.600 ac, 0	0.00% Impervious, Int	flow Depth = 0.45"	for 1-yr event
Inflow =	2.2 cfs @	12.23 hrs, Volume=	0.321 af	
Outflow =	2.2 cfs @	12.23 hrs, Volume=	0.321 af, At	ten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2

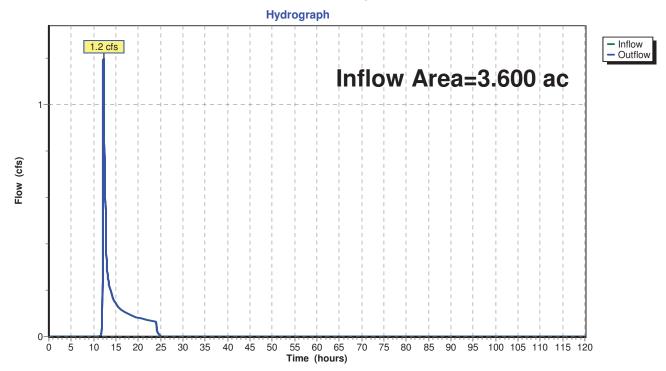


# Reach DP 1: Design Point 1

# Summary for Reach DP 2: Design Point 2

Inflow Area =	3.600 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.52" for 1-yr event	
Inflow =	1.2 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume= 0.156 af	
Outflow =	1.2 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume= 0.156 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 m	in

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2

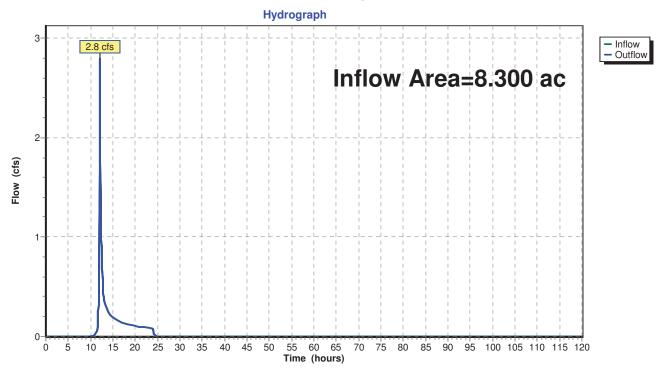


# Reach DP 2: Design Point 2

# Summary for Reach DP 3: Design Point 3

Inflow Area =	8.300 ac, 32.53% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.34" for	or 1-yr event
Inflow =	2.8 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.237 af	
Outflow =	2.8 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.237 af, Atten	n= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2

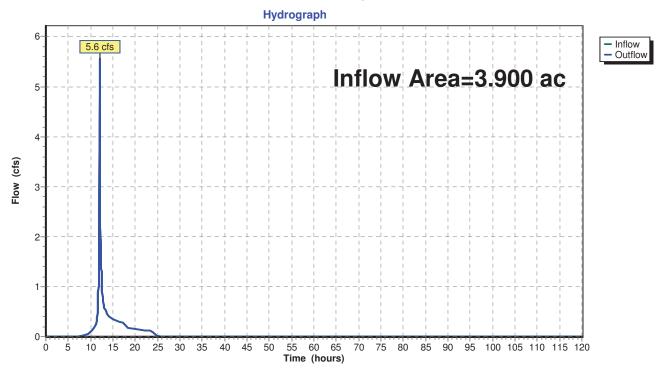


# Reach DP 3: Design Point 3

# Summary for Reach DP 4: Design Point 4

Inflow Area =	3.900 ac, 43.59% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.34" for 1-yr event
Inflow =	5.6 cfs @ 12.04 hrs, Volume= 0.436 af
Outflow =	5.6 cfs @ 12.04 hrs, Volume= 0.436 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2



# **Reach DP 4: Design Point 4**

# Summary for Reach DP 5: Design Point 5

Inflow Area	a =	49.200 ac, 25.41% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.80" for 1-yr event	
Inflow	=	17.2 cfs @ 12.69 hrs, Volume= 3.276 af	
Outflow	=	17.2 cfs @ 12.69 hrs, Volume= 3.276 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min	

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2

#### Hydrograph 19 - Inflow 18 17.2 cfs Outflow 17 Inflow Area=49.200 ac 16-15 14 13 12 11 (cfs) 10-Flow 9-8-7-6-5-4-3-2 1 0-5 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 65 70 75 80 85 90 95 100 105 110 115 120 Ó 10 55 60 Time (hours)

# **Reach DP 5: Design Point 5**

# Summary for Pond 1.4 FS: Flow Splitter

Inflow Area =	0.600 ac, 50.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.64" for 1-yr event
Inflow =	1.0 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume= 0.082 af
Outflow =	1.0 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume= 0.082 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min
Primary =	1.0 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume= 0.082 af
Secondary =	0.3 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 0.002 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 607.51' @ 12.17 hrs Flood Elev= 608.50'

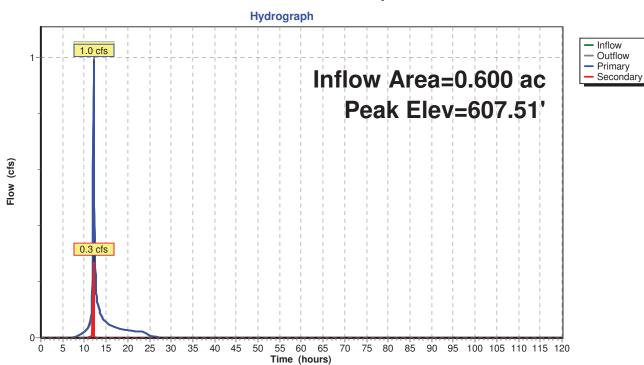
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	607.00'	12.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600
#2	Device 3	607.50'	4.0' long x 0.5' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir
			Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00
			Coef. (English) 2.80 2.92 3.08 3.30 3.32
#3	Secondary	604.50'	15.0" Round Culvert
			L= 20.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 604.50' / 604.00' S= 0.0250 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.120, Flow Area= 1.23 sf

Primary OutFlow Max=1.0 cfs @ 12.17 hrs HW=607.51' TW=606.11' (Dynamic Tailwater) **1=Orifice/Grate** (Orifice Controls 1.0 cfs @ 2.43 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 12.10 hrs HW=607.48' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) -3=Culvert (Passes 0.0 cfs of 2.3 cfs potential flow) -2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.0 cfs)

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 1-yr Rainfall=2.71" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Printed 5/12/2023

Page 19



Pond 1.4 FS: Flow Splitter

## Summary for Pond 3.1AP: Pretreatment Basin

Inflow Area =	4.400 ac, 50.00% Impervious, Inflow De	epth = 1.42" for 1-yr event
Inflow =	7.3 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume=	0.520 af
Outflow =	1.1 cfs @ 12.37 hrs, Volume=	0.520 af, Atten= 85%, Lag= 18.6 min
Primary =	1.1 cfs @ 12.37 hrs, Volume=	0.520 af
Secondary =	0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0.000 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 607.82' @ 12.66 hrs Surf.Area= 4,267 sf Storage= 6,531 cf

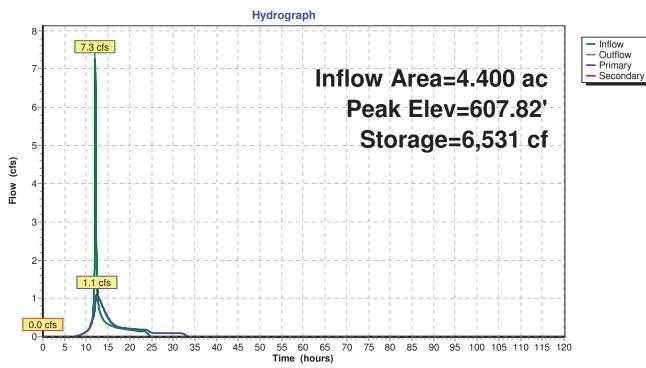
Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 156.8 min (1,007.3 - 850.4)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Stor	rage Storage Description				
#1	1 606.00' 24,35		50 cf Custom	Stage Data (Pri	smatic) Listed below (Recalc)		
	0			<b>a a</b>			
Elevatio		rf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store			
(fee	/	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)			
606.0	00	2,900	0	0			
608.0	00	4,400	7,300	7,300			
610.0	00	6,100	10,500	17,800			
611.0	00	7,000	6,550	24,350			
<b>_</b> .							
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Device	S			
#1	Device 3	608.00'			d-Crested Rectangular Weir		
			( )	.20 0.40 0.60 (			
		605.50'		ı) 2.80 2.92 3.0	08 3.30 3.32		
#2	#2 Primary		6.0" Round Culvert				
					neadwall, Ke= 0.500		
					605.00' S= 0.0125 '/' Cc= 0.900		
			,	w Area= 0.20 sf			
#3 Secondary		605.50'	24.0" Round Culvert				
					neadwall, Ke= 0.500		
					604.00' S= 0.0300 '/' Cc= 0.900		
			n= 0.012, Flo	w Area= 3.14 sf			
Primary OutFlow Max=1.1 cfs @ -2=Culvert (Outlet Controls 1.1					605.67' (Dynamic Tailwater)		

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=606.00' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) -3=Culvert (Passes 0.0 cfs of 1.5 cfs potential flow)

1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. Printed 5/12/2023 HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 21



# Pond 3.1AP: Pretreatment Basin

## Summary for Pond 3.1P: Infiltration Basin

Inflow Area =	4.400 ac, 50.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.42" for 1-yr event
Inflow =	1.1 cfs @ 12.37 hrs, Volume= 0.520 af
Outflow =	0.3 cfs @ 17.39 hrs, Volume= 0.520 af, Atten= 77%, Lag= 301.1 min
Discarded =	0.3 cfs @ 17.39 hrs, Volume= 0.520 af
Primary =	0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0.000 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 607.01' @ 17.39 hrs Surf.Area= 5,462 sf Storage= 8,734 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 402.6 min calculated for 0.519 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 402.5 min (1,409.8 - 1,007.3)

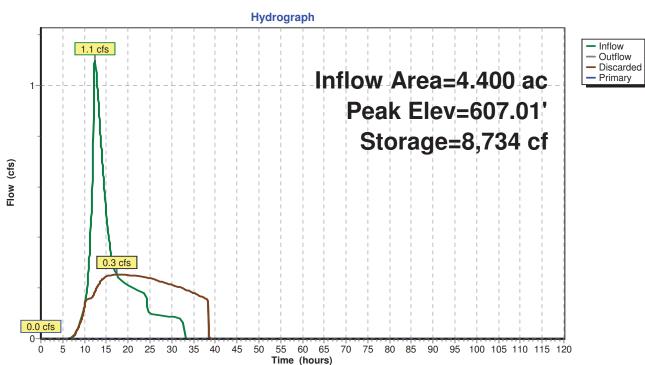
Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	age Storage Description			
#1	605.00' 34,80		00 cf Custom	n Stage Data (Pr	Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)	
<b>Flavet</b>			las Otava	Over Otava		
Elevatio		Irf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store		
(fee	et)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	-	
605.0	00	3,300	0	0	1	
606.0	00	4,300	3,800	3,800		
608.0	00	6,600	10,900	14,700	l de la construcción de la constru	
610.0	00	9,000	15,600	30,300	J	
610.5	50	9,000	4,500	34,800		
		,		,		
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Device	es		
#1	Device 2	609.10'	2.5' long x 0	.5' breadth Broa	oad-Crested Rectangular Weir X 2.00	
				0.20 0.40 0.60		
			( /	h) 2.80 2.92 3.		
#2	Primary	603.00'	15.0" Round	,		
=	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				headwall Ke= 0.500	
			L= 50.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 603.00' / 602.00' S= 0.0200 '/' Cc= 0.900			
				ow Area= 1.23 s		
#3	Discarded	605.00'				
#3	Discarded	005.00	<b>2.000 in/hr Exfiltration over Horizontal area</b> Phase-In= 0.01'			
<b>Discarded OutFlow</b> Max-0.3 ofs @ 17.39 brs. HW-607.01' (Free Discharge)						

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.3 cfs @ 17.39 hrs HW=607.01' (Free Discharge) **-3=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.3 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=605.00' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) 2=Culvert (Passes 0.0 cfs of 6.9 cfs potential flow) 1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.0 cfs)

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 1-yr Rainfall=2.71" Printed 5/12/2023

Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 23



Pond 3.1P: Infiltration Basin

# Summary for Pond 4.1AP1: Wet Swale

Inflow Area = Inflow = Outflow = Primary = Secondary =	1.2 cfs @ 1 1.0 cfs @ 1 0.2 cfs @ 1	.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth =       1.64" for 1-yr event         12.04 hrs, Volume=       0.082 af         12.17 hrs, Volume=       0.082 af, Atten= 21%, Lag= 7.7 min         12.27 hrs, Volume=       0.059 af         12.15 hrs, Volume=       0.023 af					
Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Starting Elev= 607.00' Surf.Area= 700 sf Storage= 275 cf Peak Elev= 607.61' @ 12.11 hrs Surf.Area= 1,065 sf Storage= 812 cf (537 cf above start)							
		nin calculated for 0.076 af (92% of inflow) nin ( 869.1 - 833.7 )					
Center-or-mass de	t. time= 55.4 m	iii ( 869.1 - 833.7 )					
Volume Inve	rt Avail.Sto	brage Storage Description					
#1 606.5	0' 1,27	75 cf Custom Stage Data (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)					
Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store Cum.Store (cubic-feet) (cubic-feet)					
606.50	400	0 0					
608.00	1,300	1,275 1,275					
Device Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices					
#1 Primary	607.00'						
#2 Seconda	ry 607.30'	5					
Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00							
Coef. (English) 2.80 2.92 3.08 3.30 3.32							
Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 12.27 hrs HW=607.41' TW=607.40' (Dynamic Tailwater)							

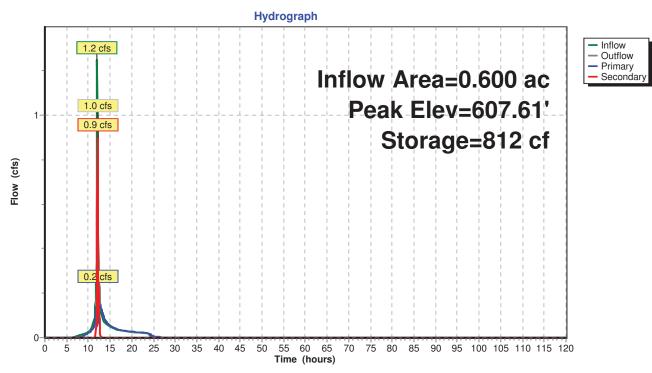
**1=Orifice/Grate** (Orifice Controls 0.0 cfs @ 0.49 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=1.1 cfs @ 12.15 hrs HW=607.58' TW=607.51' (Dynamic Tailwater) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 1.1 cfs @ 1.00 fps)

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 1-yr Rainfall=2.71" Printed 5/12/2023

Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 25





NY - DPD 24-hr S1 1-yr Rainfall=2.71" **DPD - Post-Development** Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Printed 5/12/2023 Page 26

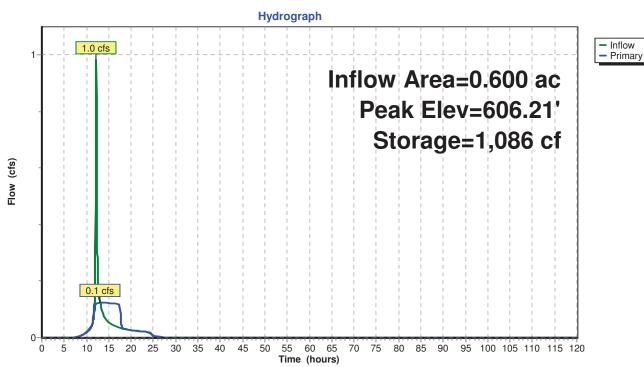
# Summary for Pond 4.1BP: Bioretention

Inflow Area =       0.600 ac, 50.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth =       1.64" for 1-yr event         Inflow =       1.0 cfs @       12.17 hrs, Volume=       0.082 af         Outflow =       0.1 cfs @       13.07 hrs, Volume=       0.082 af, Atten= 87%, Lag= 54.0 min         Primary =       0.1 cfs @       13.07 hrs, Volume=       0.082 af							
Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 606.21' @ 13.07 hrs Surf.Area= 5,329 sf Storage= 1,086 cf							
Plug-Flow detention time= 68.1 min calculated for 0.082 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 68.1 min ( 937.3 - 869.2 )							
Volume Invert Avail.Storage Storage Description							
#1 606.00' 5,650 cf Custom Stage Data (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)							
ElevationSurf.AreaInc.StoreCum.Store(feet)(sq-ft)(cubic-feet)(cubic-feet)606.005,10000							
607.00 6,200 5,650 5,650							
Device Routing Invert Outlet Devices							
#1 Device 3 606.00' <b>1.000 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area</b> Phase-In= 0.01'							
#2 Device 3 606.60' <b>12.0'' Vert. Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600							
#3 Primary 602.50' 8.0'' Round Culvert							
L= 10.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500							
Inlet / Outlet Invert= 602.50' / 602.20' S= 0.0300 '/' Cc= 0.900							
n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior, Flow Area= 0.35 sf							
Primary OutFlow Max=0.1 cfs @ 13.07 hrs HW=606.21' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) 3=Culvert (Passes 0.1 cfs of 3.1 cfs potential flow)							

**1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.1 cfs) **2=Orifice/Grate** (Controls 0.0 cfs)

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 1-yr Rainfall=2.71" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Printed 5/12/2023

Page 27



Pond 4.1BP: Bioretention

## Summary for Pond 5.1AP: Pretreatment Basin

Inflow Area =	6.800 ac, 72.06% Impervious, Inflow De	epth = 1.80" for 1-yr event
Inflow =	18.4 cfs @ 11.99 hrs, Volume=	1.021 af
Outflow =	1.6 cfs @ 12.62 hrs, Volume=	1.022 af, Atten= 91%, Lag= 38.0 min
Primary =	1.6 cfs @ 12.62 hrs, Volume=	1.022 af
Secondary =	0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0.000 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 659.28' @ 12.62 hrs Surf.Area= 7,299 sf Storage= 15,355 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 110.6 min (929.8 - 819.2)

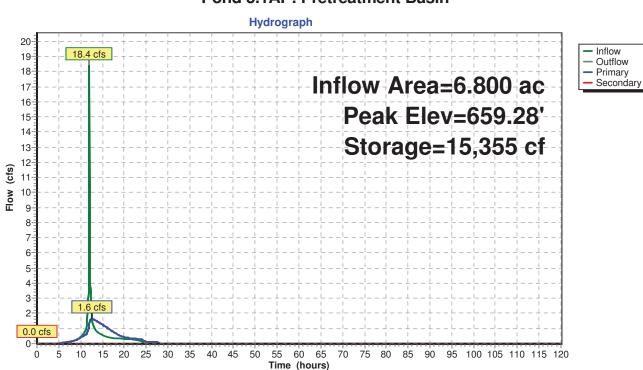
Volume	Invert	Avail.Stor	rage Storage I	Description		
#1	656.00'	40,30	0 cf Custom	Stage Data (Pris	smatic) Listed below (	Recalc)
Flowetic		wf A 400	line Charle	Curra Chara		
Elevatio		rf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store		
(fee	et)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)		
656.0	00	2,500	0	0		
658.0	00	5,000	7,500	7,500		
660.0	00	8,600	13,600	21,100		
662.0	00	10,600	19,200	40,300		
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices			
#1	Device 3	659.40'	2.5' long x 0.5	breadth Broad	d-Crested Rectangula	r Weir X 2.00
			Head (feet) 0.1	20 0.40 0.60 0	).80 1.00	
			Coef. (English)	2.80 2.92 3.0	)8 3.30 3.32	
#2	Primary	655.50'	6.0" Round C	ulvert		
			L= 30.0' CPP	, square edge h	eadwall, Ke= 0.500	
					655.00' S= 0.0167 '/'	Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.012. Flov	v Area= 0.20 sf		
#3	Secondary	657.50'	30.0" Round (			
	, <b>,</b>				headwall, Ke= 0.500	
					656.50' S= 0.0100 '/'	Cc = 0.900
				v Area= 4.91 sf		
Primary	OutFlow Ma	ax=1.6 cfs @	12.62 hrs HW=	=659.28' TW=6	55.44' (Dynamic Tailv	water)
· · · ·	-2-Culvert (Barrel Controls 1.6 cfs @ 8.31 fps)					

**2=Culvert** (Barrel Controls 1.6 cfs @ 8.31 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=656.00' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) -3=Culvert (Controls 0.0 cfs)

1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 29



Pond 5.1AP: Pretreatment Basin

## Summary for Pond 5.1P: Infiltration Basin

Inflow Area =	6.800 ac, 72.06% Impervious, Inflow De	epth = 1.80" for 1-yr event
Inflow =	1.6 cfs @ 12.62 hrs, Volume=	1.022 af
Outflow =	0.5 cfs @ 19.00 hrs, Volume=	1.022 af, Atten= 67%, Lag= 382.2 min
Discarded =	0.5 cfs @ 19.00 hrs, Volume=	1.022 af
Primary =	0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0.000 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 656.71' @ 19.00 hrs Surf.Area= 11,674 sf Storage= 17,640 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 329.4 min (1,259.3 - 929.8)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Stor	rage Storage	Storage Description		
#1	#1 655.00' 64,95		50 cf Custom	ocf Custom Stage Data (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)		
Elevation Surf.Area (feet) (sq-ft)		Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)			
655.0	00	9,000	0	0		
656.0	00	10,500	9,750	9,750		
660.0	00	17,100	55,200	64,950		
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Device	S		
#1	Device 2	659.00'			ad-Crested Rectangular Weir X 2.00	
#2         Primary         653.00'         Head (feet)         0.20         0.40         0.60         Coef. (English)         2.80         2.92         3           #12         Primary         653.00'         15.0''         Round Culvert         L=         10.0'         CPP, square edge           Inlet / Outlet Invert=         653.00'         10.0'         CPP, square edge         10.0'         CPP, square edge		08 3.30 3.32				
#3	Discarded	655.00'	n= 0.012, Flow Area= 1.23 sf 2.000 in/hr Exfiltration over Horizontal area			

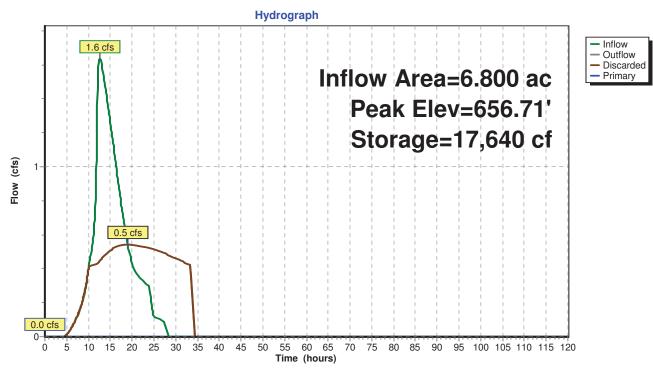
**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.5 cfs @ 19.00 hrs HW=656.71' (Free Discharge) **3=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.5 cfs)

**Primary OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=655.00' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) -2=Culvert (Passes 0.0 cfs of 6.9 cfs potential flow) -1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.0 cfs)

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 1-yr Rainfall=2.71" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Printed 5/12/2023

Page 31





# Summary for Subcatchment 1.0S:

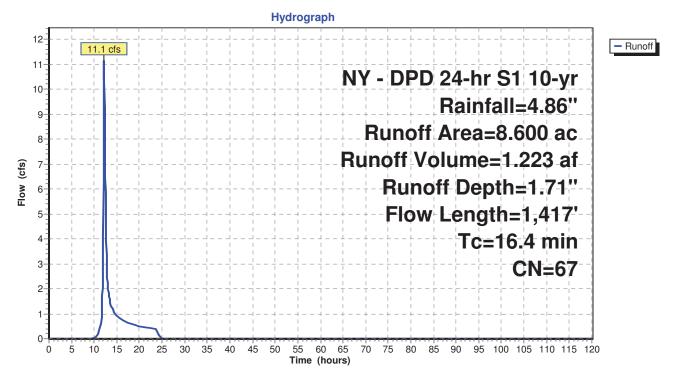
Runoff = 11.1 cfs @ 12.19 hrs, Volume= 1.223 af, Depth= 1.71"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 10-yr Rainfall=4.86"

Area	(ac) C	N Des	cription					
0.	200 7	74 >75°	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C					
1.	200							
4.	500 7	70 Woo	ds, Good,	HSG C				
0.	500 7	72 Woo	ods/grass o	comb., Goo	d, HSG C			
1.	800 క	55 Woo	ds, Good,	HSG B				
0.	400 6	61 >75°	% Grass co	over, Good	, HSG B			
8.	600 6	67 Weig	ghted Aver	rage				
8.	600	100.	00% Pervi	ous Area				
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity		Description			
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
10.9	100	0.0150	0.15		Sheet Flow,			
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.27"			
1.1	225	0.0500	3.35		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
					Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps			
1.6	162	0.1100	1.66		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
0.5	90	0.3000	2.74		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
2.3	840	0.0300	6.10	36.62				
					Area= 6.0 sf Perim= 10.0' r= 0.60'			
					n= 0.030 Earth, grassed & winding			
16.4	1,417	Total						

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 10-yr Rainfall=4.86" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. Printed 5/12/2023 HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 33

Subcatchment 1.0S:



# Summary for Subcatchment 2.0S:

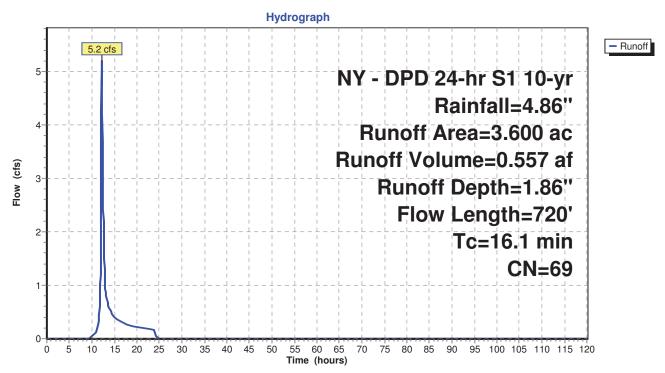
Runoff = 5.2 cfs @ 12.19 hrs, Volume= 0.557 af, Depth= 1.86"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 10-yr Rainfall=4.86"

	Area	(ac) C	N Des	cription					
	1.	400	70 Wo	Woods, Good, HSG C					
	1.500		74 >75	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C					
	0.500		55 Wo	Woods, Good, HSG B					
	0.	200	61 >75	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B					
3.600 69 Weighted Average									
		600		100.00% Pervious Area					
	-								
	Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description			
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	·			
	10.9	100	0.0150	0.15		Sheet Flow,			
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.27"			
	2.6	220	0.0800	1.41		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
						Woodland $Kv = 5.0 \text{ fps}$			
	0.4	150	0.0250	5.80	23.19	Channel Flow,			
						Area= 4.0 sf Perim= 10.0' r= 0.40'			
						n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight			
	2.2	250	0.1500	1.94		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
						Woodland $Kv = 5.0 \text{ fps}$			
	16.1	720	Total			·			

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 10-yr Rainfall=4.86" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. Printed 5/12/2023 HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 35

Subcatchment 2.0S:



# Summary for Subcatchment 3.0S:

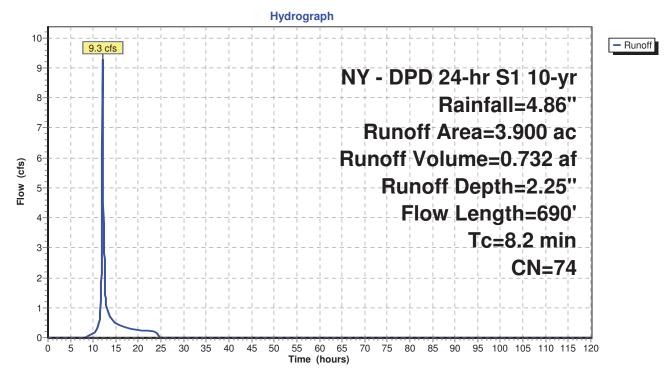
Runoff = 9.3 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.732 af, Depth= 2.25"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 10-yr Rainfall=4.86"

Area	(ac) C	N Dese	cription						
0.	500 9		Paved parking, HSG C						
1.	100 7	74 >75	4 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C						
1.	900 7	70 Woo	Woods, Good, HSG C						
0.	200 5	55 Woo	Woods, Good, HSG B						
0.100 61 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B									
0.100 80 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D									
3.900 74 Weighted Average									
3.400 87.18% Pervious Area									
0.500 12.82% Impervious Area									
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
3.2	80	0.2000	0.41		Sheet Flow,				
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.27"				
2.3	20	0.2000	0.14		Sheet Flow,				
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.27"				
0.9	100	0.1500	1.94		Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps				
1.3	330	0.0250	4.25	17.01	Channel Flow,				
					Area= 4.0 sf Perim= 10.0' r= 0.40'				
					n= 0.030 Earth, grassed & winding				
0.5	160	0.0100	4.91	3.86	Pipe Channel,				
					12.0" Round Area= 0.8 sf Perim= 3.1' r= 0.25'				
					n= 0.012				
8.2	690	Total							

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 10-yr Rainfall=4.86" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. Printed 5/12/2023 HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 37

Subcatchment 3.0S:



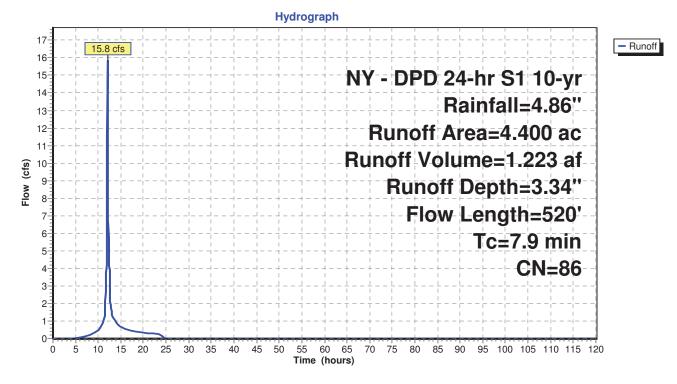
## Summary for Subcatchment 3.1S:

Runoff = 15.8 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume= 1.223 af, Depth= 3.34"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 10-yr Rainfall=4.86"

Area	(ac) C	N Dese	cription		
2.	200 9	8 Pave	ed parking	, HSG D	
2.	200 7	′4 >75°	% Grass c	over, Good	, HSG C
4.	400 8	86 Weig	ghted Aver	rage	
2.	200	50.0	0% Pervio	us Area	
2.	200	50.00% Impervious Area			
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
5.6	100	0.0800	0.30		Sheet Flow,
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.27"
1.2	110	0.0100	1.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
1.1	310	0.0100	4.91	3.86	Pipe Channel,
					12.0" Round Area= 0.8 sf Perim= 3.1' r= 0.25'
					n= 0.012
7.9	520	Total			

#### Subcatchment 3.1S:



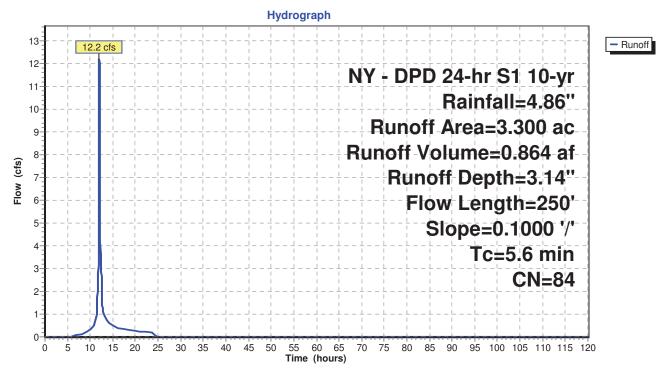
#### Summary for Subcatchment 4.0S:

Runoff = 12.2 cfs @ 12.04 hrs, Volume= 0.864 af, Depth= 3.14"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 10-yr Rainfall=4.86"

	Area	(ac)	CN	Desc	cription		
	1.	400	98	Pave	ed parking	, HSG C	
1.100 74 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C							
0.300 80 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D							
	0.	500	72	Woo	ds/grass c	comb., Goo	d, HSG C
	3.	300	84	Weig	ghted Aver	age	
	1.	900		57.5	8% Pervio	us Area	
	1.	400		42.4	2% Imperv	vious Area	
	Tc (min)	Lengtl (feet		Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
	5.1	100	) ().	1000	0.33		Sheet Flow,
	0.5	150	0.0	1000	4.74		Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.27" Shallow Concentrated Flow, Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
	5.6	250	о т	otal			

#### Subcatchment 4.0S:



# Summary for Subcatchment 4.1S:

Runoff = 2.5 cfs @ 12.04 hrs, Volume= 0.182 af, Depth= 3.64"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 10-yr Rainfall=4.86"

Area	(ac) CN	Deso	cription					
	.300 98		ed parking					
-	.300 80			over, Good	I, HSG D			
0.600 89 Weighted Average 0.300 50.00% Pervious Area								
	.300			vious Area				
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description			
6.0	(1000)	(10.10)	(10,000)	(0.0)	Direct Entry,			
				Outra	at a long and 1 1 O			
					atchment 4.1S:			
ſ				Hydro	ograph			
	2.5 cfs							
- 2					NY - DPD 24-hr S1 10-yr Rainfall=4.86''			
-					Runoff Area=0.600 ac			
(s)					Runoff Volume=0.182 af			
Flow (cfs)					Runoff Depth=3.64"			
FIO		i i i i i i i i i i			Tc= $6.0$ min			
1	 			$\overset{l}{_{\tau}}\overset{l}{_{\tau}}\overset{l}{_{\tau}}$	<b>CN=89</b>			
-								
-								
0- <b>-</b> 0	5 10 1	5 20 25	30 35 40		5 60 65 70 75 80 85 90 95 100 105 110 115 120 me (hours)			

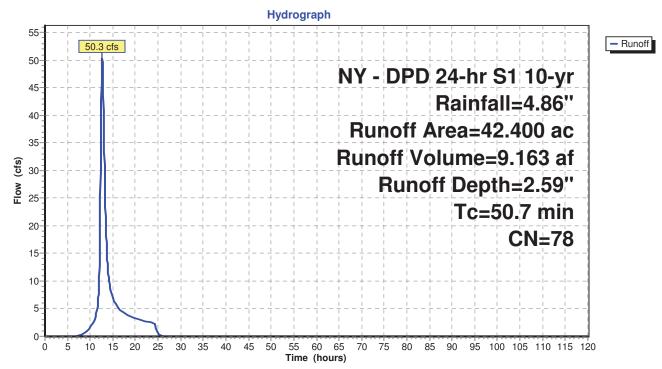
## Summary for Subcatchment 5.0S:

Runoff = 50.3 cfs @ 12.67 hrs, Volume= 9.163 af, Depth= 2.59"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 10-yr Rainfall=4.86"

6.000 98 Paved parking, HSG C						
1.600 98 Water Surface, HSG D						
8.900 74 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C						
7.300 71 Meadow, non-grazed, HSG C						
8.700 70 Woods, Good, HSG C						
1.000 72 Woods/grass comb., Good, HSG C						
8.700 77 Woods, Good, HSG D	77 Woods, Good, HSG D					
0.200 80 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D						
42.400 78 Weighted Average						
34.800 82.08% Pervious Area						
7.600 17.92% Impervious Area						
Tc Length Slope Velocity Capacity Description						
(min) (feet) (ft/ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)						
50.7 Direct Entry,						

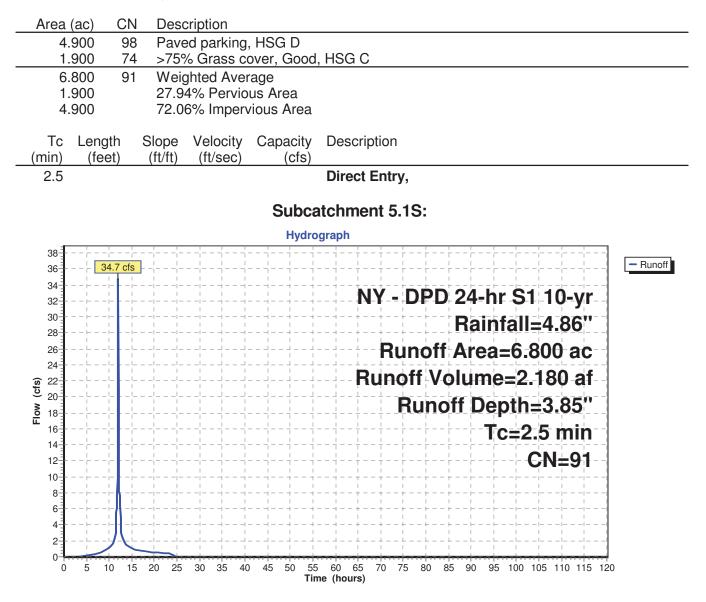
#### Subcatchment 5.0S:



#### Summary for Subcatchment 5.1S:

Runoff = 34.7 cfs @ 11.99 hrs, Volume= 2.180 af, Depth= 3.85"

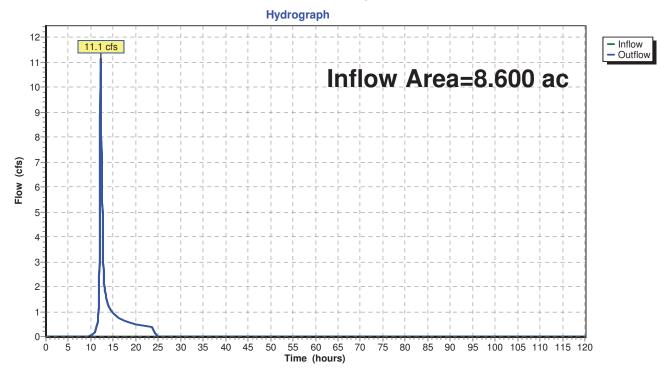
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 10-yr Rainfall=4.86"



# Summary for Reach DP 1: Design Point 1

Inflow Area =	8.600 ac, 0.00% Imper	rvious, Inflow Depth = 1.71"	for 10-yr event
Inflow =	11.1 cfs @ 12.19 hrs,	Volume= 1.223 af	
Outflow =	11.1 cfs @ 12.19 hrs,	Volume= 1.223 af, At	ten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2

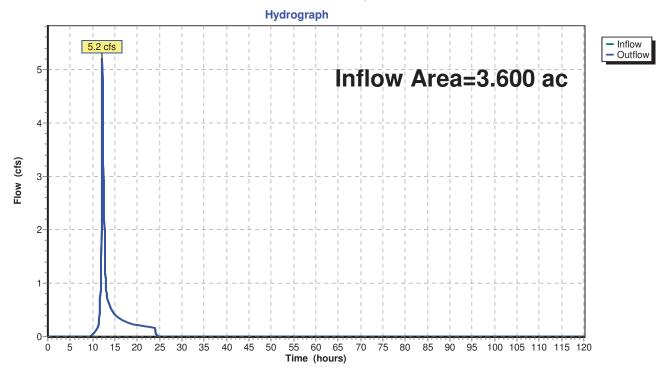


# Reach DP 1: Design Point 1

# Summary for Reach DP 2: Design Point 2

Inflow Area =	3.600 ac, 0.00% Imp	pervious, Inflow Depth =	1.86" for 10-yr event
Inflow =	5.2 cfs @ 12.19 hrs	s, Volume= 0.55	7 af
Outflow =	5.2 cfs @ 12.19 hrs	s, Volume= 0.55	7 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2

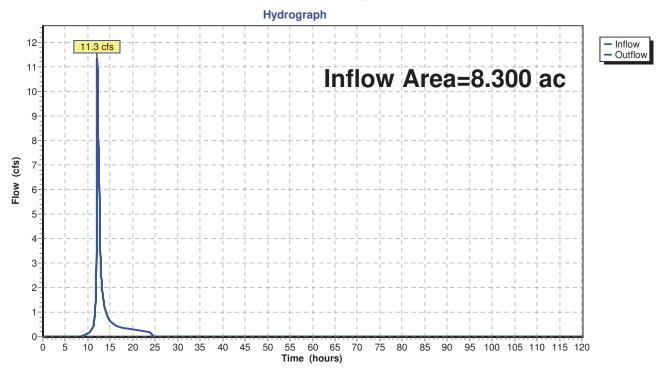


# Reach DP 2: Design Point 2

# Summary for Reach DP 3: Design Point 3

Inflow Area =		8.300 ac, 3	2.53% Imper	vious,	Inflow Dep	th =	1.60"	for	10-yr event
Inflow =		11.3 cfs @	12.12 hrs,	Volume	9=	1.104 a	af		
Outflow =		11.3 cfs @	12.12 hrs,	Volume	€=	1.104 a	af, Atte	en= (	)%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2



# Reach DP 3: Design Point 3

# Summary for Reach DP 4: Design Point 4

Inflow Area =	3.900 ac, 43.59% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.22"	for 10-yr event
Inflow =	12.9 cfs @ 12.04 hrs, Volume= 1.046 af	
Outflow =	12.9 cfs @ 12.04 hrs, Volume= 1.046 af, Att	en= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2

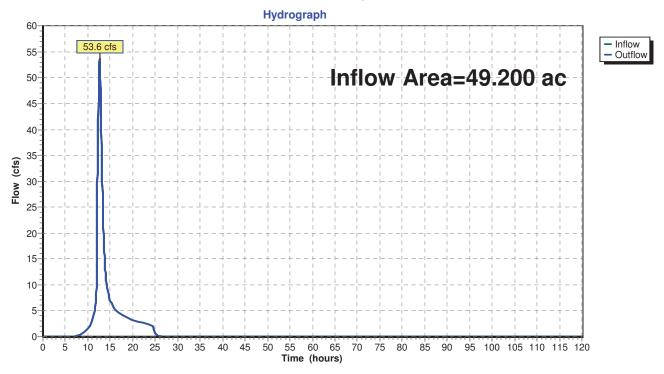
#### Hydrograph 14 - Inflow 12.9 cfs Outflow 13 Inflow Area=3.900 ac 12 11 10 9 Flow (cfs) 8-7. 6-5-4 3-2 1 0-5 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 70 75 80 85 90 95 100 105 110 115 120 Ó 10 55 60 65 Time (hours)

# **Reach DP 4: Design Point 4**

# Summary for Reach DP 5: Design Point 5

Inflow Area =	49.200 ac, 25.41% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.38" for 10-yr event
Inflow =	53.6 cfs @ 12.62 hrs, Volume= 9.752 af
Outflow =	53.6 cfs @ 12.62 hrs, Volume= 9.752 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2



# **Reach DP 5: Design Point 5**

# Summary for Pond 1.4 FS: Flow Splitter

Inflow Area =	0.600 ac, 50.00% Impervious, Inflow De	epth = 3.64" for 10-yr event
Inflow =	2.3 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=	0.182 af
Outflow =	2.3 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=	0.182 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min
Primary =	1.5 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=	0.172 af
Secondary =	0.8 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=	0.011 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 607.67' @ 12.09 hrs Flood Elev= 608.50'

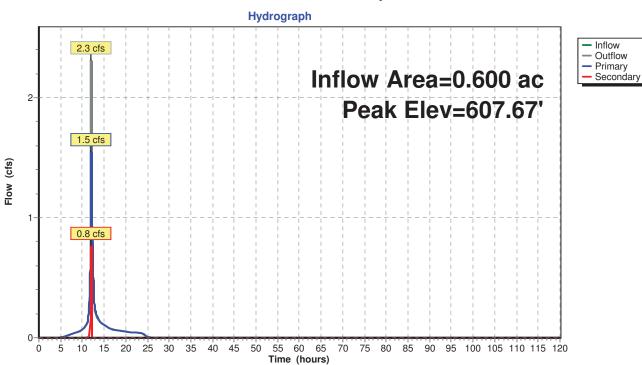
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	607.00'	12.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600
#2	Device 3	607.50'	4.0' long x 0.5' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir
			Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00
			Coef. (English) 2.80 2.92 3.08 3.30 3.32
#3	Secondary	604.50'	15.0" Round Culvert
			L= 20.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 604.50' / 604.00' S= 0.0250 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.120, Flow Area= 1.23 sf

Primary OutFlow Max=1.5 cfs @ 12.09 hrs HW=607.66' TW=606.22' (Dynamic Tailwater) **1=Orifice/Grate** (Orifice Controls 1.5 cfs @ 2.77 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.7 cfs @ 12.09 hrs HW=607.66' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) -3=Culvert (Passes 0.7 cfs of 2.4 cfs potential flow) -2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 0.7 cfs @ 1.13 fps)

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 10-yr Rainfall=4.86" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Printed 5/12/2023

Page 49



Pond 1.4 FS: Flow Splitter

## Summary for Pond 3.1AP: Pretreatment Basin

Inflow Area =	4.400 ac, 50.00% Impervious, Inflow De	epth = 3.34" for 10-yr event
Inflow =	15.8 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume=	1.223 af
Outflow =	6.3 cfs @ 12.27 hrs, Volume=	1.223 af, Atten= 60%, Lag= 12.6 min
Primary =	1.3 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume=	0.851 af
Secondary =	5.0 cfs @ 12.27 hrs, Volume=	0.372 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 609.31' @ 12.27 hrs Surf.Area= 5,516 sf Storage= 13,811 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 184.6 min (1,004.3 - 819.8)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storage	e Description				
#1	606.00'	24,3	50 cf Custon	n Stage Data (Pris	smatic) Listed below (	Recalc)		
Elevatio (fee		rf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)				
606.0 608.0 610.0 611.0	00 00 00	2,900 4,400 6,100 7,000	0 7,300 10,500 6,550	0 7,300 17,800 24,350				
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Device	es				
#1	Device 3	608.00'			I-Crested Rectangula	ar Weir		
#2 Primary 60		605.50'	Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 Coef. (English) 2.80 2.92 3.08 3.30 3.32 <b>6.0'' Round Culvert</b> L= 40.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500					
#3	Secondary	605.50'	Inlet / Outlet Invert= 605.50' / 605.00' S= 0.0125 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012, Flow Area= 0.20 sf					
Primary	Inlet / Outlet Invert= 605.50' / 604.00' S= 0.0300 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012, Flow Area= 3.14 sf Primary OutFlow Max=1.3 cfs @ 12.23 hrs HW=609.29' TW=606.27' (Dynamic Tailwater)							
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		a 1.0 0.0 @	0 0					

**1−2=Culvert** (Outlet Controls 1.3 cfs @ 6.81 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=5.0 cfs @ 12.27 hrs HW=609.31' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) -3=Culvert (Passes 5.0 cfs of 25.3 cfs potential flow) **1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 5.0 cfs @ 3.80 fps)

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 10-yr Rainfall=4.86" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Printed 5/12/2023 Page 51

Hydrograph 17-15.8 cfs Inflow 16- Outflow – Primary 15 Inflow Area=4.400 ac Secondary 14 Peak Elev=609.31' 13-12-Storage=13,811 cf 11 10-Flow (cfs) 9-8-7-6.3 cfs 6-5.0 cfs 5 4-3-2cfs 1.3 1-0-5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 55 60 65 70 75 80 85 90 95 100 105 110 115 120 Ó Time (hours)

## Pond 3.1AP: Pretreatment Basin

## Summary for Pond 3.1P: Infiltration Basin

Inflow Area =	4.400 ac, 50.00% Impervious, Inflow De	epth = 2.32" for 10-yr event
Inflow =	1.3 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume=	0.851 af
Outflow =	0.3 cfs @ 21.61 hrs, Volume=	0.851 af, Atten= 78%, Lag= 562.9 min
Discarded =	0.3 cfs @ 21.61 hrs, Volume=	0.851 af
Primary =	0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0.000 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 607.89' @ 21.61 hrs Surf.Area= 6,469 sf Storage= 13,955 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 537.1 min calculated for 0.851 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 537.0 min (1,635.7 - 1,098.7)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storage	e Description			
#1	605.00'	34,80	00 cf Custom	0 cf Custom Stage Data (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)		/ (Recalc)	
	0	. <b>A</b>					
Elevatio		Irf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store			
(fee	et)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)			
605.0	00	3,300	0	0			
606.0	00	4,300	3,800	3,800			
608.0	00	6,600	10,900	14,700			
610.0	00	9,000	15,600	30,300			
610.5	50	9,000	4,500	34,800			
		,	2	,			
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Device	es			
#1	Device 2	609.10'	2.5' long x 0.5' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir X 2.00				
				0.20 0.40 0.60	•		
			( )	h) 2.80 2.92 3			
#2	Primary	603.00'	15.0" Round Culvert				
=					headwall Ke= 0 500		
			L= 50.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 603.00' / 602.00' S= 0.0200 '/' Cc= 0.900				
				ow Area= 1.23 s		00-0.000	
#3	Discarded	605.00'	,			ase-In= 0.01'	
#3	Discalueu	005.00	2.000 III/III E			1030-111= 0.01	
Discard	<b>Discarded OutFlow</b> Max $= 0.3$ cfs @ 21.61 brs HW $= 607.89'$ (Free Discharge)						

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.3 cfs @ 21.61 hrs HW=607.89' (Free Discharge) **-3=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.3 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=605.00' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) 2=Culvert (Passes 0.0 cfs of 6.9 cfs potential flow) 1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.0 cfs)

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 10-yr Rainfall=4.86" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Printed 5/12/2023 Page 53

Hydrograph 1.3 cfs Inflow Outflow \_ \_ Discarded Inflow Area=4.400 ac - Primary Peak Elev=607.89' Storage=13,955 cf Flow (cfs) 0.3 cfs 0.0 cfs 0-25 30 35 70 75 80 85 90 95 100 105 110 115 120 5 10 15 20 40 45 50 55 60 65 Ó

Time (hours)

Pond 3.1P: Infiltration Basin

# Summary for Pond 4.1AP1: Wet Swale

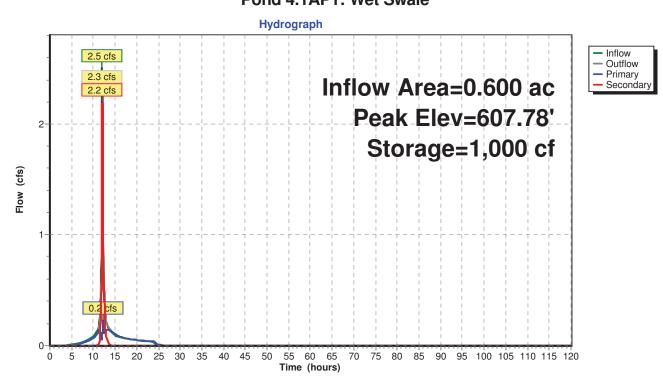
Inflow Area = Inflow = Outflow = Primary = Secondary =	2.5 cfs @ 1 2.3 cfs @ 1 0.2 cfs @ 1	.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth =       3.64" for 10-yr event         12.04 hrs, Volume=       0.182 af         12.09 hrs, Volume=       0.182 af, Atten= 7%, Lag= 2.8 min         12.32 hrs, Volume=       0.108 af         12.09 hrs, Volume=       0.074 af						
Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Starting Elev= 607.00' Surf.Area= 700 sf Storage= 275 cf Peak Elev= 607.78' @ 12.07 hrs Surf.Area= 1,166 sf Storage= 1,000 cf (725 cf above start)								
		nin calculated for 0.176 af (96% of inflow) nin ( 830.1 - 805.5 )						
Volume Inve	rt Avail.Sto	prage Storage Description						
#1 606.5	0' 1,27	75 cf Custom Stage Data (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)						
Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store Cum.Store (cubic-feet) (cubic-feet)						
606.50	400	0 0						
608.00	1,300	1,275 1,275						
Device Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices						
#1 Primary	607.00'							
#2 Seconda	ry 607.30'	5						
		Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00						
		Coef. (English) 2.80 2.92 3.08 3.30 3.32						
Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 12.32 hrs HW=607.45' TW=607.48' (Dynamic Tailwater)								

1=Orifice/Grate (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Secondary OutFlow Max=2.3 cfs @ 12.09 hrs HW=607.76' TW=607.66' (Dynamic Tailwater) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 2.3 cfs @ 1.27 fps)

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 10-yr Rainfall=4.86" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Printed 5/12/2023 Page 55

Pond 4.1AP1: Wet Swale



## Summary for Pond 4.1BP: Bioretention

Inflow Area	a =	0.600 ac, 50.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.43" for 10-yr event
Inflow	=	1.5 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.172 af
Outflow	=	0.1 cfs @ 14.15 hrs, Volume= 0.172 af, Atten= 91%, Lag= 123.6 min
Primary	=	0.1 cfs @ 14.15 hrs, Volume= 0.172 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 606.54' @ 14.15 hrs Surf.Area= 5,692 sf Storage= 2,905 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 205.1 min calculated for 0.172 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 205.0 min (1,041.3 - 836.3)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Stora	age Storage Description
#1	606.00'	5,650	O cf Custom Stage Data (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee 606.0 607.0	et) 00	urf.Area <u>(sq-ft) (c</u> 5,100 6,200	Inc.Store cubic-feet)Cum.Store (cubic-feet)005,6505,650
Device	Routing	Invert (	Outlet Devices
#1	Device 3	606.00'	<b>1.000 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area</b> Phase-In= 0.01'
#2	Device 3	606.60'	<b>12.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600
#3	Primary	602.50' 8	8.0" Round Culvert
		l	L= 10.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
		I	Inlet / Outlet Invert= 602.50' / 602.20' S= 0.0300 '/' Cc= 0.900
		1	n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior, Flow Area= 0.35 sf
Drimary		lav_0 1 ofe @ 1	14 15 brs HW-606 54' TW-0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

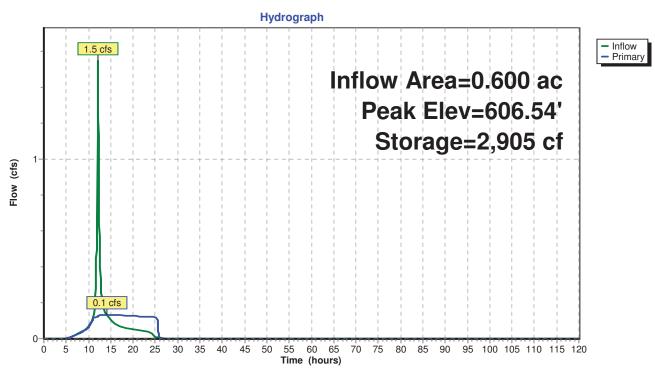
**Primary OutFlow** Max=0.1 cfs @ 14.15 hrs HW=606.54' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) **3=Culvert** (Passes 0.1 cfs of 3.2 cfs potential flow)

**1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.1 cfs)

2=Orifice/Grate (Controls 0.0 cfs)

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 10-yr Rainfall=4.86" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Printed 5/12/2023 Page 57

Pond 4.1BP: Bioretention



## Summary for Pond 5.1AP: Pretreatment Basin

Inflow Area =	6.800 ac, 72.06% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.85" for 10-yr event
Inflow =	34.7 cfs @ 11.99 hrs, Volume= 2.180 af
Outflow =	16.8 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 2.180 af, Atten= 52%, Lag= 6.0 min
Primary =	1.8 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 1.590 af
Secondary =	15.0 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.590 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 660.34' @ 12.09 hrs Surf.Area= 8,936 sf Storage= 24,050 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 122.6 min (915.5 - 792.9)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storage I	Description				
#1	656.00'	40,30	00 cf Custom	0 cf Custom Stage Data (Prismatic) Listed below (Rec				
Elevatio			Inc.Store	Cum.Store				
(fee	1 1	sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)				
656.0		2,500	0	0				
658.0		5,000	7,500	7,500				
660.0	3 00	3,600	13,600	21,100				
662.0	0 10	),600	19,200	40,300				
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	8				
#1	Device 3	659.40'	2.5' long x 0.5' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir X 2.00					
			Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00					
			Coef. (English) 2.80 2.92 3.08 3.30 3.32					
#2	Primary	655.50'	6.0" Round Culvert					
	-		L= 30.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500					
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 655.50' / 655.00' S= 0.0167 '/' Cc= 0.900					
		n= 0.012, Flow Area= 0.20 sf						
#3	#3 Secondary 657.50'		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
<b>,</b>			L= 100.0' CP	P, square edge	e headwall, Ke= 0.500			
					/ 656.50' S= 0.0100 '/' Cc= 0.900			
			n= 0.012, Flov	w Area= 4.91 s	sf			
			,					
Drimary	Primary OutFlow, Max-1.8 cfs @ 12.08 brs. HW-660.32' TW-655.66' (Dynamic Tailwater)							

Primary OutFlow Max=1.8 cfs @ 12.08 hrs HW=660.32' TW=655.66' (Dynamic Tailwater) -2=Culvert (Outlet Controls 1.8 cfs @ 9.24 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=14.9 cfs @ 12.09 hrs HW=660.33' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) -3=Culvert (Passes 14.9 cfs of 29.7 cfs potential flow)

**1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 14.9 cfs @ 3.19 fps)

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 10-yr Rainfall=4.86" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Printed 5/12/2023 Page 59

Hydrograph 38 34.7 cfs Inflow 36 Outflow 34 Primary Inflow Area=6.800 ac Secondary 32 30 Peak Elev=660.34' 28 26 Storage=24,050 cf 24 (cfs) 22 20-Flow 16.8 cfs 18-15.0 cfs 16-14 12-10 8-6-4-1.8 cfs 2-0-15 20 35 40 45 50 60 65 70 75 80 85 90 95 100 105 110 115 120 5 10 25 30 55 0 Time (hours)

## Pond 5.1AP: Pretreatment Basin

# Summary for Pond 5.1P: Infiltration Basin

Inflow Area =	6.800 ac, 72.06% Impervious, Inflow Depth	= 2.81" for 10-yr event
Inflow =	1.8 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 1.5	90 af
Outflow =	0.6 cfs @ 22.74 hrs, Volume= 1.5	90 af, Atten= 67%, Lag= 639.6 min
Discarded =	0.6 cfs @ 22.74 hrs, Volume= 1.5	90 af
Primary =	0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0.0	00 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 657.52' @ 22.74 hrs Surf.Area= 13,003 sf Storage= 27,577 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 462.1 min (1,441.2 - 979.1)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Stor	rage Storage	Description	
#1	655.00'	64,95	0 cf Custom Stage Data (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)		ismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio	evation Surf.Area (feet) (sq-ft)		Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
655.0	00	9,000	0	0	
656.0	00	10,500	9,750	9,750	
660.0	00	17,100	55,200	64,950	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Device	es	
#1	Device 2	659.00'	4.0' long x 0	.5' breadth Broa	ad-Crested Rectangular Weir X 2.00
#2	Primary 653.00'		Coef. (Englis <b>15.0'' Round</b> L= 10.0' CP	P, square edge l	
#3	Discarded	n= 0.012, Flow Area= 1.23 sf			

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.6 cfs @ 22.74 hrs HW=657.52' (Free Discharge) **3=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.6 cfs)

**Primary OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=655.00' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) -2=Culvert (Passes 0.0 cfs of 6.9 cfs potential flow) -1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.0 cfs)

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 10-yr Rainfall=4.86" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Printed 5/12/2023 Page 61

Hydrograph 2 1.8 cfs Inflow Outflow \_ \_ Discarded Inflow Area=6.800 ac - Primary Peak Elev=657.52' Storage=27,577 cf Flow (cfs) 0.6 cfs 0.0 cfs 5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 75 80 85 90 95 100 105 110 115 120 45 50 55 60 65 70 Ó Time (hours)

#### Pond 5.1P: Infiltration Basin

# Summary for Subcatchment 1.0S:

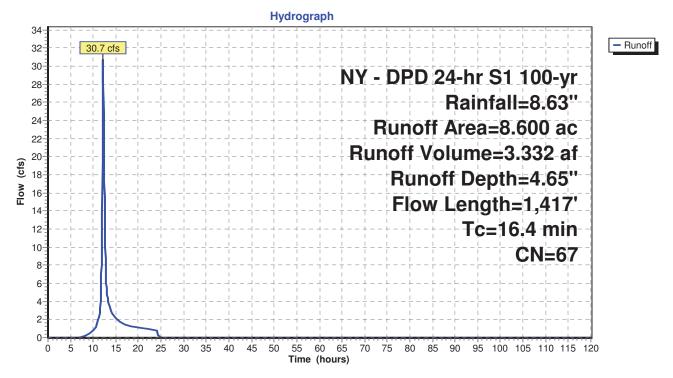
Runoff = 30.7 cfs @ 12.19 hrs, Volume= 3.332 af, Depth= 4.65"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 100-yr Rainfall=8.63"

Area	(ac) C	N Des	cription					
0.	200	74 >75°	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C					
1.	200	71 Mea	leadow, non-grazed, HSG C					
4.	500	70 Woo	ds, Good,	HSG C				
0.	500	72 Woo	ods/grass o	comb., Goo	d, HSG C			
1.	800 !		ods, Good,					
0.	400 6	61 >75°	% Grass co	over, Good	, HSG B			
8.	600 (	67 Weig	ghted Aver	age				
8.	600	100.	00% Pervi	ous Area				
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description			
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
10.9	100	0.0150	0.15		Sheet Flow,			
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.27"			
1.1	225	0.0500	3.35		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
					Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps			
1.6	162	0.1100	1.66		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
0.5	90	0.3000	2.74		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
2.3	840	0.0300	6.10	36.62	,			
					Area= 6.0 sf Perim= 10.0' r= 0.60'			
					n= 0.030 Earth, grassed & winding			
16.4	1,417	Total						

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 100-yr Rainfall=8.63" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. Printed 5/12/2023 HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 63

Subcatchment 1.0S:



# Summary for Subcatchment 2.0S:

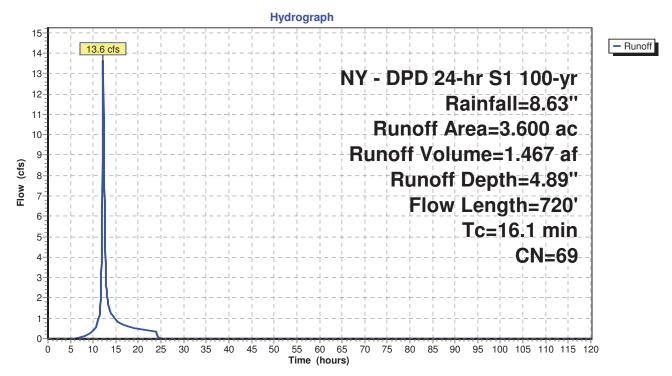
Runoff = 13.6 cfs @ 12.18 hrs, Volume= 1.467 af, Depth= 4.89"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 100-yr Rainfall=8.63"

Area	(ac) C	N Des	cription		
1.	400	70 Woo	ods, Good,	HSG C	
1.	500	74 >75°	% Grass co	over, Good	, HSG C
0.			ods, Good,	HSG B	
0.	200	61 >75°	% Grass co	over, Good	, HSG B
3.	600	69 Wei	ghted Aver	age	
3.	600	100.	00% Pervi	ous Area	
_					
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
10.9	100	0.0150	0.15		Sheet Flow,
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.27"
2.6	220	0.0800	1.41		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
0.4	150	0.0250	5.80	23.19	Channel Flow,
					Area= 4.0 sf Perim= 10.0' r= 0.40'
					n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight
2.2	250	0.1500	1.94		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
16.1	720	Total			

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 100-yr Rainfall=8.63" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. Printed 5/12/2023 HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 65

Subcatchment 2.0S:



# Summary for Subcatchment 3.0S:

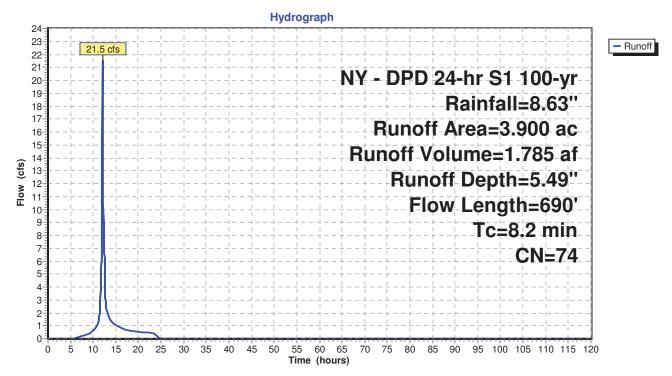
Runoff = 21.5 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 1.785 af, Depth= 5.49"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 100-yr Rainfall=8.63"

Area	(ac) C	N Desc	cription		
0.	500 9	8 Pave	ed parking	, HSG C	
1.	100 7	74 >759	% Grass co	over, Good	, HSG C
1.	900 7	70 Woo	ds, Good,	HSG C	
0.	200 5	5 Woo	ds, Good,	HSG B	
0.	100 6	51 >759	% Grass co	over, Good	, HSG B
0.	100 8	30 >759	% Grass co	over, Good	, HSG D
3.	900 7	74 Weid	ghted Aver	rade	
3.	400		, 8% Pervio	0	
	500	12.8	2% Imperv	ious Area	
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
3.2	80	0.2000	0.41		Sheet Flow,
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.27"
2.3	20	0.2000	0.14		Sheet Flow,
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.27"
0.9	100	0.1500	1.94		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
1.3	330	0.0250	4.25	17.01	Channel Flow,
					Area= 4.0 sf Perim= 10.0' r= 0.40'
					n= 0.030 Earth, grassed & winding
0.5	160	0.0100	4.91	3.86	Pipe Channel,
					12.0" Round Area= 0.8 sf Perim= 3.1' r= 0.25'
					n= 0.012
8.2	690	Total			

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 100-yr Rainfall=8.63" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. Printed 5/12/2023 HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 67

Subcatchment 3.0S:



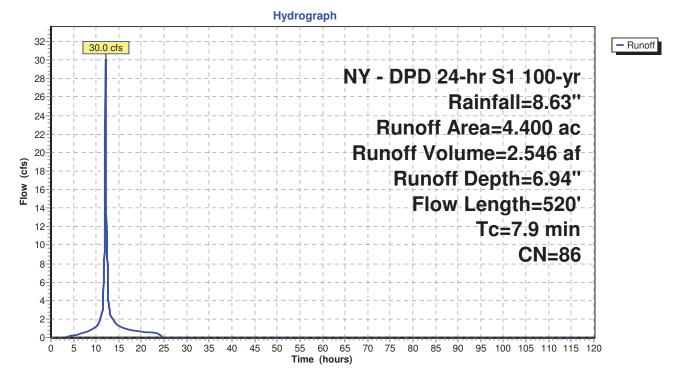
## Summary for Subcatchment 3.1S:

Runoff = 30.0 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume= 2.546 af, Depth= 6.94"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 100-yr Rainfall=8.63"

Area	(ac) C	N Desc	cription		
2.	200 9	8 Pave	ed parking	, HSG D	
2.	200 7	/4 >759	% Grass co	over, Good	, HSG C
4.	400 8	36 Weig	ghted Aver	age	
2.	200	50.0	0% Pervio	us Area	
2.	200	50.0	0% Imperv	vious Area	
				_	
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
5.6	100	0.0800	0.30		Sheet Flow,
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.27"
1.2	110	0.0100	1.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
1.1	310	0.0100	4.91	3.86	Pipe Channel,
					12.0" Round Area= 0.8 sf Perim= 3.1' r= 0.25'
					n= 0.012
7.9	520	Total			

# Subcatchment 3.1S:



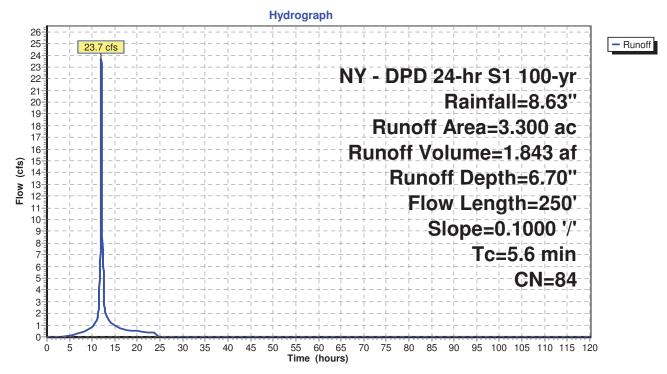
#### Summary for Subcatchment 4.0S:

Runoff = 23.7 cfs @ 12.04 hrs, Volume= 1.843 af, Depth= 6.70"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 100-yr Rainfall=8.63"

_	Area	(ac) (	CN [	Desc	ription									
	1.	400	98 F	Paved parking, HSG C										
	1.	100	74 >	>75%	6 Grass co	over, Good	, HSG C							
	0.	300	80 >	>75%	6 Grass co	over, Good	, HSG D							
_	0.	500	72 \	Woo	ds/grass c	comb., Goo	d, HSG C							
	3.	300	84 \	Weig	hted Aver	age								
	1.	900	5	57.58	3% Pervio	us Area								
	1.	400	2	42.42	2% Imperv	vious Area								
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)		ope t/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description							
_	5.1	100	0.10	000	0.33		Sheet Flow,							
							Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.27"							
	0.5	150	0.10	000	4.74		Shallow Concentrated Flow,							
_							Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps							
	5.6	250	Tota	al										

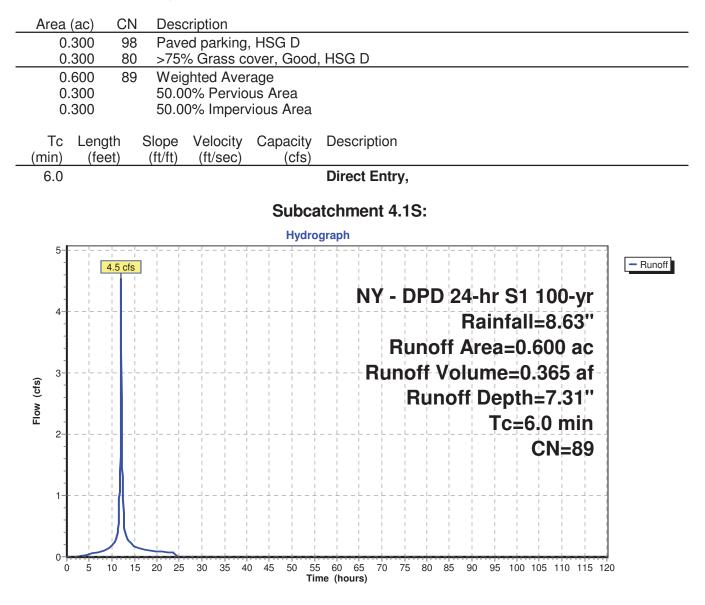
# Subcatchment 4.0S:



#### Summary for Subcatchment 4.1S:

Runoff = 4.5 cfs @ 12.04 hrs, Volume= 0.365 af, Depth= 7.31"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 100-yr Rainfall=8.63"



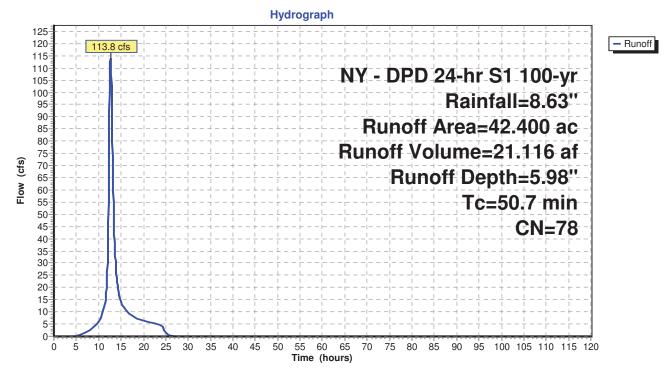
#### Summary for Subcatchment 5.0S:

Runoff = 113.8 cfs @ 12.65 hrs, Volume= 21.116 af, Depth= 5.98"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 100-yr Rainfall=8.63"

Area	(ac)	CN	Desc	cription										
6.	000	98	Pave	Paved parking, HSG C										
1.	600	98	Wate	er Surface	, HSG D									
8.	900	74	>75%	% Grass co	over, Good	, HSG C								
7.	300	71	Mea	dow, non-g	grazed, HS	GC								
8.	700	70	Woo	ds, Good,	HSG C									
1.	000	72	Woo	ds/grass d	comb., Goo	d, HSG C								
8.	700	77	Woo	ds, Good,	HSG D									
0.	200	80	>75%	% Grass co	over, Good	, HSG D								
42.	400	78	Weig	phted Aver	age									
34.	800		82.0	8% Pervio	us Area									
7.	600													
-					0	<b>D</b>								
	0			,		Description								
	(tee	et)	(†t/ft)	(tt/sec)	(cts)									
50.7						Direct Entry,								
42. 34. 7. Tc (min)	400 800	78 th	Weig 82.08	ohted Aver 8% Pervio	age	Description								

#### Subcatchment 5.0S:



# Summary for Subcatchment 5.1S:

Runoff = 60.8 cfs @ 11.99 hrs, Volume= 4.277 af, Depth= 7.55"

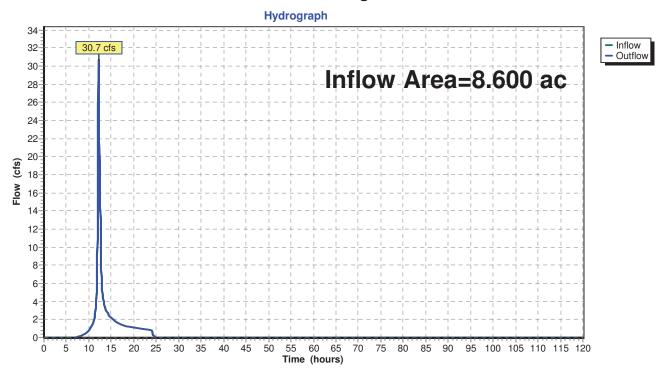
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NY - DPD 24-hr S1 100-yr Rainfall=8.63"

		90( 90(			98 74		ave 75%									d,	HS	G	С															
	6.8 1.9	800 900 900	) )	ć	91	W 2	/eig 7.94 2.00	ghte 4%	ed Pe	Av erv	ver vio	ag us	e Ar	rea	a																			
T mir			eng (fee		ŝ	Slop (ft/				cit sec		С	ap		city cfs)		De	esc	rip	tior	I													
2.	5																Di	rec	t E	Int	r <b>y</b> ,													
													S		bc	cat	ch	hm	en	nt 5	5 19	s.												
													U			rog						0.												
65	-		6	0.8 (	ofs	-				     			     								- 1 -	   		  -   	-	-			 	     			_	- Runo
60	-									¦ !	·								N١	Ź-	D	P	D	24	4-l	-¦- ∖r	S	1 .	10	0.	-yt			
55 50		     		     	-     -	-'   -'	¦-   ¦-	¦-     		   	·		!   ! 				 			• <u>-</u> - - - -	-         			ī - ·							3'			
45	5	- 		   	-	_	¦-			 			 							<u>+</u> _	Ru	In	of	f_/	4r	ea	=6	3.6	30	0	ac			
40 35 30 30	-	         			-     -			   -       -		     						 		         	R	<b>R</b> ul	i	i		i	i	i	i		i	i	a 5'	i		
<b>8</b> 130		-					,  _	¦-		i !	-		i !	i 		i 	i 	i 		i <u>1</u>	- <u> </u> -			  - 			-		1		nin	1		
25	5	-					!_	¦-		i !	,,			i 		i 	i 	i 		i <u>1</u> _	i - <u>L</u> -	i <u> </u>		i <u> </u>	-						91			
20		L		i !	 _	 _	!_	!-		i 	_		   	  - 		 		 	 	 	i _ <u>L</u> _	 		i 	i - L -	i _ L	[_				31			
15	5	L		-		i _!	!_	!-		i J			; ]	i 		i 	i 	i 		i 1 _	i - <u>+</u> -	i 		i 	- L _	- L -	L_		 	i _!	!-			
10		L		-	, _ l	, _	!_	!-		 			 	  - 		; 	, , , , , ,	י ו ו		; 	 	, - T		; 	. L	_ L _	l_		 	 _!	!			
5	5-1-1	,     L		人	; _!	_!	!_	¦-		i J			 	 		i 	, , , , ,	י   	 	i 	 			i 上	 _ L	 _ L _	!_		 	_ !	!			
C	, <u>1</u>			/ 			, <del>ala</del>			 <del> </del>							i <del>i ta</del>			i 	-	i		 			; <del>   .</del>			-				

# Summary for Reach DP 1: Design Point 1

Inflow Area =	8.600 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.65" for 100-yr even	nt
Inflow =	30.7 cfs @ 12.19 hrs, Volume= 3.332 af	
Outflow =	30.7 cfs @ 12.19 hrs, Volume= 3.332 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0	).0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2



# Reach DP 1: Design Point 1

# Summary for Reach DP 2: Design Point 2

Inflow Area =	3.600 ac,	0.00% Impervious, I	nflow Depth = 4.89"	for 100-yr event
Inflow =	13.6 cfs @	12.18 hrs, Volume=	= 1.467 af	
Outflow =	13.6 cfs @	12.18 hrs, Volume=	= 1.467 af, A	tten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2

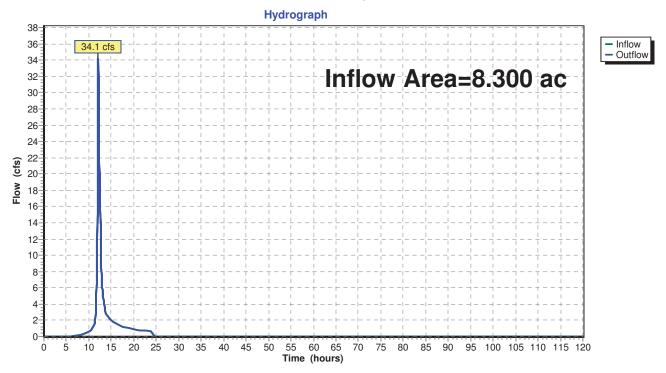
#### Hydrograph 15 - Inflow 13.6 cfs 14 Outflow 13-Inflow Area=3.600 ac 12 11 10 9 Flow (cfs) 8-7-6-5 4-3-2-1 0-5 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 70 75 80 85 90 95 100 105 110 115 120 Ó 10 55 60 65 Time (hours)

# **Reach DP 2: Design Point 2**

#### Summary for Reach DP 3: Design Point 3

Inflow Area =	8.300 ac, 32.53% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.87" for 100-yr event
Inflow =	34.1 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 3.366 af
Outflow =	34.1 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 3.366 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2

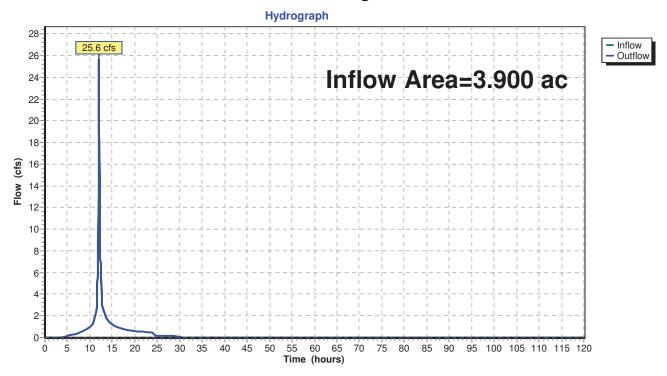


#### **Reach DP 3: Design Point 3**

#### Summary for Reach DP 4: Design Point 4

Inflow Area =	3.900 ac, 43.59% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 6.80	" for 100-yr event
Inflow =	25.6 cfs @ 12.04 hrs, Volume= 2.209 af	
Outflow =	25.6 cfs @ 12.04 hrs, Volume= 2.209 af,	Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2



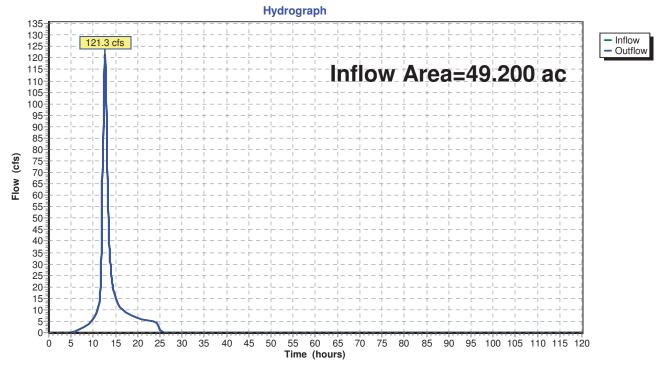
#### **Reach DP 4: Design Point 4**

#### Summary for Reach DP 5: Design Point 5

Inflow Area	a =	19.200 ac, 25.41% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 5.67" for 100-yr event	
Inflow	=	121.3 cfs @ 12.60 hrs, Volume= 23.229 af	
Outflow	=	121.3 cfs @ 12.60 hrs, Volume= 23.229 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 r	min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2

### Reach DP 5: Design Point 5



#### Summary for Pond 1.4 FS: Flow Splitter

Inflow Area =	0.600 ac, 50.00% Impervious, Inflow De	epth = 7.31" for 100-yr event
Inflow =	4.2 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume=	0.365 af
Outflow =	4.2 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume=	0.365 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min
Primary =	2.1 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume=	0.324 af
Secondary =	2.1 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume=	0.042 af

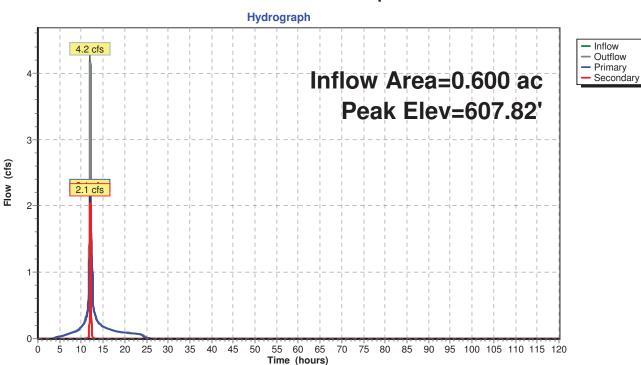
Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 607.82' @ 12.08 hrs Flood Elev= 608.50'

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	607.00'	12.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600
#2	Device 3	607.50'	4.0' long x 0.5' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir
			Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00
			Coef. (English) 2.80 2.92 3.08 3.30 3.32
#3	Secondary	604.50'	15.0" Round Culvert
			L= 20.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 604.50' / 604.00' S= 0.0250 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.120, Flow Area= 1.23 sf

Primary OutFlow Max=2.1 cfs @ 12.08 hrs HW=607.81' TW=606.54' (Dynamic Tailwater) **1=Orifice/Grate** (Orifice Controls 2.1 cfs @ 3.07 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=2.0 cfs @ 12.08 hrs HW=607.81' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) -3=Culvert (Passes 2.0 cfs of 2.5 cfs potential flow) -2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 2.0 cfs @ 1.60 fps)

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 100-yr Rainfall=8.63" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Printed 5/12/2023 Page 79



Pond 1.4 FS: Flow Splitter

#### Summary for Pond 3.1AP: Pretreatment Basin

Inflow Area =	4.400 ac, 50.00% Impervious, Inflow De	epth = 6.94" for 100-yr event
Inflow =	30.0 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume=	2.546 af
Outflow =	17.6 cfs @ 12.19 hrs, Volume=	2.546 af, Atten= 41%, Lag= 8.0 min
Primary =	1.5 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume=	0.965 af
Secondary =	16.1 cfs @ 12.19 hrs, Volume=	1.581 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 610.87' @ 12.19 hrs Surf.Area= 6,883 sf Storage= 23,448 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 113.2 min (908.1 - 794.9)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storage	Description		
#1	606.00'	24,3	50 cf Custom	Stage Data (Pr	r <b>ismatic)</b> Listed below (Recalc)	
Elevatio (fee		rf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)		
606.0 608.0 610.0 611.0	)0 )0 )0	2,900 4,400 6,100 7,000	0 7,300 10,500 6,550	0 7,300 17,800 24,350		
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	S		
#1	Device 3	608.00'	Head (feet) 0	<b>5' breadth Broa</b> 20 0.40 0.60 a) 2.80 2.92 3.		
#2	Primary	605.50'	6.0" Round C L= 40.0' CPF Inlet / Outlet In	<b>Culvert</b> P, square edge	headwall, Ke= 0.500 / 605.00' S= 0.0125 '/' Cc= 0.900	
#3	Secondary	605.50'	24.0" Round L= 50.0' CPF Inlet / Outlet In	<b>Culvert</b> P, square edge	headwall, Ke= 0.500 ' 604.00' S= 0.0300 '/' Cc= 0.900	
Drimory		av_1 5 ofc @	1217 bro UW	-610 95' TW-	607 20' (Dynamia Tailwatar)	

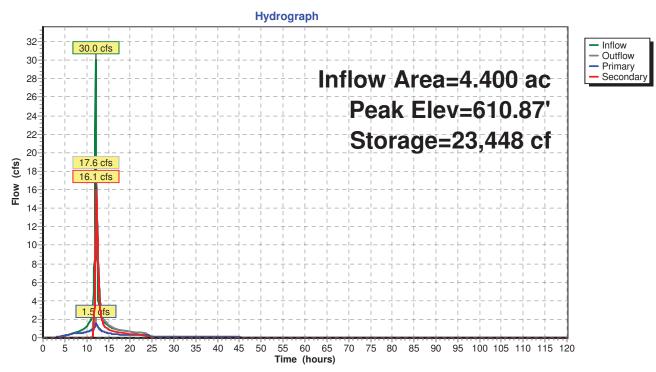
**Primary OutFlow** Max=1.5 cfs @ 12.17 hrs HW=610.85' TW=607.20' (Dynamic Tailwater) **2=Culvert** (Outlet Controls 1.5 cfs @ 7.48 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=16.1 cfs @ 12.19 hrs HW=610.87' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) -3=Culvert (Passes 16.1 cfs of 31.6 cfs potential flow)

**1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 16.1 cfs @ 5.62 fps)

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 100-yr Rainfall=8.63" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Printed 5/12/2023 Page 81

Pond 3.1AP: Pretreatment Basin



#### Summary for Pond 3.1P: Infiltration Basin

Inflow Area =	4.400 ac, 50.00% Impervious, Inflow De	epth = 2.63" for 100-yr event
Inflow =	1.5 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume=	0.965 af
Outflow =	0.3 cfs @ 17.82 hrs, Volume=	0.965 af, Atten= 79%, Lag= 338.6 min
Discarded =	0.3 cfs @ 17.82 hrs, Volume=	0.965 af
Primary =	0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0.000 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 608.16' @ 17.82 hrs Surf.Area= 6,788 sf Storage= 15,750 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 578.5 min calculated for 0.965 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 578.4 min (1,600.6 - 1,022.2)

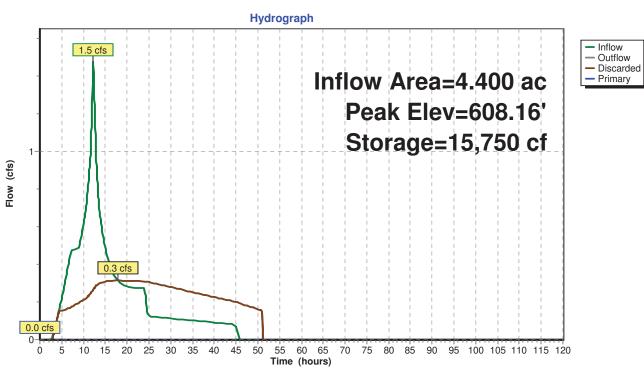
Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storage	e Description	
#1	605.00'	34,80	00 cf Custon	n Stage Data (Pr	ismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
	0	( <b>A</b>			
Elevatio		urf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	
(fee	et)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	
605.0	00	3,300	0	0	
606.0	00	4,300	3,800	3,800	
608.0	00	6,600	10,900	14,700	
610.0	00	9,000	15,600	30,300	
610.5	50	9,000	4,500	34,800	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Device	es	
#1	Device 2	609.10'	2.5' long x 0	.5' breadth Broa	ad-Crested Rectangular Weir X 2.00
			•	0.20 0.40 0.60	•
			( )	h) 2.80 2.92 3.	
#2	Primary	603.00'	15.0" Round	,	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	000100			headwall, Ke= 0.500
					602.00' S= 0.0200 '/' Cc= 0.900
				ow Area= 1.23 s	
#3	Discarded	605.00'	2.000 in/hr E	xfiltration over	Horizontal area Phase-In= 0.01'
Discord	ad OutFlow	May 0.0 of a	@ 17.00 hrs		rae Diasharrae)

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.3 cfs @ 17.82 hrs HW=608.16' (Free Discharge) **-3=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.3 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=605.00' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) 2=Culvert (Passes 0.0 cfs of 6.9 cfs potential flow) 1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.0 cfs)

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 100-yr Rainfall=8.63" Printed 5/12/2023 Page 83

Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC



Pond 3.1P: Infiltration Basin

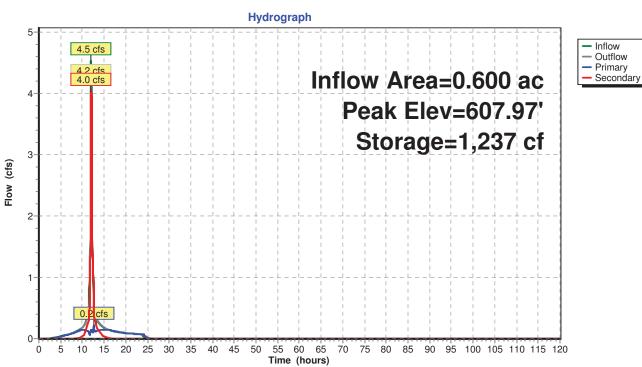
#### Summary for Pond 4.1AP1: Wet Swale

Inflow Area = Inflow = Outflow = Primary = Secondary =	4.5 cfs @ 1 4.2 cfs @ 1 0.2 cfs @ 1	0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth =       7.31" for 100-yr event         12.04 hrs, Volume=       0.365 af         12.08 hrs, Volume=       0.365 af, Atten= 8%, Lag= 2.3 min         12.67 hrs, Volume=       0.171 af         12.08 hrs, Volume=       0.194 af			
Starting Elev= 607	Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Starting Elev= 607.00' Surf.Area= 700 sf Storage= 275 cf Peak Elev= 607.97' @ 12.07 hrs Surf.Area= 1,282 sf Storage= 1,237 cf (962 cf above start)				
		nin calculated for 0.359 af (98% of inflow) nin ( 800.9 - 782.8 )			
Volume Inve	rt Avail.Sto	prage Storage Description			
#1 606.5	0' 1,27	275 cf Custom Stage Data (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)			
Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store Cum.Store (cubic-feet) (cubic-feet)			
606.50	400	0 0			
608.00	1,300	1,275 1,275			
Device Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices			
#1 Primary	607.00'	4.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600			
0	607.00'	<b>4.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600 <b>4.0' long x 0.5' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir</b>			
#1 Primary	607.00'	<b>4.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600 <b>4.0' long x 0.5' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir</b> Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00			
#1 Primary	607.00'	<b>4.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600 <b>4.0' long x 0.5' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir</b>			

1=Orifice/Grate (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Secondary OutFlow Max=4.2 cfs @ 12.08 hrs HW=607.95' TW=607.81' (Dynamic Tailwater) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 4.2 cfs @ 1.60 fps)

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 100-yr Rainfall=8.63" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Printed 5/12/2023 Page 85



Pond 4.1AP1: Wet Swale

#### Summary for Pond 4.1BP: Bioretention

Inflow Area =	0.600 ac, 50.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 6.49" for 100-yr event
Inflow =	2.1 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.324 af
Outflow =	0.5 cfs @ 12.75 hrs, Volume= 0.324 af, Atten= 75%, Lag= 40.1 min
Primary =	0.5 cfs @ 12.75 hrs, Volume= 0.324 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 606.91' @ 12.75 hrs Surf.Area= 6,099 sf Storage= 5,086 cf

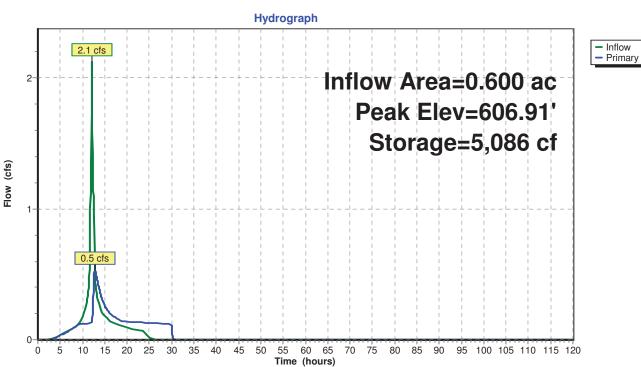
Plug-Flow detention time= 229.7 min calculated for 0.324 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 229.7 min (1,040.0 - 810.3)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storag	je Storage	e Description	
#1	606.00'	5,650	cf Custom	m Stage Data (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)	
Elevatio (fee 606.0 607.0	t) O		Inc.Store ubic-feet) 0 5,650	Cum.Store (cubic-feet) 0 5,650	
Device	Routing	Invert C	outlet Device	es	
#1 #2 #3	Device 3 Device 3 Primary	606.60' <b>1</b> 602.50' <b>8</b> L Ir	<b>2.0'' Vert. O</b> .0'' Round = 10.0' CP nlet / Outlet	Exfiltration over Surface area Phase-In= 0.01' Drifice/Grate C= 0.600 I Culvert PP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 : Invert= 602.50' / 602.20' S= 0.0300 '/' Cc= 0.90 prrugated PE, smooth interior, Flow Area= 0.35 sf	0

**Primary OutFlow** Max=0.5 cfs @ 12.75 hrs HW=606.91' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) **3=Culvert** (Passes 0.5 cfs of 3.4 cfs potential flow) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.1 cfs)

**2=Orifice/Grate** (Orifice Controls 0.4 cfs @ 1.89 fps)

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 100-yr Rainfall=8.63" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Printed 5/12/2023 Page 87



Pond 4.1BP: Bioretention

#### Summary for Pond 5.1AP: Pretreatment Basin

Inflow Area =	6.800 ac, 72.06% Impervious, Inflow De	epth = 7.55" for 100-yr event
Inflow =	60.8 cfs @ 11.99 hrs, Volume=	4.277 af
Outflow =	39.5 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume=	4.277 af, Atten= 35%, Lag= 3.9 min
Primary =	1.8 cfs @ 12.05 hrs, Volume=	2.163 af
Secondary =	37.7 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume=	2.113 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 661.29' @ 12.06 hrs Surf.Area= 9,888 sf Storage= 33,003 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 113.7 min (885.7 - 772.0)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storage	Description		
#1	656.00'	40,30	00 cf Custom	Stage Data (Pri	ismatic) Listed below (F	Recalc)
Elevatio		urf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store		
(fee		(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)		
656.0		2,500	0	0		
658.0	00	5,000	7,500	7,500		
660.0	00	8,600	13,600	21,100		
662.0	00	10,600	19,200	40,300		
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Device	S		
#1	Device 3	659.40'	2.5' long x 0.	5' breadth Broa	d-Crested Rectangula	r Weir X 2.00
				).20 0.40 0.60 ( n) 2.80 2.92 3.(		
#2	Primary	655.50'	6.0" Round (	Culvert		
	-		L= 30.0' CPI	P. square edge h	neadwall, Ke= 0.500	
	Inlet / Outlet Invert= 655.50' / 655.00' S= 0.0167 '/' Cc= 0.900					Cc= 0.900
				w Area= 0.20 sf		
#3	Secondary	657.50'	30.0" Round			
	cocondary	001100			headwall, Ke= 0.500	
						$C_{C} = 0.900$
	Inlet / Outlet Invert= 657.50' / 656.50' S= 0.0100 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012, Flow Area= 4.91 sf					00- 0.000
			n= 0.012, 110			
Drimary	<b>Primary OutFlow</b> Max-1.8 cfs @ 12.05 brs HW-661.28' TW-656.45' (Dynamic Tailwater)					

**Primary OutFlow** Max=1.8 cfs @ 12.05 hrs HW=661.28' TW=656.45' (Dynamic Tailwater) **2=Culvert** (Outlet Controls 1.8 cfs @ 9.40 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=37.5 cfs @ 12.06 hrs HW=661.27' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) -3=Culvert (Inlet Controls 37.5 cfs @ 7.65 fps)

**1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Passes 37.5 cfs of 42.5 cfs potential flow)

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 100-yr Rainfall=8.63" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Printed 5/12/2023 Page 89

Hydrograph 65-60.8 cfs Inflow - Outflow 60 – Primary Inflow Area=6.800 ac Secondary 55-Peak Elev=661.29' 50 45 Storage=33,003 cf 39.5 cfs 37.7 cfs 40 (cfs) 35 Flow 30 25 20 15-10 5-1 cfs 0-15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 55 60 65 70 75 80 85 90 95 100 105 110 115 120 5 10 Ó Time (hours)

#### Pond 5.1AP: Pretreatment Basin

#### Summary for Pond 5.1P: Infiltration Basin

Inflow Area =	6.800 ac, 72.06% Impervious, Inflow De	epth = 3.82" for 100-yr event
Inflow =	1.8 cfs @ 12.05 hrs, Volume=	2.163 af
Outflow =	0.7 cfs @ 25.05 hrs, Volume=	2.164 af, Atten= 64%, Lag= 779.7 min
Discarded =	0.7 cfs @ 25.05 hrs, Volume=	2.164 af
Primary =	0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0.000 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-120.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 658.28' @ 25.05 hrs Surf.Area= 14,257 sf Storage= 37,936 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 592.4 min (1,603.6 - 1,011.2)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Stor	age Storage	Description	
#1	655.00'	64,95	0 cf Custom	Stage Data (Pr	ismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee		rf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
655.0	00	9,000	0	0	
656.0	00	10,500	9,750	9,750	
660.0	00	17,100	55,200	64,950	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Device	es	
#1	Device 2	659.00'	•		ad-Crested Rectangular Weir X 2.00
#2	Primary	653.00'	Coef. (English 15.0" Round L= 10.0' CP	P, square edge l	
#3	Discarded	655.00'	,	ow Area= 1.23 sf xfiltration over I	

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.7 cfs @ 25.05 hrs HW=658.28' (Free Discharge) **3=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.7 cfs)

**Primary OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=655.00' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) -2=Culvert (Passes 0.0 cfs of 6.9 cfs potential flow) -1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.0 cfs)

NY - DPD 24-hr S1 100-yr Rainfall=8.63" Prepared by Insite Engineering, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, P.C. HydroCAD® 10.00-15 s/n 00891 © 2015 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Printed 5/12/2023 Page 91

Hydrograph 2 1.8 cfs Inflow \_ Outflow Discarded Inflow Area=6.800 ac - Primary Peak Elev=658.28' Storage=37,936 cf Flow (cfs) 0.7 cfs 0.0 cfs 0-1-4 5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 75 80 85 90 95 100 105 110 115 120 45 50 55 60 65 70 Ó Time (hours)

#### Pond 5.1P: Infiltration Basin

#### **APPENDIX D**

NYSDEC SPDES for Construction Activities Construction Site Log Book

### APPENDIX F CONSTRUCTION SITE INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE LOG BOOK

# STATE POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM FOR CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES

## SAMPLE CONSTRUCTION SITE LOG BOOK

### Table of Contents

- I. Pre-Construction Meeting Documents
  - a. Preamble to Site Assessment and Inspections
  - b. Pre-Construction Site Assessment Checklist

### II. Construction Duration Inspections

- a. Directions
- b. Modification to the SWPPP

#### I. PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING DOCUMENTS

Project Name	
Permit No.	Date of Authorization
Name of Operator	
Prime Contractor	

#### a. Preamble to Site Assessment and Inspections

The Following Information To Be Read By All Person's Involved in The Construction of Stormwater Related Activities:

The Operator agrees to have a qualified inspector<sup>1</sup> conduct an assessment of the site prior to the commencement of construction<sup>2</sup> and certify in this inspection report that the appropriate erosion and sediment controls described in the SWPPP have been adequately installed or implemented to ensure overall preparedness of the site for the commencement of construction.

Prior to the commencement of construction, the Operator shall certify in this site logbook that the SWPPP has been prepared in accordance with the State's standards and meets all Federal, State and local erosion and sediment control requirements. A preconstruction meeting should be held to review all of the SWPPP requirements with construction personnel.

When construction starts, site inspections shall be conducted by the qualified inspector at least every 7 calendar days. The Operator shall maintain a record of all inspection reports in this site logbook. The site logbook shall be maintained on site and be made available to the permitting authorities upon request.

Prior to filing the Notice of Termination or the end of permit term, the Operator shall have a qualified inspector perform a final site inspection. The qualified inspector shall certify that the site has undergone final stabilization<sup>3</sup> using either vegetative or structural stabilization methods and that all temporary erosion and sediment controls (such as silt fencing) not needed for long-term erosion control have been removed. In addition, the Operator must identify and certify that all permanent structures described in the SWPPP have been constructed and provide the owner(s) with an operation and maintenance plan that ensures the structure(s) continuously functions as designed.

1 Refer to "Qualified Inspector" inspection requirements in the current SPDES General Permit for Stormwater Discharges from Construction Activity for complete list of inspection requirements.

3 "Final stabilization" means that all soil-disturbing activities at the site have been completed and a uniform, perennial vegetative cover with a density of eighty (80) percent has been established or equivalent stabilization measures (such as the use of mulches or geotextiles) have been employed on all unpaved areas and areas not covered by permanent structures.

<sup>2 &</sup>quot;Commencement of construction" means the initial removal of vegetation and disturbance of soils associated with clearing, grading or excavating activities or other construction activities.

#### b. Pre-construction Site Assessment Checklist (NOTE: Provide comments below as necessary)

1. Notice of Intent, SWPPP, and Contractors Certification:

#### Yes No NA

- [] [] Has a Notice of Intent been filed with the NYS Department of Conservation?
- [] [] [] Is the SWPPP on-site? Where?
- [] [] Is the Plan current? What is the latest revision date?\_\_\_\_\_
- [] [] Is a copy of the NOI (with brief description) onsite? Where?
- [] [] Have all contractors involved with stormwater related activities signed a contractor's certification?

#### 2. Resource Protection

#### Yes No NA

- [] [] Are construction limits clearly flagged or fenced?
- [] [] Important trees and associated rooting zones, on-site septic system absorption fields, existing vegetated areas suitable for filter strips, especially in perimeter areas, have been flagged for protection.
- [] [] Creek crossings installed prior to land-disturbing activity, including clearing and blasting.
- 3. Surface Water Protection

#### Yes No NA

- [] [] Clean stormwater runoff has been diverted from areas to be disturbed.
- [] [] Bodies of water located either on site or in the vicinity of the site have been identified and protected.
- [] [] Appropriate practices to protect on-site or downstream surface water are installed.
- [] [] Are clearing and grading operations divided into areas <5 acres?

#### 4. Stabilized Construction Access

#### Yes No NA

- [] [] A temporary construction entrance to capture mud and debris from construction vehicles before they enter the public highway has been installed.
- [] [] Other access areas (entrances, construction routes, equipment parking areas) are stabilized immediately as work takes place with gravel or other cover.
- [] [] Sediment tracked onto public streets is removed or cleaned on a regular basis.
- 5. Sediment Controls

#### Yes No NA

- [] [] Silt fence material and installation comply with the standard drawing and specifications.
- [] [] Silt fences are installed at appropriate spacing intervals
- [] [] Sediment/detention basin was installed as first land disturbing activity.
- [] [] Sediment traps and barriers are installed.

#### 6. Pollution Prevention for Waste and Hazardous Materials

#### Yes No NA

- [] [] The Operator or designated representative has been assigned to implement the spill prevention avoidance and response plan.
- [] [] The plan is contained in the SWPPP on page
- [] [] Appropriate materials to control spills are onsite. Where?

#### **II. CONSTRUCTION DURATION INSPECTIONS**

#### a. Directions:

#### Inspection Forms will be filled out during the entire construction phase of the project.

Required Elements:

- 1) On a site map, indicate the extent of all disturbed site areas and drainage pathways. Indicate site areas that are expected to undergo initial disturbance or significant site work within the next 14-day period;
- 2) Indicate on a site map all areas of the site that have undergone temporary or permanent stabilization;
- 3) Indicate all disturbed site areas that have not undergone active site work during the previous 14-day period;
- 4) Inspect all sediment control practices and record the approximate degree of sediment accumulation as a percentage of sediment storage volume (for example, 10 percent, 20 percent, 50 percent);
- 5) Inspect all erosion and sediment control practices and record all maintenance requirements such as verifying the integrity of barrier or diversion systems (earthen berms or silt fencing) and containment systems (sediment basins and sediment traps). Identify any evidence of rill or gully erosion occurring on slopes and any loss of stabilizing vegetation or seeding/mulching. Document any excessive deposition of sediment or ponding water along barrier or diversion systems. Record the depth of sediment within containment structures, any erosion near outlet and overflow structures, and verify the ability of rock filters around perforated riser pipes to pass water; and
- 6) Immediately report to the Operator any deficiencies that are identified with the implementation of the SWPPP.

### SITE PLAN/SKETCH

 Inspector (print name)
 Date of Inspection

 Qualified Inspector (print name)
 Qualified Inspector Signature

The above signed acknowledges that, to the best of his/her knowledge, all information provided on the forms is accurate and complete.

#### **CONSTRUCTION DURATION INSPECTIONS**

#### **Maintaining Water Quality**

#### Yes No NA

- [] [] Is there an increase in turbidity causing a substantial visible contrast to natural conditions at the outfalls?
- [] [] Is there residue from oil and floating substances, visible oil film, or globules or grease at the outfalls?
- [] [] All disturbance is within the limits of the approved plans.
- [] [] Have receiving lake/bay, stream, and/or wetland been impacted by silt from project?

#### Housekeeping

1. General Site Conditions

#### Yes No NA

- [] [] [] Is construction site litter, debris and spoils appropriately managed?
- [] [] Are facilities and equipment necessary for implementation of erosion and sediment control in working order and/or properly maintained?
- [] [] [] Is construction impacting the adjacent property?
- [] [] [] Is dust adequately controlled?

#### 2. Temporary Stream Crossing

#### Yes No NA

- [] [] Maximum diameter pipes necessary to span creek without dredging are installed.
- [] [] Installed non-woven geotextile fabric beneath approaches.
- [] [] Is fill composed of aggregate (no earth or soil)?
- [] [] [] Rock on approaches is clean enough to remove mud from vehicles & prevent sediment from entering stream during high flow.
- 3. Stabilized Construction Access

#### Yes No NA

- [] [] [] Stone is clean enough to effectively remove mud from vehicles.
- [] [] Installed per standards and specifications?
- [] [] Does all traffic use the stabilized entrance to enter and leave site?
- [] [] [] Is adequate drainage provided to prevent ponding at entrance?

#### **Runoff Control Practices**

1. Excavation Dewatering

#### Yes No NA

- [] [] Upstream and downstream berms (sandbags, inflatable dams, etc.) are installed per plan.
- [] [] Clean water from upstream pool is being pumped to the downstream pool.
- [] [] Sediment laden water from work area is being discharged to a silt-trapping device.
- [] [] Constructed upstream berm with one-foot minimum freeboard.

#### **Runoff Control Practices (continued)**

2. Flow Spreader

#### Yes No NA

- [] [] [] Installed per plan.
- [] [] Constructed on undisturbed soil, not on fill, receiving only clear, non-sediment laden flow.
- [] [] Flow sheets out of level spreader without erosion on downstream edge.

#### 3. Interceptor Dikes and Swales

#### Yes No NA

- [] [] [] Installed per plan with minimum side slopes 2H:1V or flatter.
- [] [] Stabilized by geotextile fabric, seed, or mulch with no erosion occurring.
- [] [] Sediment-laden runoff directed to sediment trapping structure

#### 4. Stone Check Dam

#### Yes No NA

- [] [] [] Is channel stable? (flow is not eroding soil underneath or around the structure).
- [] [] Check is in good condition (rocks in place and no permanent pools behind the structure).
- [] [] Has accumulated sediment been removed?.

#### 5. Rock Outlet Protection

#### Yes No NA

- [] [] [] Installed per plan.
- [] [] Installed concurrently with pipe installation.

#### Soil Stabilization

1. Topsoil and Spoil Stockpiles

#### Yes No NA

- [] [] [] Stockpiles are stabilized with vegetation and/or mulch.
- [] [] Sediment control is installed at the toe of the slope.
- 2. Revegetation

#### Yes No NA

- [] [] [] Temporary seedings and mulch have been applied to idle areas.
- [] [] 4 inches minimum of topsoil has been applied under permanent seedings

#### Sediment Control Practices

1. Silt Fence and Linear Barriers

#### Yes No NA

- [] [] Installed on Contour, 10 feet from toe of slope (not across conveyance channels).
- [] [] Joints constructed by wrapping the two ends together for continuous support.
- [] [] Fabric buried 6 inches minimum.
- [] [] Posts are stable, fabric is tight and without rips or frayed areas.

Sediment accumulation is \_\_\_% of design capacity.

#### CONSTRUCTION DURATION INSPECTIONS

Page 4 of \_\_\_\_\_

#### Sediment Control Practices (continued)

2. Storm Drain Inlet Protection (Use for Stone & Block; Filter Fabric; Curb; or, Excavated; Filter Sock or Manufactured practices)

#### Yes No NA

- [] [] Installed concrete blocks lengthwise so open ends face outward, not upward.
- [] [] Placed wire screen between No. 3 crushed stone and concrete blocks.
- [] [] Drainage area is 1acre or less.
- [] [] [] Excavated area is 900 cubic feet.
- [] [] Excavated side slopes should be 2:1.
- [] [] 2" x 4" frame is constructed and structurally sound.
- [] [] Posts 3-foot maximum spacing between posts.
- [] [] Fabric is embedded 1 to 1.5 feet below ground and secured to frame/posts with staples at max 8-inch spacing.
- [] [] Posts are stable, fabric is tight and without rips or frayed areas.
- [] [] [] Manufactured insert fabric is free of tears and punctures.
- [] [] Filter Sock is not torn or flattened and fill material is contained within the mesh sock.

Sediment accumulation \_\_\_\_% of design capacity.

3. Temporary Sediment Trap

#### Yes No NA

- [] [] Outlet structure is constructed per the approved plan or drawing.
- [] [] Geotextile fabric has been placed beneath rock fill.
- [] [] [] Sediment trap slopes and disturbed areas are stabilized.

Sediment accumulation is \_\_\_% of design capacity.

4. Temporary Sediment Basin

#### Yes No NA

- [] [] Basin and outlet structure constructed per the approved plan.
- [] [] Basin side slopes are stabilized with seed/mulch.
- [] [] Drainage structure flushed and basin surface restored upon removal of sediment basin facility.
- [] [] Sediment basin dewatering pool is dewatering at appropriate rate.

Sediment accumulation is \_\_\_% of design capacity.

<u>Note</u>: Not all erosion and sediment control practices are included in this listing. Add additional pages to this list as required by site specific design. All practices shall be maintained in accordance with their respective standards.

Construction inspection checklists for post-development stormwater management practices can be found in Appendix F of the New York Stormwater Management Design Manual.

#### **CONSTRUCTION DURATION INSPECTIONS**

#### b. Modifications to the SWPPP (To be completed as described below)

The Operator shall amend the SWPPP whenever:

- 1. There is a significant change in design, construction, operation, or maintenance which may have a significant effect on the potential for the discharge of pollutants to the waters of the United States and which has not otherwise been addressed in the SWPPP; or
- 2. The SWPPP proves to be ineffective in:
  - a. Eliminating or significantly minimizing pollutants from sources identified in the SWPPP and as required by this permit; or
  - b. Achieving the general objectives of controlling pollutants in stormwater discharges from permitted construction activity; and
- 3. Additionally, the SWPPP shall be amended to identify any new contractor or subcontractor that will implement any measure of the SWPPP.

#### **Modification & Reason:**

#### b. Operators Certification

"I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. Further, I hereby certify that the SWPPP meets all Federal, State, and local erosion and sediment control requirements. I am aware that false statements made herein are punishable as a class A misdemeanor pursuant to Section 210.45 of the Penal Law. "

Name (please print):			
Title		Date:	
Address:			
Phone:	_ Email:		
Signature:			

#### c. Qualified Professional's Credentials & Certification

" I hereby certify that I meet the criteria set forth in the General Permit to conduct site inspections for this project and that the appropriate erosion and sediment controls described in the SWPPP and as described in the following Pre-construction Site Assessment Checklist have been adequately installed or implemented, ensuring the overall preparedness of this site for the commencement of construction."

Name (please pri	int):		
Title		Date:	
Address:			
Phone:	Email:		
Signature:			

#### d. Contractors Certification Statement

"I hereby certify that I understand and agree to comply with the terms and conditions of the SWPPP and agree to implement any corrective actions identified by the qualified inspector during a site inspection. I also understand that the owner or operator must comply with the terms and conditions of the most current version of the New York State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System ("SPDES") general permit for stormwater discharges from construction activities and that it is unlawful for any person to cause or contribute to a violation of water quality standards. Furthermore, I understand that certifying false, incorrect or inaccurate information is a violation of the referenced permit and the laws of the State of New York and could subject me to criminal, civil and/or administrative proceedings."

Signature of Contractor		Date	
Print Name	Title		
Signature of Trained Contractor		Date	
Print Name of Trained Contractor	Title		
Name of Contracting Firm			
Street Address			
City, State, Zip			
Telephone No.	of the Stammuster Dellutio	n Dravantion Dian (SW/DDD) for a ra	

A copy of this statement shall be retained as part of the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) for a period off at least five (5) years after the subject property is stabilized.

#### **APPENDIX E**

#### **Project and Owner Information**

Site Data:

4 Baldwin Place Road Town of Carmel, New York 10541 Area: 30.53 acres ±

Owner Information:

Bernad Creations LTD 124 Ridge Road Montgomery, NY 12549

Parties Responsible for Implementation of the Short and Long Term Maintenance Plan:

Bernad Creations LTD 124 Ridge Road Montgomery, NY 12549

and or the current owner(s) of the subject property.

Qualified Professional Responsible for Inspection of the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan:

Insite Engineering, Surveying & Landscape Architecture, P.C. 3 Garrett Place Carmel, New York 10512 845-225-96

#### **APPENDIX F**

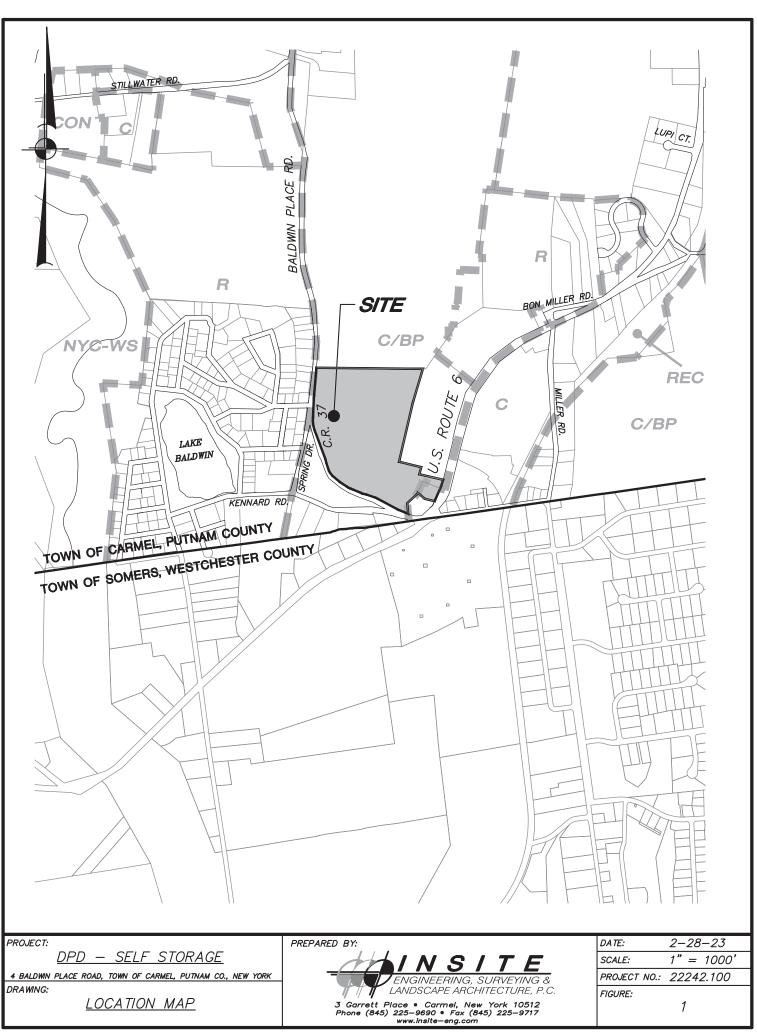
**Bioretention Filter Sizing Calculation** 

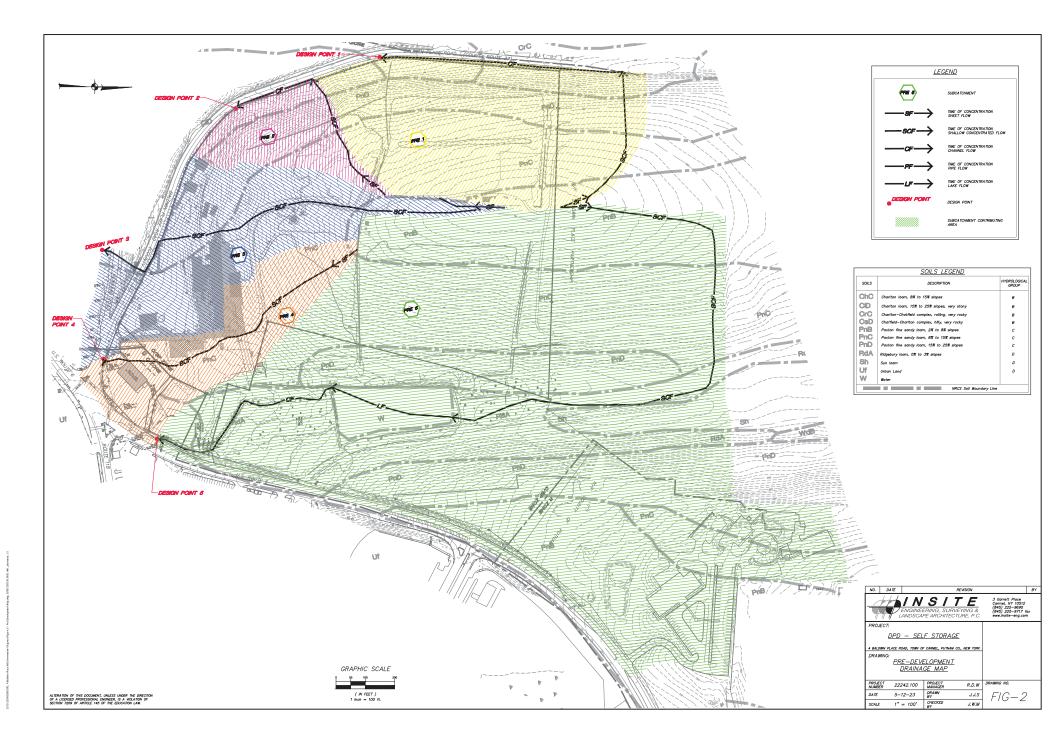
SMP 4.1BP - NYSDEC Bioretention FileProject:DPDProject #:22242.100Date:5/12/2023	ENGI	NSITE NEERING, SURVEYING & SCAPE ARCHITECTURE, P.C.	
1a. WQv Required for Downstream SMP =	0.082 ac-ft	3,572 c.f.	
1b. Subcatchment % Imperviousness =	50.0% %		
<ul> <li>2. Required Practice Volume</li> <li>2a. Total required volume = 75% of WQv</li> <li>2b. Total volume provided in filter =</li> </ul>	(in filter and pretreatment)	=	2,679 c.f. 2,688 c.f.

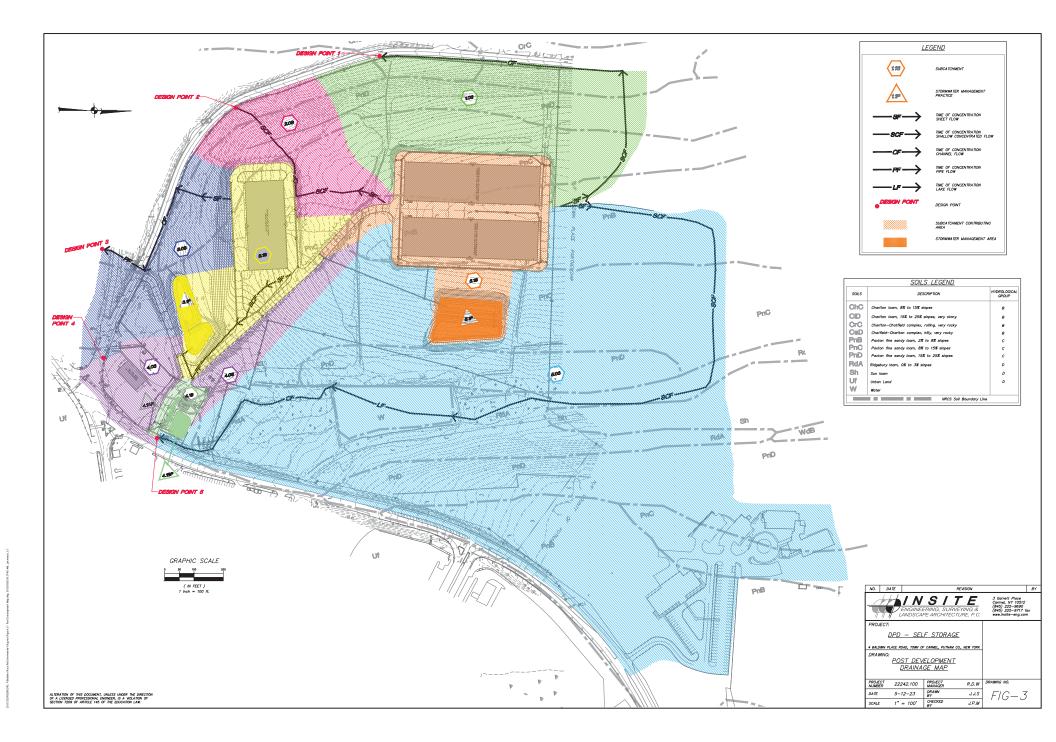
3. Pretreatment Requirements: Pretreatment will be provided by a gravel diaphraghm and grass filter strip.

4. Required Filter Area:			
4a. Required Filter Area =	WQv	(df)	
·	k (hf + d	f) + tf	-
	df=	2.50	) ft.
	hf=	0.25	5 ft.
	k=	0.50	ft./day
	tf=	2.00	) days
Required F	ilter Area=	3247	s.f.
4b. Provided Filter Area =		5,100	) s.f.
4c. Volume provided in filte	r=	2,688	3 c.f.

### **FIGURES**







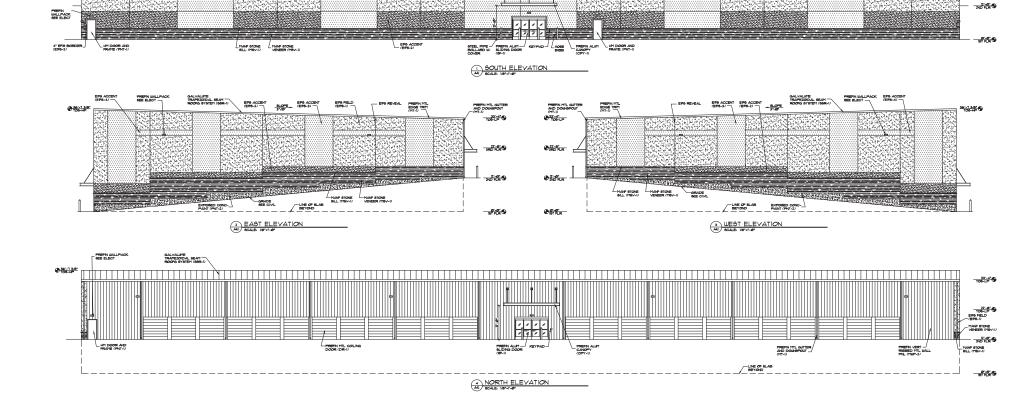
		1															312'-Ø'																t	
																																		l
	ŝ															CONC IND	<u> </u>															ŝ	POB-ROC	
		ciencie	<i>ciexie</i> (3)	сюло (Д	слөмө (А)	сіөліө (Д	ciexie A	сюлю (A)	сюжю (Д	сыякыя (Д	сюже (А)	cienie A	стөлө 		сирлор (Д	савла (А)		<i>टाक</i> लक 	сюло (Д	сюлю (a)	ciente A	сіехіе (A)	сіяхія (Д	cienie A	сюно (8)	c10x10 @	станта (8)		 	<i>⊂∞∞</i> ⊛	санар (В)	€ STARI		
		() () () () () () () () () () () () () (	(6) C5x10	8 8 0 caxae caxae c			(B) (B) C8x49 (C8x19	B B Citoria	8 6%5 6%5	(B)	B B C8x8 C8x8	8 C8x8 C8x8	8 (3x3 (3x3) (3x) (3x	8 649 649	8 2449 2349	Cixie	8 (343) (34)	8	8 8 28:0 28:0	8 8 28:0 28:0	8 8 cava cava	(B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B)	8 6%3 6%3	8 8 cava cava			8 8 caxas caxas			6 8 cixxe cixxe	CBxHD			
		Carrie (B)	ана (д) (дня (дня (дня) (дна) (дна) (дна) (дна) (дна)	cieves (A)	Clare (A)	сюжв	сюхэ (А)	62949 (A)	cioao A	cioao A	скала	<i>съвав</i> (4)	сюлао	ciocao A	C100.00	City (0)		C100.00	<i>Ciencee</i> (A)	cionano (A)	<i>cienze</i> (A)	сюло (Д	cionao A	cioco A	сана (А)	<i>ca</i> exa (A)	<i>ca</i> ex# (A)	යනය (ම	cievite (A)	сюла (А)	(3%) (3%) (3%) (3%) (3%) (3%) (3%) (3%)	B Chule		
	MALL	C8×10 <sup>0</sup> (B)	<u></u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u>, w </u>				<u></u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>			<u></u>	B ctixie		
		(3 Skret)	() () () () () () () () () () () () () (	(A) C KOX (B)	(A) Claviti	(A) Сырків	(A) Claxes	(A) (18×8)	() Сыркыр	() Сыжыр	(A)	(A) C10×10	@ casnas	(A)	(A) CIENTE	8 63+5 63+5 (3)+6	() () ()	(A) Clania	(а) Скомо	(а) силио	(а) Сколо	(а) Сиркир	(A) Съякъя	() C18×18	(A) Clavia	(A) Clavite	(A) Clavela	(A) Clave	Сіблів	(A) скожав	8 23:5 23:49 (A)	<ul> <li>B CBx10</li> <li>B CBx10</li> </ul>	CONC IND	
9		съке (В) съке (В)	Civite					_								CBx40	A cana														6848 (B)	<ul> <li>B CBx10</li> <li>B CBx10</li> </ul>		2
Ť		C3×68 (B)	(A) (79+0 (B)	C KØX IB	Сконть	сюкв	ciexte	c10×18	cierae A	cienae A	сивав 	cueae	C18448	станаа 	A	(A) (3%) (B)	- Cancer (A)	<i>ствав</i> (8)	C100.00	C100.00	cionae A	cience A	cience A	cierae 	cupao	c19x18	сюль (А)	ciexte (A)	ciexte	ciexite A	(3%) (3%) (3%) (3%) (3%) (3%) (3%) (3%)	<ul> <li>B CBx10</li> <li>B CBx10</li> </ul>		ž
		C5x10 (B)	r							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	HALLBAY 1998															· · · · ·					B CBx10		
		C5x10 (B)	(В) СБжір	۲	8	۵	۲	۵	۲	۲	8	۵	۲	۲	8	(B) Cave Cave	۲	۲	۵	۲	۲	۲	۲	۲	۲	۲	۲	۵	۵	۵	(В) Сбжію	B CBx40		
		сане (В) сане (В)	саж <b>е</b> (Д	Clifte	ClØx15	Cliftet	Clifek	CIØxB	Clibeth	ClipxIb	CIØXB	ClØxB	Clipkib	ClØxI5	Clithelia	۲	ClaxB	C189424	C189424	Сюкъ	Cliftet	Clifter	Clinet	ClØxB	CIØXIB	CIØXIB	ClØxI5	CliØxI5	ClØxI5	ClØx85	саже (А	(B) C5x40 (B) C5x40		
			- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			10.00	10.00	510.00	(19/2)	(19/2)	C19/09	<b>CID</b> ( <b>D</b> )	0940	0000	<b>C1000</b>	63×69 (63×19) (63×19)	Child B'-d' E VERP			(19:09		(19/19	0000	510/0	0040			<b>C10</b> /10	<b>CD20</b>	<b>C10.20</b>	CBxx00	B C5x10 B C5x10		
			(A) (B)		cievae	ciencie	ciencie	Clexie	ciencie	ciencie	ciencie	ciencie	ciencie	<b>C10</b> 440	ciesae	0	8			ciencie	ciercie	ciente	cience	cierae	cionalo	cierae	cionale	C10440	CIBAD	CIDAD	0 0**	(B) C5×40		
			,®_		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	. @	⊥≞J +			(ଜୁନ୍ଦୁ) ଜୁନ୍ଦୁ	_@_] ``	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>				. @		۲		
			) C5x10	() () () () () () () () () () () () () (	(A) C10x10	@ ciøxiø	(A) Clioxilo	(A) Скоже	(A) Cléxile	(A) Clanta	(A) Стажиа	() Станта	() () () () () () () () () () () () () (	@ cæxø	(a) <i>стала</i>	(A) (a) (A) (C) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A)		1 <u>NG</u> CARTE UB-1-	@[7 @[ 	BPRINK BD CS×10	(а) сколю	(а) Скожко	(а) Сыркыр	Саркар	(А) Станка	(A) Clania	(A) CIDADO	(A) C10×10	(A) Cateria	(A) C10x10	(A) C100100			
-k		9														CANOPET ABOVE	/	KEY HC	61 35 6TEEL PIPE BOLLARD W COVER	0												,	<u>_ros-roc</u>	
															Ď G		FLOOR F	PLAN																

A SECOND FLOOR PLAN-BLDG A

21'-	·2* .	8'-8'	( <sup>1-4"</sup> 8'-8" J	( <sup>1-4</sup> '8-8'	( <sup>1'-4"</sup> 8'-8"	(1'-4' 8'-8' s(	ار- ار 8'-8' را	( <sup>1-4</sup> '8-8' )	( <sup>"-4"</sup> 8'-8"	( <sup>1-4</sup> ' 8'-8'	( <sup>"-4"</sup> 8'-8"	( <sup>1'-4'</sup> 8'-8'	C 8-8	6.0.	12-64	13'4"	. 8'-8"	6 <sup>1'-4"</sup> 8'-8'	( <sup>*-4*</sup> 8-8*	( <sup>1'-4"</sup> )	-T-4" 8'-8"	( <sup>1'-4"</sup>	( <sup>*-4</sup> '8'-8"	( <sup>1-4</sup> "8'-8'	( <sup>1-4</sup> ')	( <sup>1'-4"</sup> 8'-8'	( <sup>1-4</sup> '8'-8' )	( <sup> -4"</sup> 8'-8"	16'-bj	5 3-4.1	_ r-4 <b>j</b> "
8													CANOPY ABOVE		+ - + +	STEEL BOLLA COVER														¢ ۱	FOB
	ľ			8	<u> </u>				<u> </u>					сэхір		1_										- e			сажа	atAiR1	
	<i>ରେ ଅ</i> ନ୍ଦ୍ର														201 201	(A) CHONEO									iØxB	KØx15	iØx5	10×15	8		
C10-00	 C5×10	10:20	101-20	10x20	101-20									C5x10	<b>`</b>	1	100.00	10-20	10100	10-20	10120	10:20	10100	10:20					СБжКр		
۲	۲					10×30	10:30	10x30	10×30	10x30	10x30	10×30	10x30	۲	Скехть					$\diamond$									8	₽₽₽	
caxe (B)	C8×1Ø				ļ ļ	1								CBx10	۲	C100/03													Сёхыр	, <u> </u>	
C3×40 (B)	۲	CIØx15	Скрить	ClØxB	Скрить									۲	[	1	ClØxB	Cl@xl5	ClØxB	Clitex15	CIØXB	Cliftelite	ClØx5	Cli£xi5	CIBADD	Clavade	C18428	ciexae	۲	(E) Сэхир	
C5x10 (B)	сала (В	۵	A	a	A	CBu8 CBu8	රමාගම (ම (ම)	රතය රතය ම ම	28x45 28x45	C8x8 C8x8	C8xx8 C8xx8	28x8 28x8	> Cana) Cana) B B	<b>CB</b> ×0	сіяхія (А	A	A	A	A	ø	۵	A	A	A	۲	A	a	æ	(300 (B)	B c5x10	
ctwide (B)	للكما	<b>.</b>	<u> </u>		L	لمصلحط	<u> </u>	لمصلحما	لمحالم	<u>م</u> ارحيا	بصلحا	~ل~	<u>لە</u> لە	لكمل	L	<u>ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ</u>	<u>للـــــــــــل</u>	<u>``</u> ل	L	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	L	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	لمصل	B c8x10	
C5w09 (B)	8	0	8	- @ _	8	8	۲	8	8	- @	8		8	8	(A) (5×19	T @	8	T @	8	8	8	@	8	8	8	8	8	0	8 6345	B caxae	
C5x00 (B)	C5x1Ø	CIØx15	Скрить	Cligktb	CKOxib	СіфкіБ	CKOXID	Cligkt5	Скрхів	Cligkt5	Cløxiø	Claxia	CIØx1Ø	C5x5 C5x1Ø	(B) C5×10 <sup>2</sup>	- Clavia	CIØXIØ	Clexie	ClØx15	Clipkib	Скехъ	Cligkits	ClØx15	Clipkib	ClØx15	Clipkib	СіØхЂ	CilØxi5	C5xlØ	B C5×10	
C8x10 (B)	Свжир													0	(B) C8×10				1										۲	B c8x10	
ctwar (B)	8													CBuck	(B) C3x10	1													Cityle	B c8x10	
caxe @	СБжір										C109428	C109-215	C109428	۲	(B) C3×10	C105/215	C109428	Classia											۲	B caxae	5
C5x00 (B)	۲	C10x20	୯୪୫୬୦୫	CIONOD	<i>ରାଜାର ଡ</i>	CIEXOP	വകരമ	Classo	<i>ରାହାର</i> ହ	C10x20				СБжБ (В)	(B) C5×10	1			വകരമ	C10x20	C10420	C10x20	<i>ରାଜାପଡ</i>	Clavad	വകരമ	C10x20	C10x20	C10x20	C8x8	B C5×10	9-19 9-19
caxe @	сажа (В)	A	A		A		A	a	A/	A	A	A	۲	съхФ (В)	съхия Э		(4)	A	۲	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	@	A	с5×5 В	B c8x10	
came @	ىلەكما ر		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ل	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		HALLUAY 2008	L	<u> </u>		اتصل	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u></u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ليتسل	B caxa	
C3xx00 (B)	8	@	8	8	- @	A 1	۲	8	- @	8	8	@	8	8	۵	<b></b>	8	<b>T</b> @	8	8	@	@	8	@	8	@	8	8	В	B c3x10	
C3x00 (B)	CBx1Ø	CIØxI5	Скрить	ClØxI5	Скрхів	ClØxB	ClØxIb	Claxia	Cloxia	Claxia	Claxia	Clavia	CIØXIØ	CBx10	CKØ×15		Cloxio	CIEXIE	Cloxia	ClipxIb	Сіфхіб	Clipkib	ClØxTb	ClØxIb	Сіфхіб	ClipxIb	СіфхБ	ClØxI5	CBxlØ	B C5x10	
Civite (B)	Сбжар															C10x24				1									۲	B ctxle	
	8													69x8 (B)	(E) C3x10	1													CBXID	B cana	
CKØX14	СБхіф							Clax25	C109/29	C10x25	C109/29	C10x25	C109429	(3%) (8)	(e) case		C109429	C169429	C109/25										8	B c3x10	
	۲	C1@x2@	Clavaa	Clax20	C189/28	C10x20	C109420							CBx10						Clavado	CIBNOD	CIEX20	C10420	CIDIAD	ମହାଏହ	Clavage	C189/28	CIENCIE	(25x8) (8)	B C5x10	
	съла (В)	A	A	A	A	A	æ	a	A	•	A	A	۲	8				A	۲	A	۵	A	A	A	۵	A	A	A	с5×5 В	(	
	ىلىكى ا		<u> </u>	<u>ل</u>	<u> </u>	لىكىي	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	اكمك	Bood bi	aa 18 <u> </u>	4L	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u>ل</u> ے م	لمحتصا	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	امتصله	<b>a</b>	
	* [®]	@		- @ _	- @ _	<b></b>	۲		- @ _			0	<b></b>	<b>@</b>	200	<sup>™</sup> ₩0-1√1®	8	T @		@	8	@		- @		- @	- @	•	<b></b>	- C10020	
97AIR 2 [204] 90"x48"	C5x1Ø	Claria	Cløxlø	Claxla	Cløxlø	Clexie	Cløxlø	Clexie	Cløxlø	Claxia	CIØXIØ	Clexie	CIØx1Ø	Clexie	(A) CBx10	(B) (3x5	CIØXIØ	Clexie	CIØxIØ	Clexie	CIØKIØ	Claxia	Сіёніе	Clexie	Claxia	Cloxia	Clarka	Claxia	CIØKIØ		
Constantion of State								u																							106 

<u>\$</u>													CANOPY	$\left \right $		-@-														8	506
ciencie	сюже 	ciexie A	ciania 	сюже 	сюха	ciente A	сюжю	ciexie B	сюжю	ciexie A	сажа	ciaxia (A)	сланка (Д	ciexie (A)	c100/00	ciexie @	ciente A	cianda A	снажа	ciente B	сюжю	ciexie A	ciexie @	снеже (Д	Clania B	скажа	cana A	сюжю		DIAIR 1 302 DN	
۵	(B) (5x0)	(A) C15×10	(A) CTEAD	(A)	(A) CTBX10	@ 	 стажие	(A) CT.5x10	(A) CT.5x10	(A) CTBx100	(A) CT.5x10	(A) C15x10	(A) C 15x10	8 6%\$	(А) СБхіф	CT5x10	(A) CTEXID	(A) CT5x10	(A) C15×10	(A) CT.5x10	СТ.БхКФ	() () ()	CT.5x10	(А) стажар	() C15x10	(A) C15×10	(A) CT3x10	СТ.БхКФ	8 65x5	Ĩ	
сажия (В) сажия (В)		стажю	CIBAD A	CT.5x10	стахия	CT.5x10	стание	стэмя (А)	стажко	стакия	стажар	C15x10	стажар (Д	cbxlø ®	сюло (A)	станю	стана	CT3x100	стажия	стэже (А)	стакие	стания	станю (А)	стахия	C13x10	с15×10 (А)	CT3xXØ	стакие	C8×10	) <i>C</i> 9x1Ø	
съжю (В)															-															) C5×102	
сажие (В)	B C5×10		(A) Claxia	() Ciexie	(A) Claxia	() CIØXIØ	(A) CIØXIØ	(A) C10x10	(A) ମହ୍ୟାହ	(A) C10×10	(A) CIONIO	(A) Clexie	() Стокло	B CBx10	(A) C10×10	(A) Clexie	(A) C10×10	(A) CTONIO	(A) Claxia	(A) C10x10	(A) Claxia	(8) Claxia	(A) CIONIO	В В сажир сажир	8 8 caxaa caxaa	<ul> <li>B</li> <li>B</li> <li>C3×10</li> <li>C3×10</li> </ul>	8 8 C3xx8 C3xx8	CBXIØ CBXIØ	CBxD	) C5x10 ) C5x10	
сажа (В) сажа (В)	] сэже (В)	сюлю	сюже (4)	сарыр (4)	сюже	ciexie A	ciøxiø @	сюже (A)	сюже @/	ciexie A	ст <b>ө</b> мө (4)	ciøxiø (A)	сюле (4)	в	CBx10	- c:øxiø (A)	<i>ରେ ଅ</i>	ciexie A	ciøxiø (A)	<i>C10010</i>	ciøxiø A	<i>сाब</i> लब (3)	ciexie A	ciexie A	ciente A	ciexie A	ciøxiø A	ciøxiø A	H F	) C8×10 ) C8×10	
съже 🖲							· _ `		UNITE Sept	HALLWAY (305)					u															) C5xk9	
съхир (В)	8	(B) (C5x5) (C5x5) (C5x5)	(B) (5x5 (5x5	(B) (C5x5) (C5x5)	(B) (5%5) (5%5)	(B) (5x5) (5x5) (5x5)	8 8 68x5 68x5	(B) (25x5) (25x5)	8 8 65x5 65x5	(B) (25x5) (25x5)	(B) (25x5) (25x5) (25x5)	B B C5x5 C5x5	(B) (5x5) (5x5)	(B) (C5x5	(B) (25x5) (25x5)	8 8 63x5 65x5	B B C5x5 C5x5	(B) (5x5) (5x5) (5x5)	B B C5x5 C5x5	(B) (C5x5) (C5x5)	8 8 Сбиб Сбиб	B B Chula Chula	8 8		8 8 Chuire Chuire		8 8 Gwa Gwa	8 8 caxiø caxiø	B 65x5	) C5×107	ة ا
сёхю (В)		ClaxB	Clave	Сюхв	Сюхв	ClØxB	ClaxB	Сархів	ClaxB	CiØxB	ClØxB	CIEX®	Сібхів	съхю (А)	A crowo	ClaxB	CIDAD	ClØxB	Clax®	Сіфхів	Clax®								@ F	) Cðxlæ ) Cðxlæ	2
съкю (В)			۵	۵	۵	@		@	۵	۵	@	۵		сана (В	Citicalian A		۵	@	@	@	۲	ciøxiø A	Cløxiø A	Cløxlø A	стана (Д	clø×lø ⊜	сюлю (Д	Clexie A	Caxa (B)	) C5×10	
съхю 🖲	, <u> </u>				<u> </u>				,						u															) C5×109	
сажа (В) сажа (В)		1	(A)	(A) Clexib	(A)	(A) Сюжв	(A)	(A)	(A) Clexts	(A)	Сюхв	A Clexie	(A) CIANA	® caxe	(A) C100x10		A Classia	() () () () () () () () () () () () () (	(A)	Сіяхів	(A)	(A) Canalis	(A) Сирхав	(A)	(A) Сюхв	(A) C1945	(A)	(A)	cāxie 🖡	) C5x10 ) C5x10	
Ciexi4	) (A)													CBxb B Cbxb	(E) Caulor														l e F	) C5x109 ) C5x109	
	() () () () () () () () () () () () () (	Сюхъ	CIONS	СіфхБ	CIØxIB	CIØ×15	Сюхъ	ClØxI5	CIØXB	CIØx15	CIØXIB	C10x20	CIDADD	(A)				C10420	Сюхів	CIØx15	Сюхъ	ClØx15	СюхБ	Сіфкіб	ClØxB	Сюхв	CIØx15			) C5×10	
	 ⊔		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	0	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	8			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
97 <u>AIR 2</u> DN 1903 1907 xee	() () () () () () () () () () () () () (	(A) Сіёхіё	(A) C181/18	() () () () () () () () () () () () () (	(A) C 189/18	() () () () () () () () () () () () () (	() Clexie	() C18018	(A) CIONIO	() () () () () () () () () () () () () (	() C10%10	Скожа	@ <i>станиа</i>	(A) Clexie		100-1 8 5555 0000	(A) C 180/18	(A) C 10×10	(A) Clexite	() () () () () () () () () () () () () (	Сірхір	() () () () () () () () () () () () () (	Сіркір	() () ()	() () () () () () () () () () () () () (	(A) Clexia	() () () () () () () () () () () () () (	Сірхір	() () () () () () () () () () () () () (	C100-00	FOD

THIRD FLOOR PLAN-BLDG A

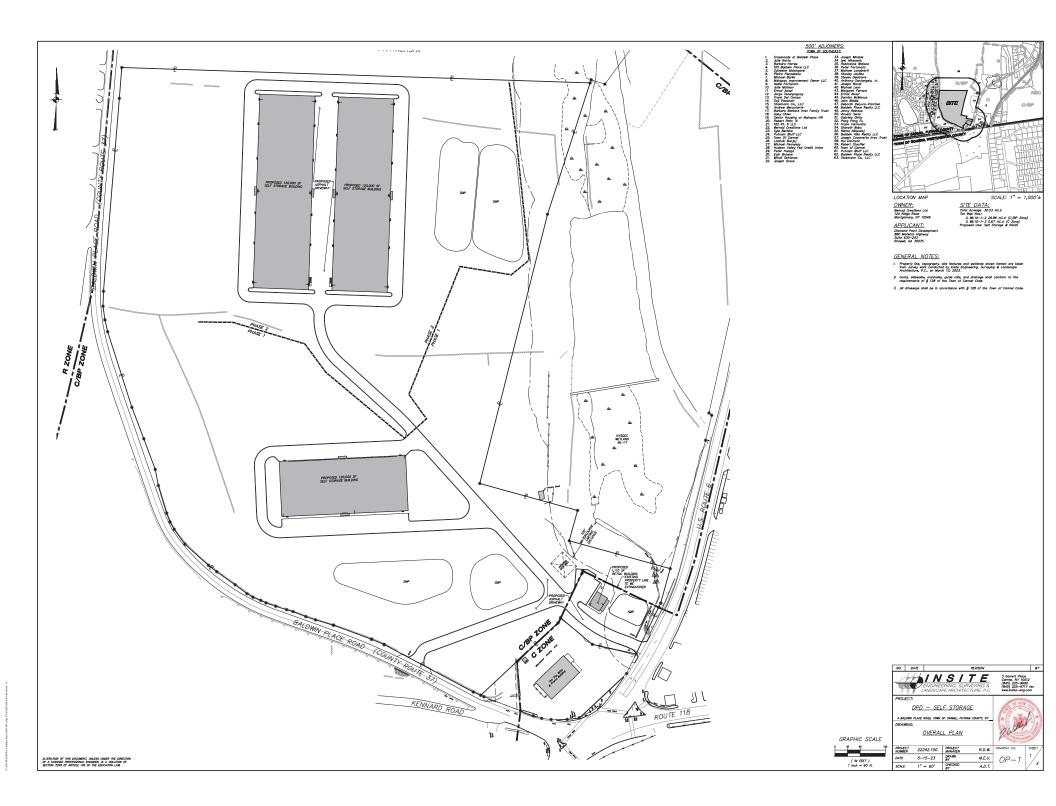


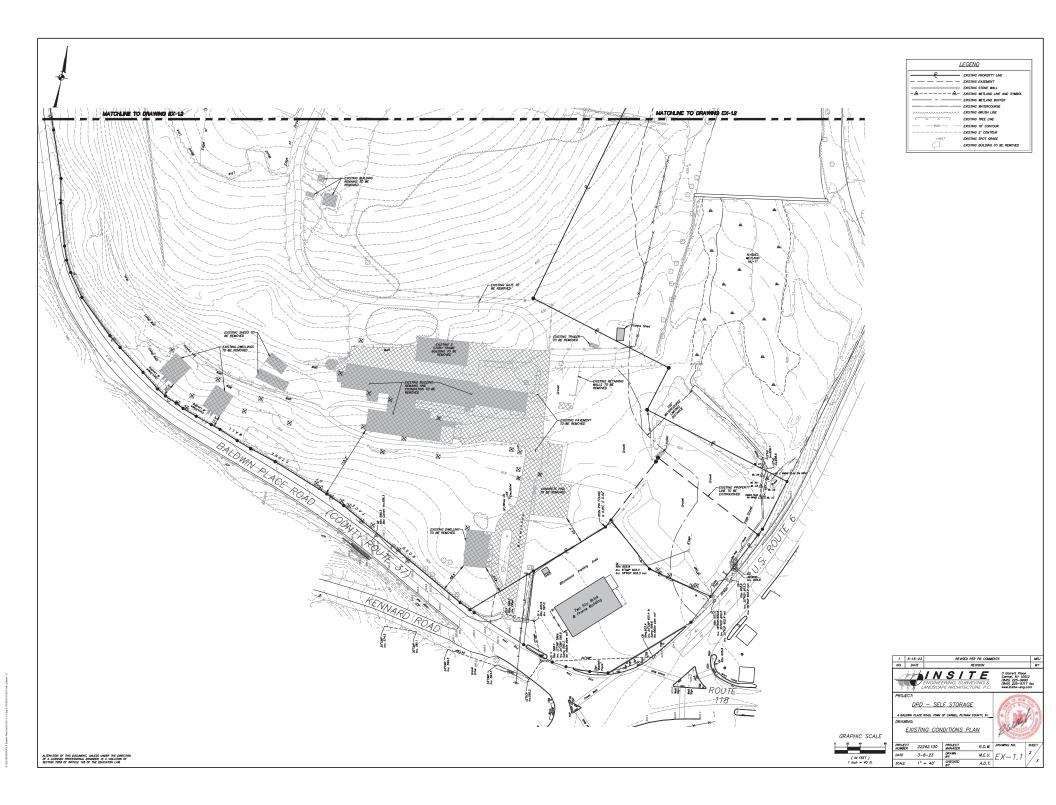
108-HP

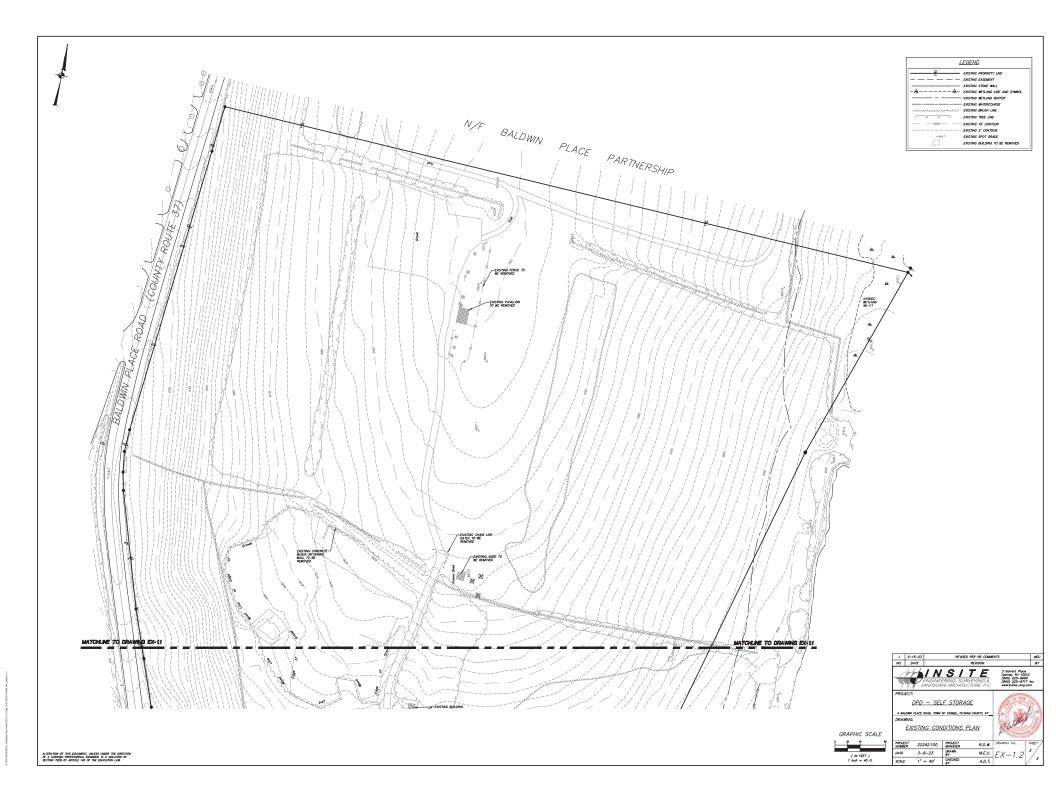
27-8" 380 FLR®

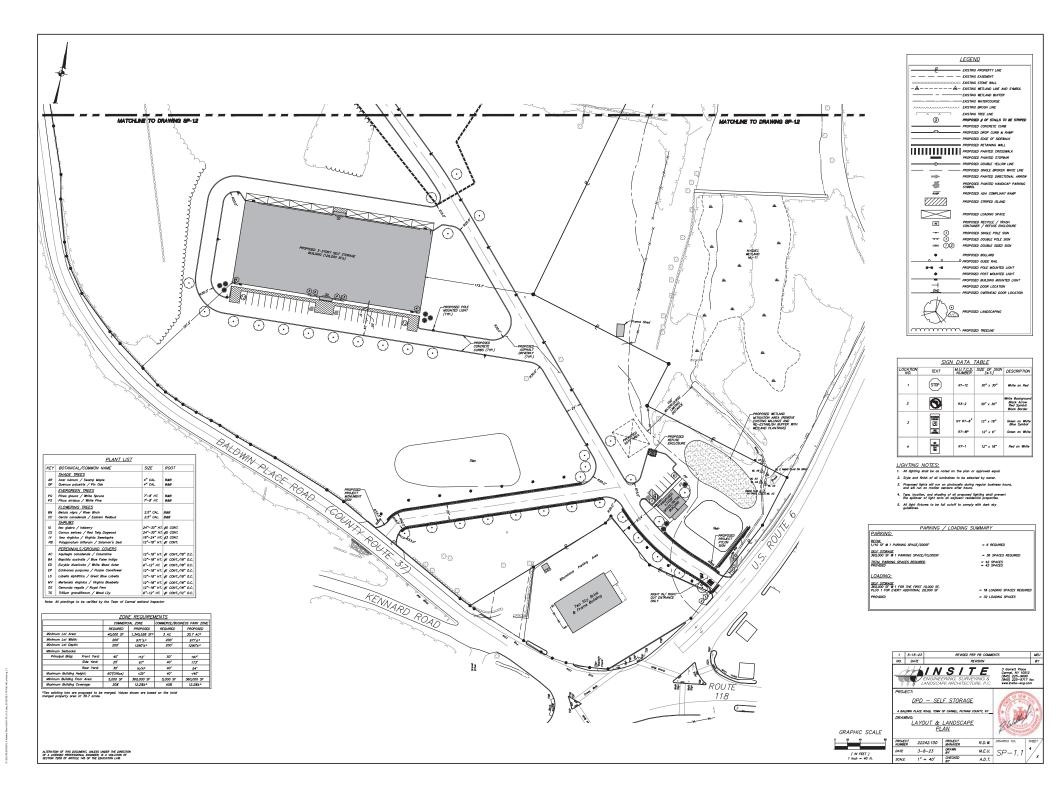
EIPé ACCENT - (EIPé-4) EPS ACCENT

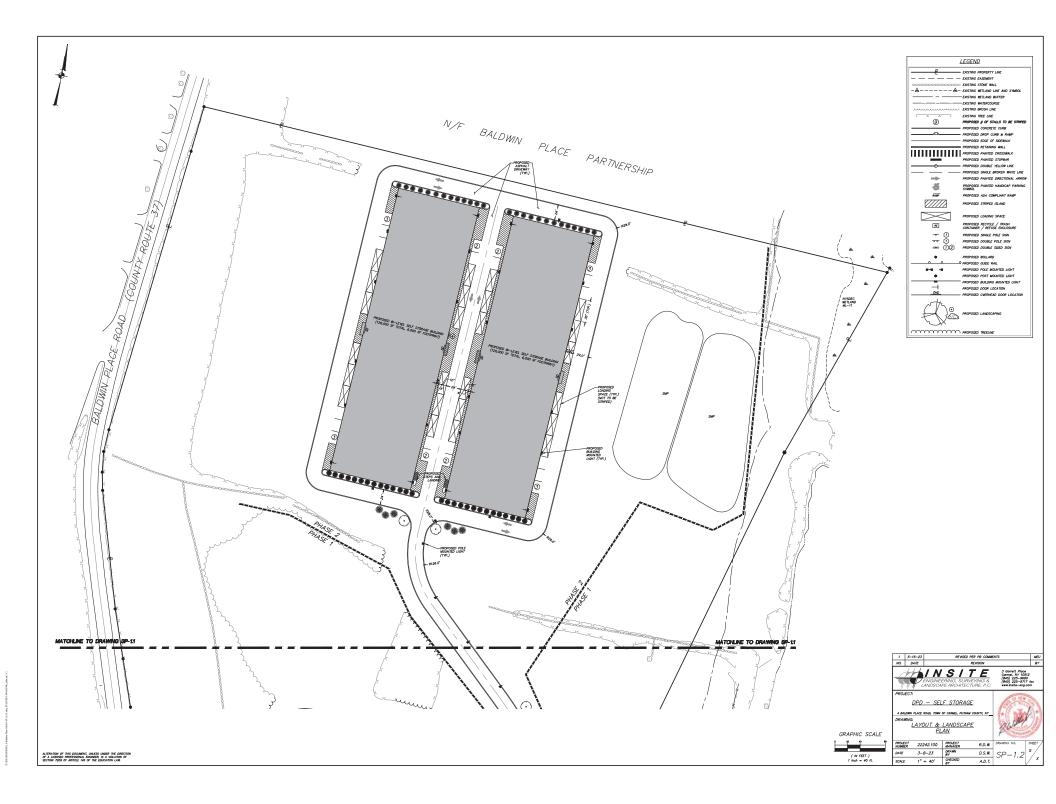
EDGE TRIM

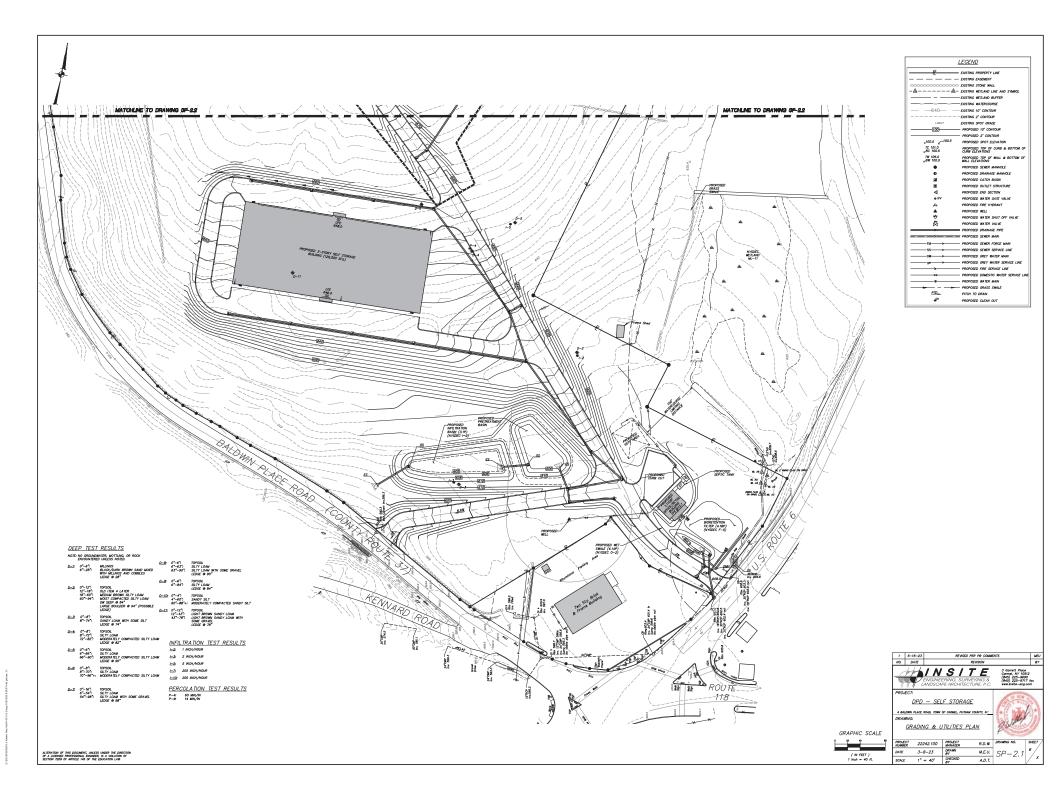


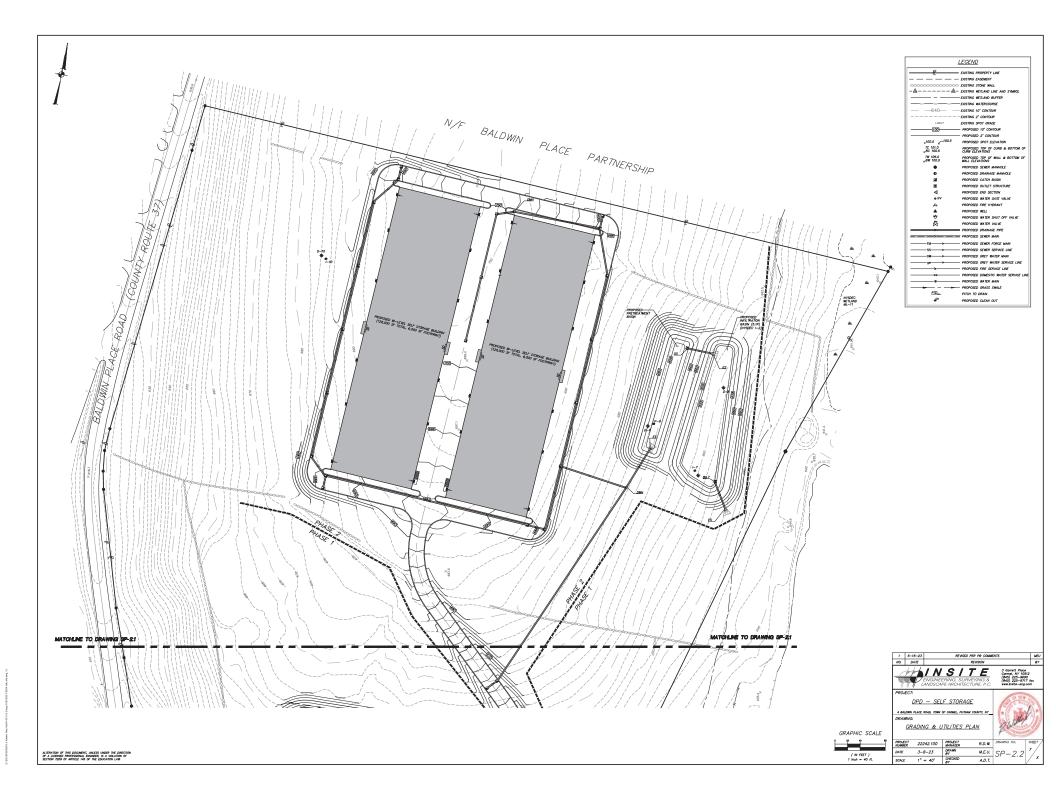


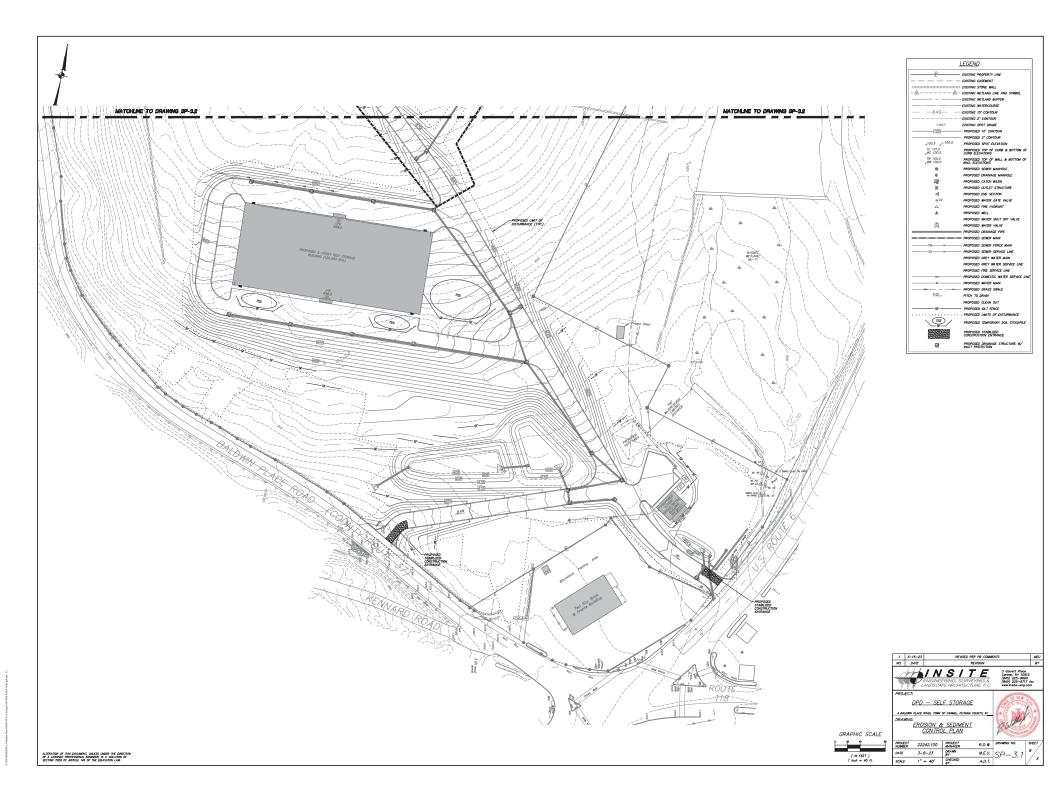


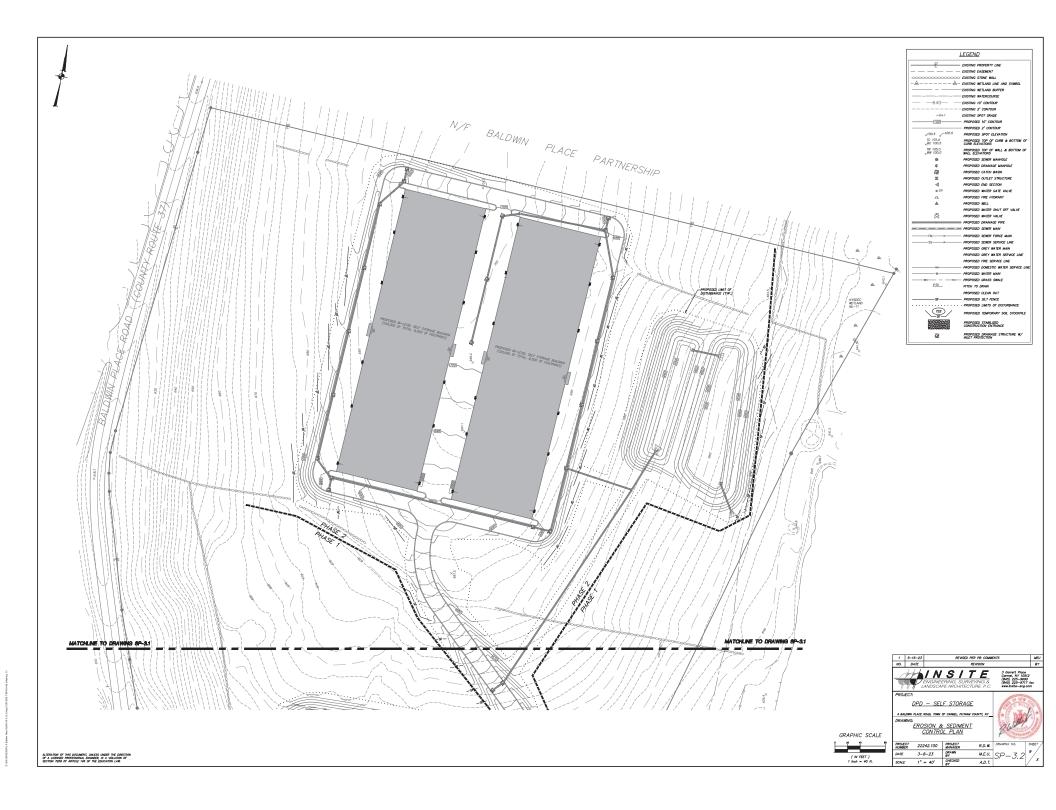


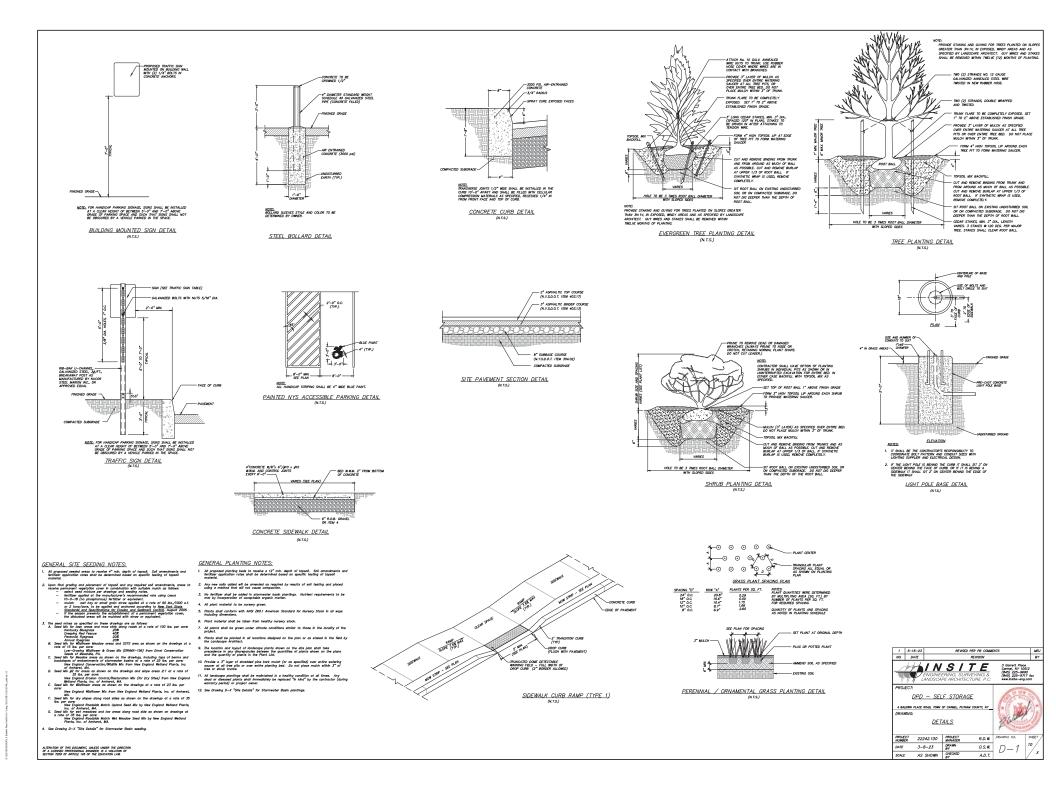


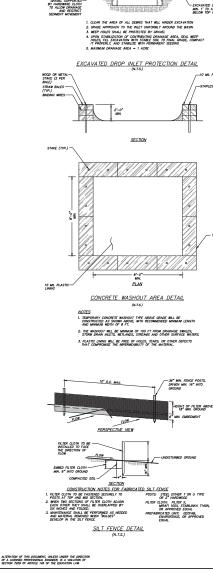






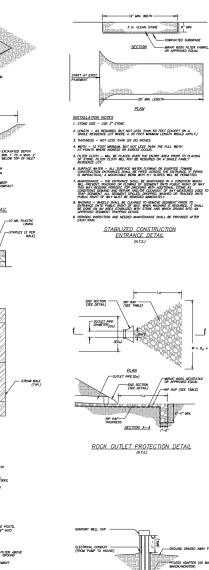




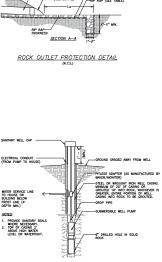


-SIDE SLOPE 2:1

WEEP HOLES FOR DEWATERING



NOTES



 $W = D_{0} + 0.1La$ 

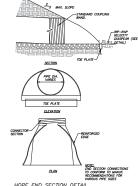
PUTNAM COUNTY WELL DETAIL



Averiation includes the use of machines such as tractor-dream implements with counter making a marcer will in the walk or other with many values making the Deep Registry and the-compaction DCC 2008. Herrotion includes the use of machines such as fractor-dream implements with counters making a more with the dec of other with many subset making bedretations in the salk, or process with functions the or mini-valueback. Indra periods of relatively loss of marcer subset making. The declaration bedretations in the salk, or process with marcers about notices making a relatively loss of marcers about making, the disturbed sale.

ure, the disturbed sols on

Christy parties of installing' for fin motives adult motives, the distributed table are instantiant to propy provide and the foldering: Christeritism for an application instantiant of the state of the state of the state of the state and a state or expected the based to a distributed of the state and tables the and the state of the state of the state and tables the state of the state of the state of the state and tables the tables of the state of the state and tables the state of the state of the state and tables the state of the state of the state and tables the state of the s



HDPE END SECTION DETAIL



T. AREA CHOSEN FOR STOCKPILE LOCATION SHALL BE DRY AND STABL 2. MAXIMUM SLOPE OF STOCKPILE SHALL BE 2:1. UPON COMPLETION OF SOL STOCKPILING, EACH PILE SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY STEDID WITH K31 PERFORMAL TALL PISCUE. ALL STOCKPILES SHALL BE PROTECTED WITH SILT FENCING INSTALLED ON THE DOMINGRADIENT SIDE. TEMPORARY SOIL STOCKPILE DETAIL (N.T.S.)

REQUIRED SWPPP CONTENTS PER GP-0-20-001: Laskandhinka, 2017. 2017. 2018. Constrained from the constraints of the constraints of the constraint of the constrai

Background Information: The subject project consists of the constru-self-storage facility.

a The applicant proposes to construct 8 self-storage buildings and a 1,110 sit office building which would be constructed on the tax map lot number Route 6 and Baldwin Place Acad with a new hierard always preserved to the constructed A proposed diffed well and applic system will service the project. A Stromester Pauliton Prevention Route 5 and service states to the service the service

b. Site map / construction drawing: These plans serve to satisfy this SWPPF requirement.

Description of the solis present at the site: Onsite solis located is proposed limits of disturbance consist of Paxton fine sandy loam PrG, PhD), as identified on the Soli Conservation Service Web Soli These soli types belong to the Hydrologic Soli Group C.

Continue of the second second

Description of erosion and sediment control practices: This plan, and details / notes shown hereon serve to satisfy this SWPPP requirement.

Temporary and permanent soil stabilization plan: The Sedimentation and Erosion Control Notes and Details provided heron identify temporary and permanent stabilization measures to be employed with respect to specifi elements of the project, and at the various stages of development.

Site map / construction drawing: This plan serves to satisfy this SWPPP

The dimensions, molecular specifications, installation details, and operation more maintained requestments for all version and sedematic confer practices: The details, Francis and Sedematic Control Mess, and Erasian and Sedemant Control Maintenance Schedule serve to satisfy this SMPPP requirement.

An inspection schedule: Inspections are to be performed twice weekly and by a qualified professional as required by the General Permit QP=O=2O=001. In addition the NYSDEC Trained Contractor shall perform additional inspections as cited in the Sealmentation and Erosion Control Notes.

Imperitors as often in the Semination and Lesse Control Mole. Advertision of policy prevention measures that all be and to all control or services and the seminational sectors and the seminational sectors and the seminational construction title of deals and all be contexted and removed from the title or services and the sector setting and the setting to an advert and the sector setting and the setting the setting to a setting the construction and all there is meaning from all early by the contribute construction and all there is meaning from all early by the contribute and there is a setting the setting the setting to the construction and all there is meaning from all early by the contribute and the setting of contribute and all thereads to all depended of the control and the setting the setting of the adverter and be meaning by the server control for all controls and all all and adverter by the setting the setting the setting the advector between the setting the dependence of the advector advector and the setting the setting the advector advector advector advector advector advector as provided orbits, and there have be advector and the meaning the setting the setting the construction, and indexted with the readom to the addem plant (the total advector between the total plant (the total advector between tota

A description and location of any stormwater discharges associated with industrial activity other than construction at the site. There are no known industrial stormwater discharges present or proposed at the site.

Industrial starmatte automages present to propose of the sample (Sentification of any elements) of the design that are not in conformance with the technical standard. New York Standards and Specifications for Design and Sedhemic Control. All proposed elements of this SMPP has been designed in accordance with the New York Standards and Specifications for Erabian and Sediment Control.

Persuant to the MTSEC "SPECS General Permit for Stammeter Electroges from Construction Activity" (201–6–20–60), of construction projects meeting build be approximately and the second second

a. Identification of all post-construction starmwater management practices to be constructed as part of the project. This plan, and details/notes shaen hereon serve to satisfy this SMPPP requirement.

A site map/construction drawing(s) showing the specific location and size of each post-construction stormwater management practice. This pian, and detals/holes show hereon serve to solidly this SMPP requirement.

show nearon serve to south this server requirement. A stormwest develop and Academ Reach Including pra-development conditions, paid-development conditions, the reachts of the stormwester modeling, a susmouth the skikey contrast, identification of and plantfaction for any develops from the Development of the storm of a stormwester for any develops from the Development of the storm of the stormwester and reach and measured in the reached to low report time store and a consult reach reserved in Plan FOD Soil Stores.

d. Soil testing results and locations. This SMPPP requirement is provided in the report tilled Amended Starmwater Polistion Prevention Plan for DPD Self Starage Infitration testing results. This SWPPP requirement is provided in the report titled Amended Stormwater Poliution Prevention Plan for DPD Self Storage.

An operations and maintenance plan that include a basection and maintenance schedules and actions to ensure continuous and effectine greation of each the influence of the response of the integration of the ensure entity that effe preparative for the integration and maintenance of each practice. The Fernanceri Stormacter Facilities Maintenance Schedule provided on these plans serves to solirly this requirement.

proceeds on time pairs area to some on the pairs area to some one of the pairs of

CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE:



#### EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES:

The awner's field representative (Q,F,R) will be responsible for the implementation and maintenance of erosion and sediment control measures on this site prior to and during constrainties.

All constructions all constructions activities involving the removal or disposition of soil are to be provided with appropriate protective measures to minimize version and contain sediment disposition stitutus. Minimum soil areas and sediment control measures and be implemented as shown on the plans and shall be installed in accordance with New York Standards and Specifications For Exosist and Sediment Control, "Interest within.

Etherever feasible, natural vegetation should be retained and protected. Disturbance shall be minimized in the areas required to perform construction. No more than 3 acres of unprotected and shall be exposed of any one time.

When land is exposed during development, the exposure shall be implied to the shortest practical period of them. In the once where suil adductances activity has temporary or permanently cased, the application of said stabilization measures much be hilded by the end of the next bashees day and collected within seven (7) days from the dotte the current said delurators childry cased. Calculateds within seven (7) days from the dotte the current and delurators childry cased.

Sill fence shall be installed as shown on the plans prior to beginning any earthwork.

All logood to be stripped from the area being developed shall be stockpiled and immediately seeded for temporary stabilization. Rysgrass (annual or personial) at a rate of 30 bac per acre shall be used for temporary seeding in spring, summer or early full. "Artistock" Winter Rys (several rys) shall be used for temporary seeding in late fail and writer.

et al oph André a used for temporary seeking in idea fait on ether. distributed years on induction to hether distributes or portunction by enforts, permanent or distributed years on induction to hether distributes of oph and anyone. All seeking even to be analysis of "seaking" seeking and the seeking of an anyone. All seeking even to be analysis of "seaking" seeking and the seaking of an anyone. All seeking even the contrast of an an analysis of the seaking and anyone. All seeking even the seaking of an analysis of the seaking and anyone of the seaking and the seaking of the seaking and the seaking and the seaking and the method by Brogers 2000. The seaking and the seaking and the seaking and the seaking and method by Brogers 2000. The seaking and anyone and the seaking and the seaking and anyone and anyone and the seaking and the seaking and the seaking anyone and the seaking and the seaking anyone and the seaking and the seaking anyone the seaking anyone and the seaking anyone and the seaking anyone the seaking anyone and the seaking anyone and the seaking anyone the seaking anyone and the seaking anyone and the seaking anyone the seaking anyone and the seaking anyone and the seaking anyone anyone and the seaking anyone and the seaking anyone the seaking anyone and the seaking anyone and the seaking anyone the seaking anyone and the seaking anyone and the seaking anyone anyone anyone anyone and the seaking anyone and the seaking anyone anyone and the seaking anyone anyone anyone anyone anyone anyone anyone anyone anyone

Crass seed mix may be applied by either mechanical or hydroseeding melihods.Seeding shall be performed in accordance with the current edition of the "NYSDOT Standard Specification, Construction and Materials, Section 610-3.02, Method inc. 1". Hydroseeding shall be performed using materials and methods as approved by the site engineer.

t. Out or fill slopes steeper than 3:1 shall be stabilized immediately after grading with Curies I Single Net Erailon Control Blanket, or approved equal.

10. Paved roadways shall be kept clean at all times.

 The alte shall at all times be graded and maintained such that all stormwater runoff is diverted to soil erosion and sediment control facilities. All storm drainage outlets shall be stabilized, as required, before the discharge points becom operational.

13. Stormwater from disturbed areas must be passed through erasion control barriers before discharge beyond disturbed areas or discharged into other drainage systems.

Density of sectors and the sector of density of the SER. It is have that channels, temporary and permanent dithers and pleas are clear of density. That elevation temporary and permanent dithers and pleas are clear of density. The elevation of the sector of density of the sector of density. The elevation of the sector of density of the sector of density of the sector of density of the sector of the sector of density of the sector of density of the sector of the sector of the sector of density of the sector of density of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of density of the sector of density of the sector of density of the sector of density of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of density of the sector of density of the sector of density of the sector of density of the sector of density of the sector of the sect

Dust shall be controlled by sprinkling or other approved methods as necessary, or as directed by the 0.F.R.

16. Cut and file shall not endanger adjoining property, nor divert water onto the property of others 17. All file shall be placed and compacted in 6" lifts to provide stability of material and to prevent settlement

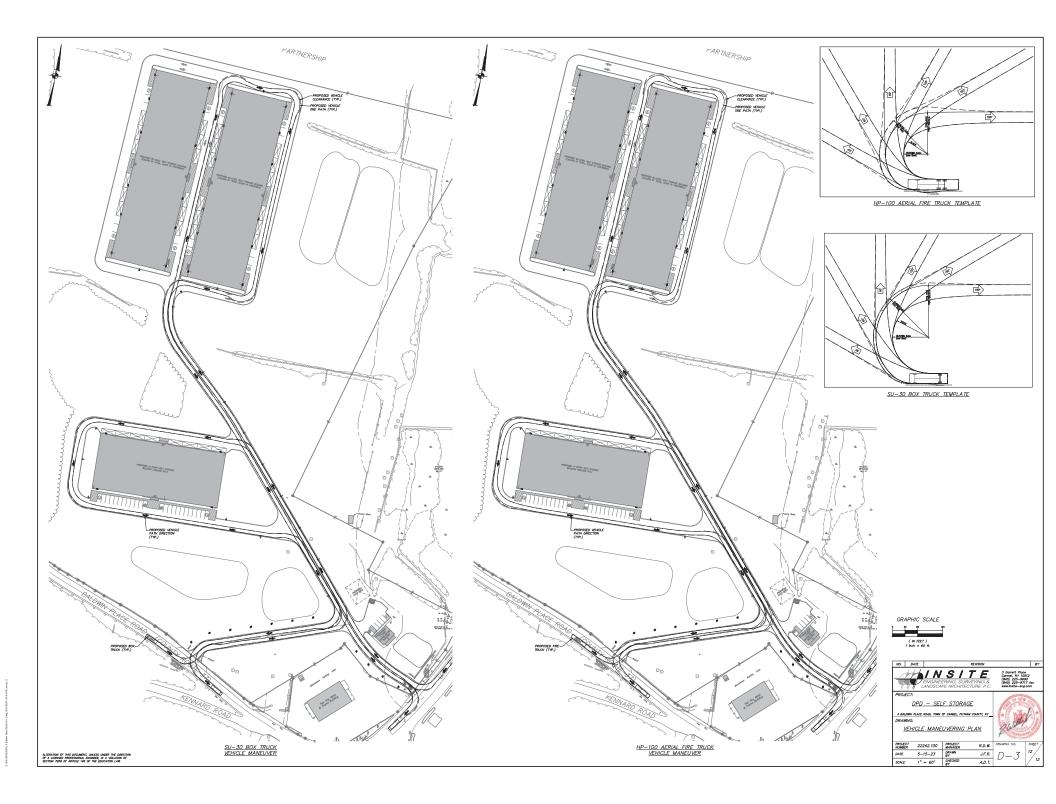
The Q.F.R. shall inspect downstream conditions for evidence of sedimentation on a weekly basis and after rainstorms.

 As warranted by field conditions, special additional erosion and sediment control measures, as specified by the site engineer and/or the Town Engineer shall be installed by the contractor. Erosion and sediment control measures shall remain in place until all disturbed areas are suitably stabilized.

MONT	ORING RE	QUIREMEN	ITS	MAINTENANCE	REQUIREMENTS
PRACTICE	DALY	WEEKLY	AFTER RAINFALL	DURING CONSTRUCTION	AFTER CONSTRUCTION
SILT FENCE BARRIER	-	Inspect	inspect	Ciean/Replace	Remove
STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE	Inspect	-	inspect	Clean/Replace Stone and Fabric	Remove
DUST CONTROL	Inspect	-	inspect	Mulshing/ Spraying Water	N/A
*VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT	-	Inspect	inspect	Water/Reseed/ Remulch	Reseed to 80% Coverage
INLET PROTECTION	-	Inspect	inspect	Clean/Repair/ Replace	Remove
SOIL STOCKPILES	-	Inspect	inspect	Mulching/ Silt Fence Repair	Remove
SWALES	-	Inspect	inspect	Clean/Mulch/ Repair	Mow Permanent Grass/Replace/ Repair Rip Rap
CHECK DAMS	-	Inspect	inspect	Clean/Replace Stones/Repair	Clean/Replace Stones/Repair
CONCRETE DRAWAGE STRUCTURES	-	Inspect	inspect	Clean Sumpa/ Remove Debrie/ Repair/Replace	Clean Sumps/ Remove Debris/ Repair/Replace
DRAWAGE PIPES	-	Inspect	inspect	Ciean/Repair	Clean/Repair
ROAD & PAVEMENT	-	Inspect	inspect	Clean	Clean
*STORMMATER TRAP/BASIN	-	Inspect	Inspect	Clean/Mulch/ Repair/Resead	See Permanent Stormwater Facilities Maintenance Schedule on Drawing SP-31

# novest repetition is considered stabilities when BOE of the point develop is setabliques for cooled measures and memoir h book would of discussed once or expensionately stab The constructions and the stability of the maintenance schedule during and Borned Constitution is Bor

hald allocate analysis of the second second





John Kellard, P.E. David Sessions, RLA, AICP Joseph M. Cermele, P.E., CFM Jan K. Johannessen, AICP

#### VIA HAND-DELIVERED

May 9, 2023

Planning Board Town of Carmel 60 McAlpin Avenue Mahopac, New York 10541

Attn: Craig Paeprer, Chairman

RE: Western Bluff Subdivision 350 West Shore Drive Section 66.14, Block 1, Lot 20

Dear Chairman Paeprer:

Please find enclosed five (5) copies of the following plans and documents in support of Final Subdivision Approval for the above-referenced project:

- Subdivision Plat drawings with endorsement of approval by Putnam County Department of Health, dated April 26, 2023:
  - Western Bluff Subdivision Map prepared for Meredith A. Kling, prepared by Ward Carpenter Engineers Inc., dated November 19, 2019, and last revised March 29, 2023
  - Integrated Plot Plan Western Bluff Subdivision, prepared by Kellard Sessions Consulting, dated December 20, 2019 and last revised March 29, 2023
- Subdivision Construction Plans for Western Bluff Subdivision, prepared by Kellard Sessions Consulting, dated (last revised) March 29, 2023:
  - o Cover Sheet
  - o Sheet 1/10 Existing Conditions Plan
  - o Sheet 2/10 Subdivision Layout Plan
  - o Sheet 3/10 Sediment & Erosion Control Plan
  - o Sheet 4/10 Tree Removal & Landscape Plan
  - o Sheet 5/10 Construction Details
  - o Sheet 6/10 Construction Details

CIVIL ENGINEERING | LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE | SITE & ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING

500 MAIN STREET | ARMONK, NY 10504 | T: 914.273.2323 | F: 914.273.2329 WWW.KELSES.COM Craig Paeprer, Chairman May 9, 2023 Page 2

- o Sheet 7/10 Sediment & Erosion Control Details & Notes
- Sheet 8/10 Driveway Profiles
- Sheet 9/10 Driveway Profiles
- o Sheet 10/10 Construction Management Plan
- Check #572 in the amount of \$4,750.00 for Application Fee for Final Subdivision Approval (1 copy)
- Preliminary Subdivision Approval Resolution (#22-09), dated May 12, 2022
- Easement Agreements between property owners, prepared by the applicant's attorney Dempsey & Langan (submitted under a separate cover):
  - o Access and Utility Easement on Lot #3 in favor of Lots #1 and #2
  - Access and Utility Easement on Lot #2 in favor of Lot #1
  - Drainage and Maintenance Easement on Lot #3 in favor of Lot #2

The applicant has prepared a Final Subdivision Plat in accordance with Section 131-14 of the Town of Carmel Subdivision of Land Regulations and Putnam County Department of Health Regulations. The plat has been approved and signed by the Commissioner of Health. Copies of the signed plats are included with this submission.

There are no public improvements or public/municipal easements associated with the project. The project will, however, require two (2) Access and Utility Easements and one (1) Drainage Easement between the owners of the three (3) lots. Easement agreements have been prepared by the applicant's attorney Dempsey & Langan. Easement agreements are included within this submission.

The Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) for the project was approved by the New York City Department of Environmental Protection (NYCDEP) on April 18, 2021. A Notice of Intent (NOI) will be filed with New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) upon final approval and prior to the start of construction. The SWPPP was previously submitted.

A Street Opening Permit was obtained from the Putnam County Department of Highways and Facilities for the new curb cut and drainage improvements within the County right-of-way. The Putnam County Permit was previously submitted.

Craig Paeprer, Chairman May 9, 2023 Page 3

Please accept this submission as our Application for First Subdivision Approval on behalf of Meredith A. Kling. I would respectfully request that our application for Final Subdivision Approval be scheduled on the next available meeting on the Town Planning Board.

Very Truly Yours,

ohn Kellard, P.E. Kellard Sessions Consulting

JK/gt

Enclosures

cc: Thomas Kling Dominick Santucci

https://kellardsessionsconsulti.sharepoint.com/sites/Kellard/Project Docs P/CASANTUCCI100/KSC Correspondence/2023-05-09\_CASantucci100\_Carmel PB\_Paeprer\_Resolution\_ltr.docx



## PUTNAM COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

1 Geneva Road, Brewster, NY 10509 
845-808-1390
www.putnamcountyny.gov/health

A PHAB-ACCREDITED HEALTH DEPARTMENT

Michael J. Nesheiwat, MD INTERIM COMMISSIONER OF HEALTH

April 26, 2023

Meredith A. Kling 430 Colony Drive Whiteland, IN 46184

Dear Ms. King :

This certificate is issued under the provisions of the Public Health Law in connection with the approval of plans on <u>April 26, 2023</u> for the realty subdivision known as <u>Western Bluff Subdivision</u>.

The following data was furnished in connection with the submission of the plans:

Location: 350 West Shore Drive, (T) Carmel

Acres (Approx.): 15 acres No. of lots: 3 Size (Approx.): 5 acres

Owners Intends To: Build Houses and Sell Lots

Topography: Gentle to Steep

Depth To Groundwater: Not encountered When: N/A

Soil: Sandy Loam, Fine Sands, Gravel

Grading (Cut or Fill): Cut volume: 6,214 cubic yards/Fill Volume: 7090 cubic yards

Drainage: Drainage System (catch basins, drain manholes, detention basin)

Water Supply: Private (Individual) Wells

Sewage Treatment: Private (Individual) SSTS

#### **APPROVAL OF THIS SUBDIVISON IS GRANTED ON CONDITION (continued)**

- 1. That the proposed facilities for water supply and sewage disposal are installed in conformity with said plans.
- 2. That no lot or remaining land (if applicable) shall be subdivided without plans for such resubdivision being submitted to and approved by the Putnam County Health Department.
- 3. That the developer shall furnish each purchaser of a lot on which water supply and/or sewage treatment facilities were installed with a reproduction of the approved plans and an accurate asbuilt plan depicting all installed sanitary facilities.

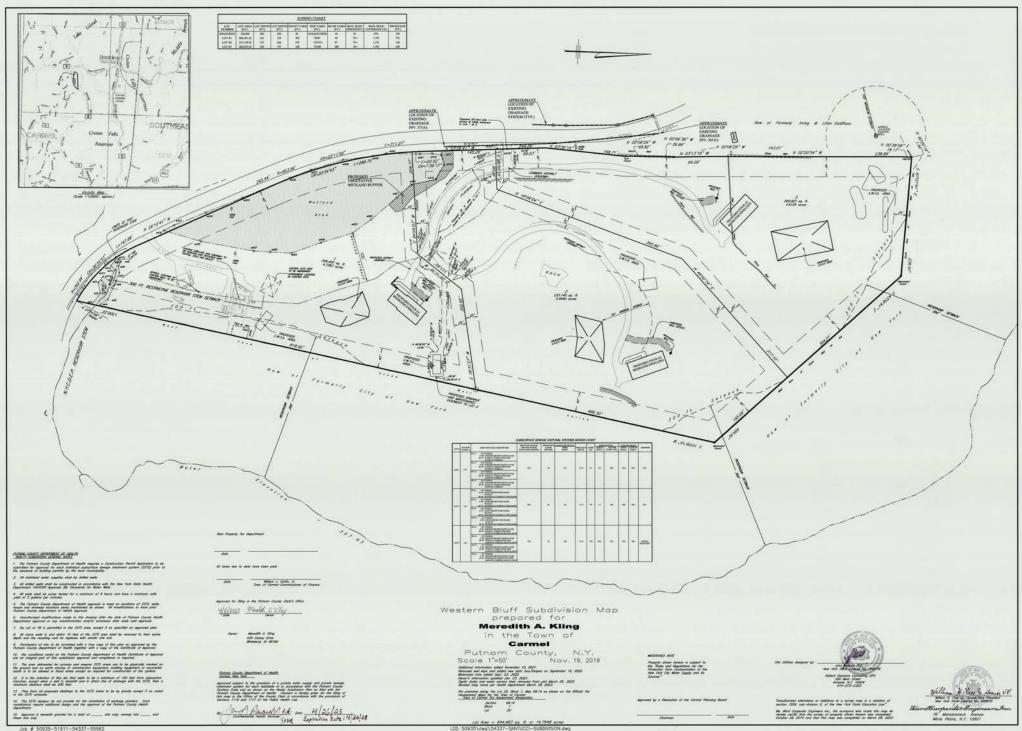
- 4. That the developer shall furnish each purchaser of a lot on which there was no water supply and/or sewage treatment facilities installed with a reproduction of the approved subdivision and/or construction permit plans and shall notify the purchaser of the necessity of installing such facilities in accordance with approved construction permit plans.
- 5. That the sanitary facilities on these lots shall be inspected for compliance with the approved plans at the time of construction by a P.E., R.A., or exempt L.L.S. and a certificate of construction compliance is to be submitted to the Putnam County Health Department for approval prior to occupancy.
- 6. That individual wells and sewage treatment systems shall no longer be constructed or used for household domestic purposes when public facilities become available. Connection to the public sewage system is required within one year of the system(s) becoming available.
- 7. That plan approval is limited to 5 years and expires on April 26, 2028.
- 8. That the approved plans must be filed with the Putnam County Clerk prior to offering lots for sale and within 90 days of the date of plan approval.

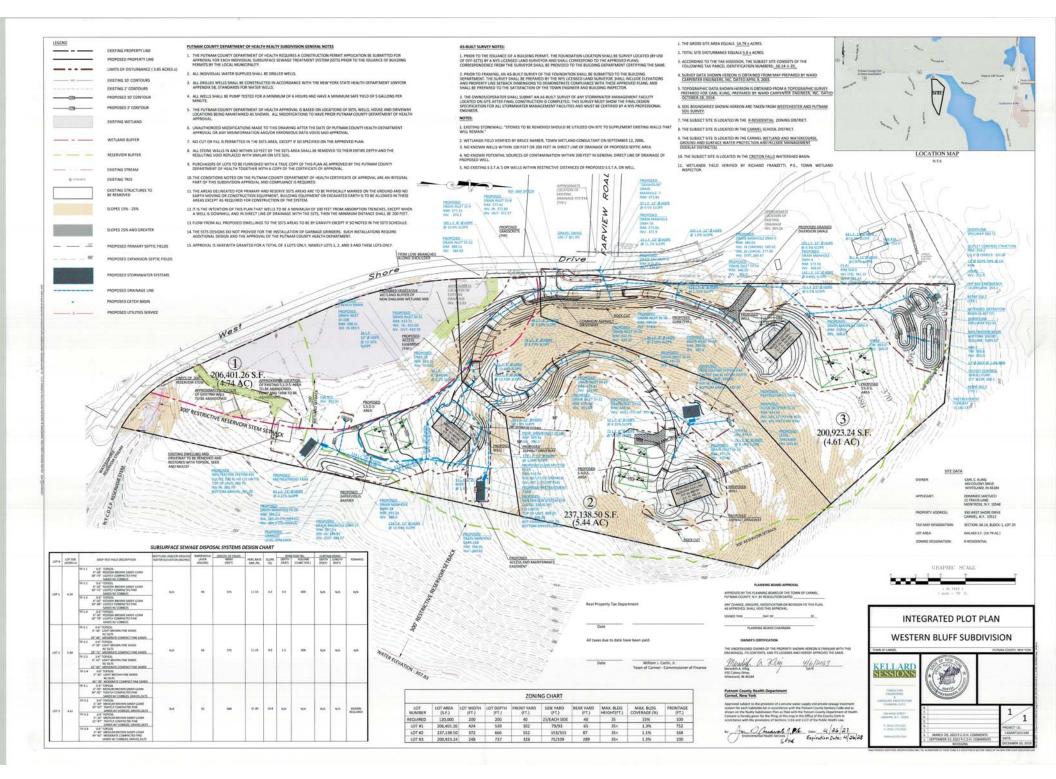
humana

By: Joseph S. Paravati Jr., P.E. Senior Public Health Engineer

cc: John Kellard, P.E. File

10 40





### PRELIMINARY SUBDIVISION APPROVAL RESOLUTION OF THE PLANNING BOARD OF THE TOWN OF CARMEL #22-09, May 12, 2022

### Tax Map #66.14-1-20 WESTERN BLUFF SUBDIVISION

**WHEREAS**, an application for Planning Board approval of an preliminary subdivision plat has been submitted by Dominick Santucci (hereinafter referred to as the "Applicant"); and

WHEREAS, the subject parcel encompasses 14.79 acres located off West Shore Drive, and is more specifically known and designated as Tax Map #66.14-1-20 (hereinafter referred to as the "Site"); and

WHEREAS, the Site is located in the R – Residential zoning district; and

WHEREAS, the tract currently supports a single-family residence, which will be demolished; and

WHEREAS, the action involves the subdivision of the property to create 3 single-family lots of 4.74 acres, 5.44 acres and 4.61 acres respectively. Lot 1 will continue to be served by an existing driveway, and Lots 2 and 3 would be served by a new single curb-cut on West Shore Drive located across from Farview Road, which then branches off into two separate driveways serving each lot. The three new residences will be served by individual wells and subsurface septic disposal systems (hereinafter referred to as the "Project"); and

WHEREAS, the Preliminary Subdivision Plan consists of the following plans prepared by Kellard Sessions, dated January 13, 2017, last revised January 3, 2022:

- 1/9 Cover Sheet
- 2/9 Existing Conditions Plan
- 3/9 Sediment & Erosion Control Plan
- 4/9 Tree removal & Landscaping Plan
- 5/9 Construction Details
- 6/9 Construction Details
- 7/9 Sediment & Erosion Control Details & Notes
- 8/9 Driveway Profiles
- 8/9 Drainage Profiles

WHEREAS, a public hearing was held, pursuant to Section 276 of the Town Law on the proposed subdivision at Town Hall, Mahopac. All persons wishing to speak on the application were provided an opportunity to be heard; and

WHEREAS, on September 26, 2018, pursuant to NYCRR 617, Article 8 of the New York State Environmental Conservation Law, (SEQR) the Planning Board serving as Lead Agency for this

Action adopted a Negative Declaration indicating that the proposed action would not result in any adverse environmental impacts; and

WHEREAS, the requirements for preliminary subdivision plat approval contained in the "Subdivision of Land Regulations of the Town of Carmel" have been met by said subdivision application.

**NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED**, that the Planning Board of the Town of Carmel hereby classifies the Proposed Action as a "Minor Subdivision" pursuant to §131-3 of the Land Subdivision Regulations

**BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED**, upon full consideration of the above, the Planning Board of the Town of Carmel hereby grants Preliminary Subdivision Plat Approval for the application submitted by Dominick Santucci, as depicted on the plans identified above, subject to the following conditions:

#### **CONDITIONS PRIOR TO FINAL PLAT APPROVAL**

The following conditions shall be completed by the Applicant prior to the approval of the Final Subdivision Plat by the Planning Board.

- 1. The Final Subdivision Plat and associated plans shall be prepared in accordance with §131-14 of the Town of Carmel Subdivision of Land Regulations
- 2. The Town Engineer shall determine that all proposed site engineering improvements are satisfactory and suitable for consideration for final approval.
- 3. All required easements shall be prepared to the satisfaction of the Planning Board Attorney, and submitted in support of the Final Subdivision Plat.
- 4. The Final Subdivision Plat shall document compliance with the requirements of the NYCDEP and NYSDEC for the Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan
- 5. Putnam County Health Department approval shall be obtained for water and sanitary disposal systems.
- 6. A Street Opening Permit is required from the Putnam County Department of Highway and Facilities.
- 7. The Applicant shall apply for coverage under the NYSDEC General Permit for Construction Activities (GP-0-20-001).
- 8. A stormwater bond and maintenance guarantee pursuant to §156.87 of the Town Code shall be provided, as required.
- 9. The new dwellings and other site improvements shall be restricted to the building envelopes shown on the Final Subdivision Plat and Plans. Substantial changes, as determined by the Building Inspector and Town Planning Consultant, in the

location of dwellings, driveways, drainage improvements, and other site improvements, shall require the review and approval of the Planning Board.

- 10. All site utilities shall be installed underground.
- 11. The project shall maintain a 0% increase in the rate of runoff.
- 12. The following note shall be added to all deeds conveying lands for the subdivision plat: There shall be no construction, grading, filing, excavating, clearing or other regulated activity as defined by the Town of Carmel on this property within the freshwater wetland area or 100-foot adjacent area at any time without having first secured the necessary permission and permit. This restriction shall bind the Grantees, their successors and assigns and shall be expressly set forth in all subsequent deeds to this property.
- 13. In accordance with the provisions of §131-25A(3) of the Subdivision of Land Regulations, the Applicant shall pay a fee-in-lieu of the parkland dedication.
- 14. A construction management plan shall be submitted along with the Final Subdivision Plat. Said plan shall govern all aspects of the construction of the subdivision, including all limitations, restrictions and prohibitions as well as all measures to mitigate impacts of surrounding properties.
- 15. The applicant shall provide a certified cost estimate, prepared by a licensed Professional Engineer, covering all proposed public improvements for the purpose of setting a performance bond.

**BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED**, that this Preliminary Subdivision Approval shall expire within one hundred eighty (180) days of the date of this resolution unless a Final Subdivision Plat is filed in accordance with §131-14 of the Town of Carmel Subdivision of Land Regulations, unless such time is extended by the Planning Board.

**BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED,** that no construction, utility or site work of any kind is authorized pursuant to this resolution of Preliminary Subdivision Approval.

**BE IT FINALLY RESOLVED**, that this Preliminary Subdivision Approval resolution shall have an effective date of May 12, 2022.

PLANNING BOARD TOWN OF CARMEL

Chairman

Dated:

# FINAL SUBDIVISION PLAN

# FOR

# WESTERN BLUFF SUBDIVISION

TOWN OF CARMEL, PUTNAM COUNTY, NEW YORK

DATE:	JANUARY 13, 2017
REVISED:	MAY 01, 2017
REVISED:	MAY 15, 2017
REVISED:	JANUARY 19, 2018
REVISED:	JULY 5, 2018
REVISED:	OCTOBER 31, 2018
REVISED:	MAY 7, 2019
REVISED:	JANUARY 20, 2020
REVISED:	OCTOBER 20, 2020
REVISED:	NOVEMBER 8, 2021
REVISED:	JANUARY 3, 2022
REVISED:	MARCH 29, 2023

38

SITE

.

Hope In Life Church

[36]

36

#### GENERAL NOTES:

THE PROJECT INCLUDES ACCESS AND UTILITY EASEMENTS AND A STORMWATER EASEMENT
 ACCESS AND UTILITY EASEMENT OVER IOT #3 IN FAVOR OF LOTS #1 AND #2
 ACCESS AND UTILITY EASEMENT OVER IOT #1 IN FAVOR OF LOT #1
 ACCESS AND UTILITY EASEMENT OVER IOT #1 IN FAVOR OF LOT #2

PLEASE SEE SUBDIVISION MAP WESTERN BLUFF SUBDIVISION PREPARED FOR MEREDITH A. KLING FOR ALL EASEMENTS. THE PROJECT DOES NOT INCLUDE A RESERVATION OF OPEN SPACE, THEREFORE, IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 131-25A(3) OF THE TOWN OF CARMEL TOWN CODE A PAYMENT IS REQUIRED IN LIEU OF A RESERVATION OF LAND, FROM THE APPLICANT.

3. ALL DRIVEWAYS MUST COMPLY WITH SECTION 128 OF THE TOWN OF CARMEL TOWN CODE.

ALL PROPOSED PLANTINGS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN CONFORMANCE WITH SECTION 142 OF THE TOWN OF CARMEL TOWN CODE. ALL PLANTINGS SHALL BE VERIFIED BY THE TOWN OF CARMEL WETLAND INSPECTOR.

#### SITE DATA

OWNER:	CARL C. KLING 440 COLONY DRIVE WHITELAND, IN 46184
APPLICANT:	DOMINICK SANTUCCI 15 TRAVIS LANE MONTROSE, N.Y. 10548
PROPERTY ADDRESS:	350 WEST SHORE DRIVE CARMEL, N.Y.
TAX MAP DESIGNATION:	SECTION: 66.14, BLOCK: 1, LOT 20
LOT AREA:	644,463 S.F. (14.79 AC.)
ZONING DESIGNATION:	R-RESIDENTIAL

#### SHEET INDEX

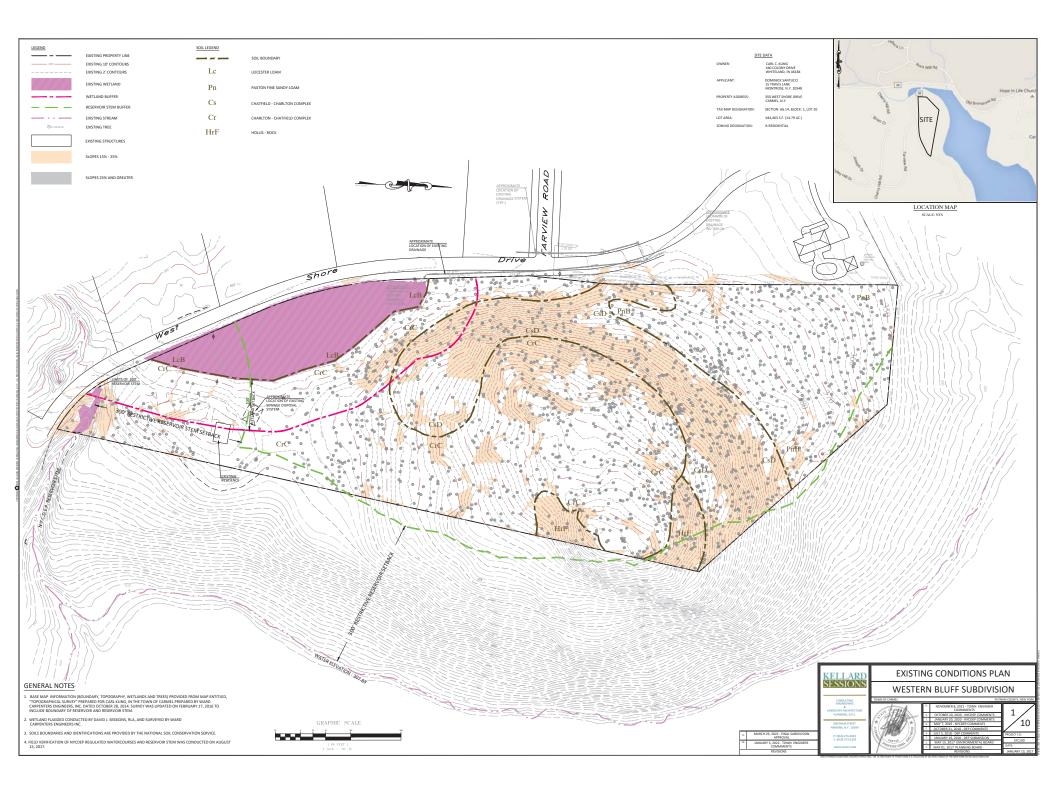
SHEET INDEX	
COVER SHEET EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN SUBDIVISION LAYOUT PLAN SEDIMENT & EROSION CONTROL PLAN TREE REMOVAL & LANDSCAPE PLAN CONSTRUCTION DETAILS CONSTRUCTION DETAILS SEDIMERT & EROSION CONTROL DETAILS & NOTES DRIVEWAY PROFILES DRAINAGE PROFILES CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT PLAN	1/10 2/10 3/10 4/10 5/10 6/10 7/10 8/10 9/10

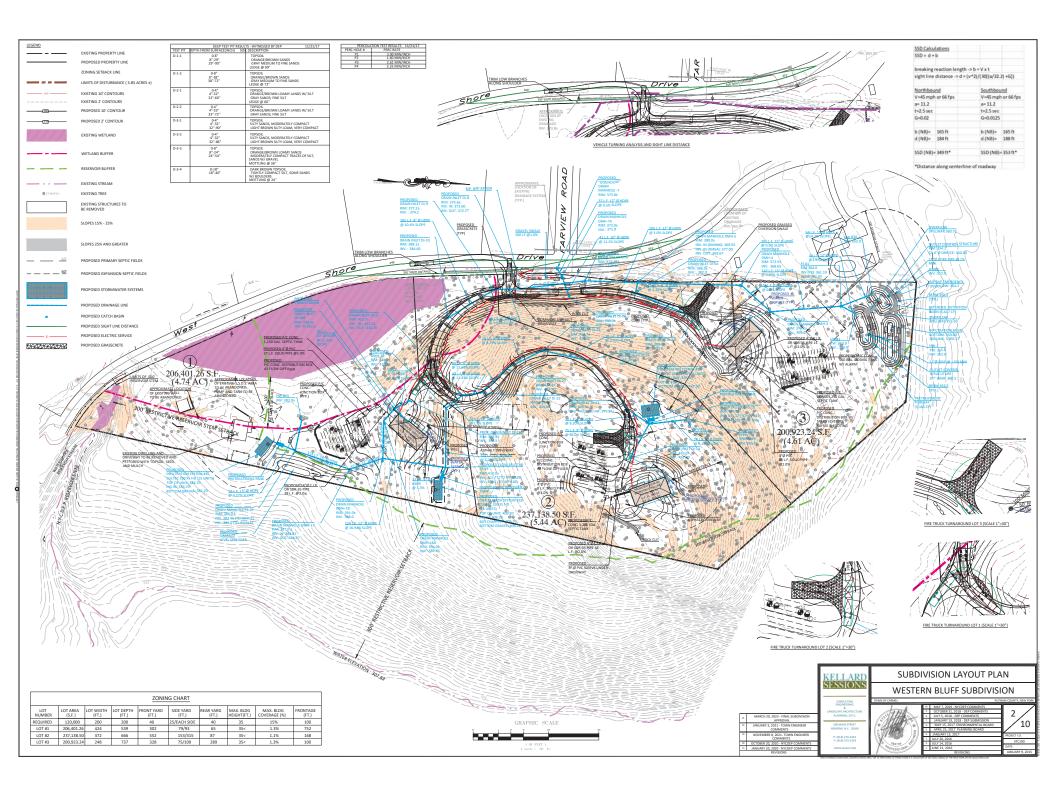
APPROVED BY THE PUTNUM COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS & FACILITIES ON CHARGES TO THIS PLAT AFTER SUB DATE VOIDS THIS APPROVAL. NO CONSTRUCTION DETAINING A PUTNAM COUNTY ROAD WORK PERMIT:	
COMMISSIONER OF HIGHWAYS & FACILITIES:	DATE:

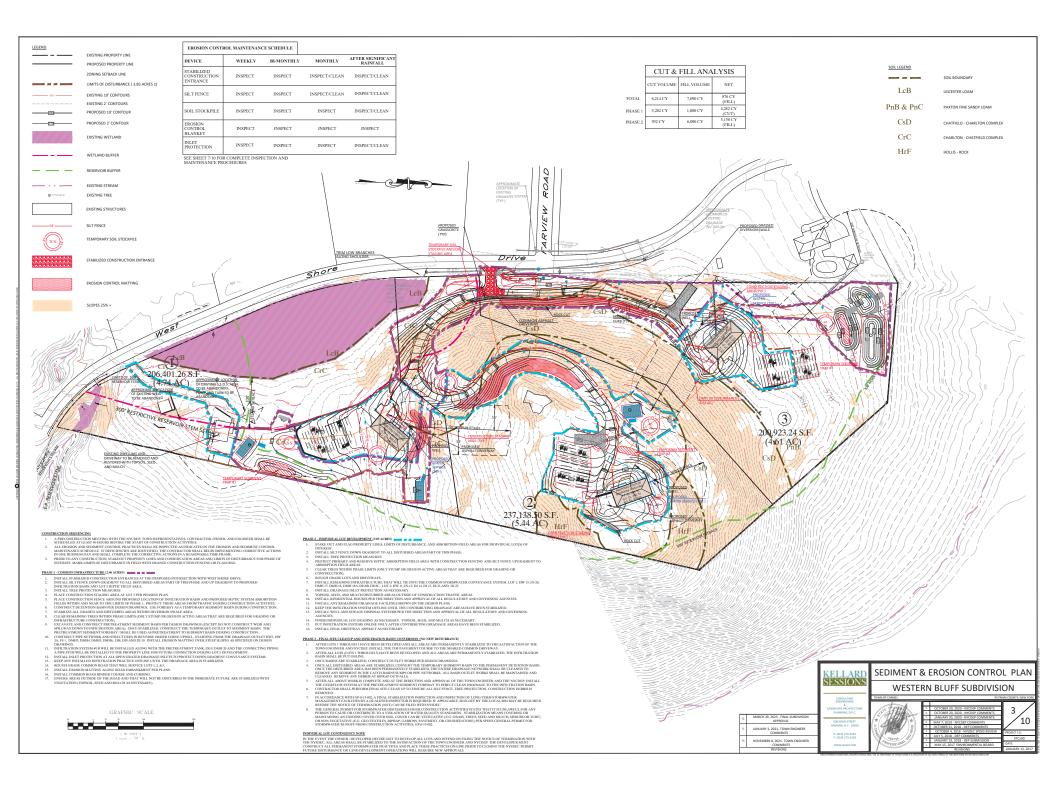


LOCATION MAP N.T.S

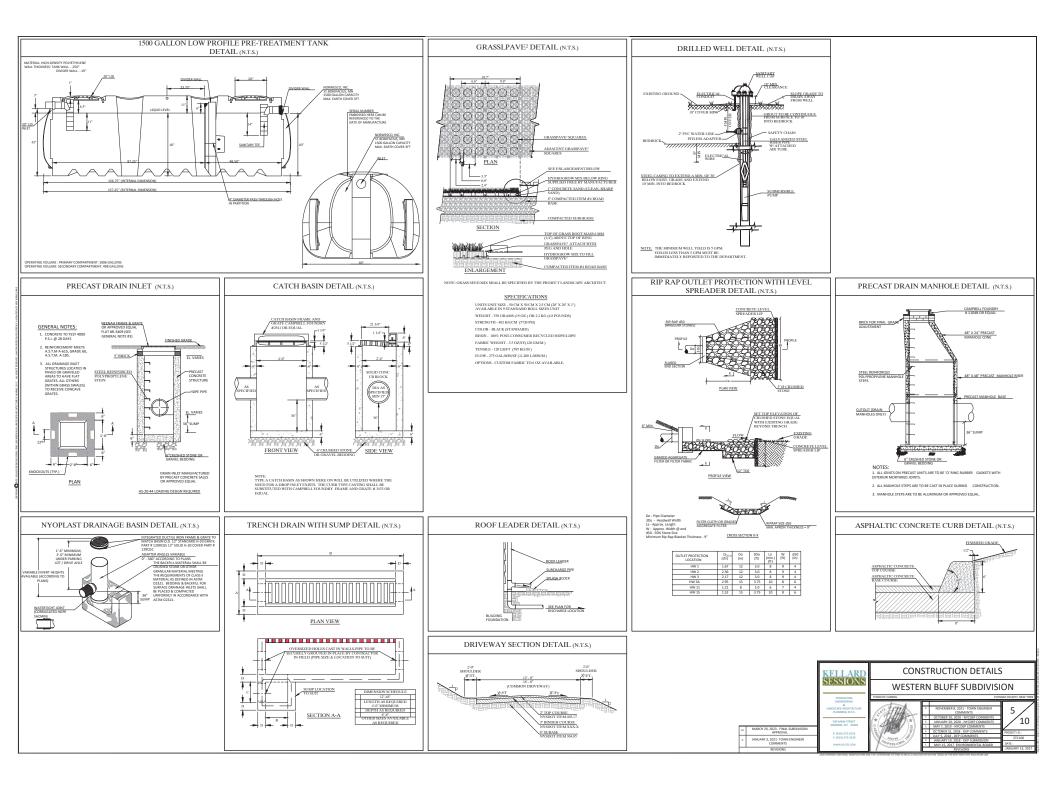
ANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE | SITE & ENVI 500 MAIN STREET, ARMONK, NY 10549 T: (914) 273-2323 | F: (914) 273-2329 WWW.KELSES.COM

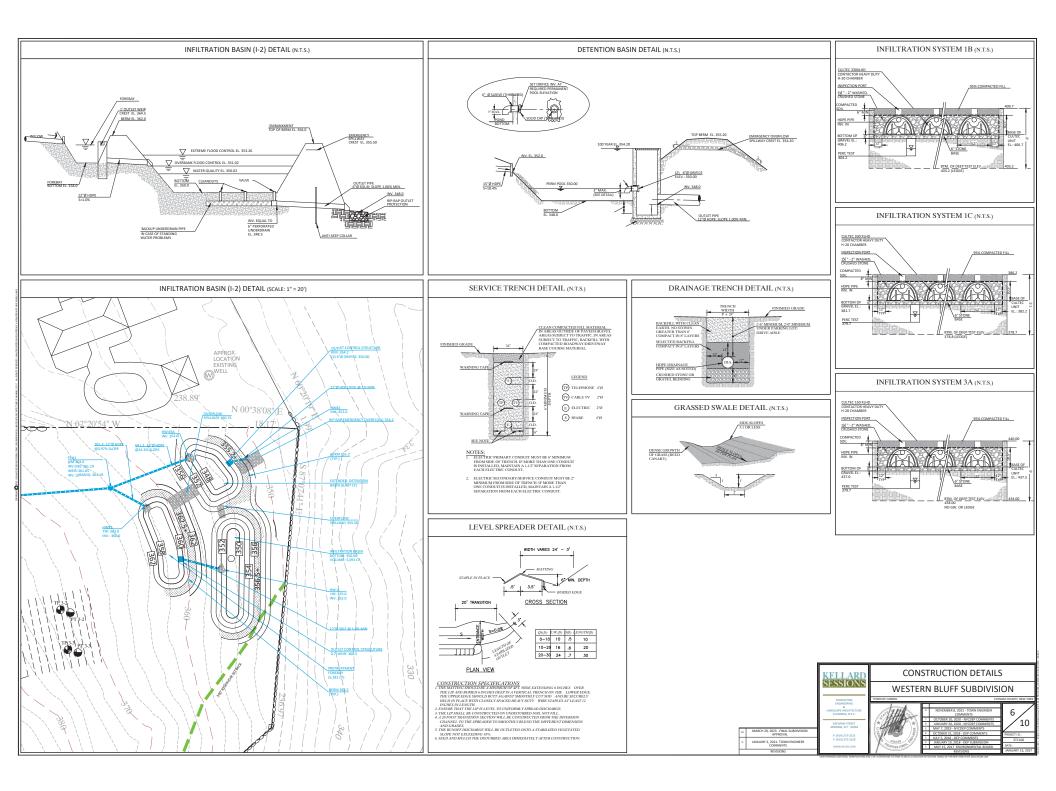




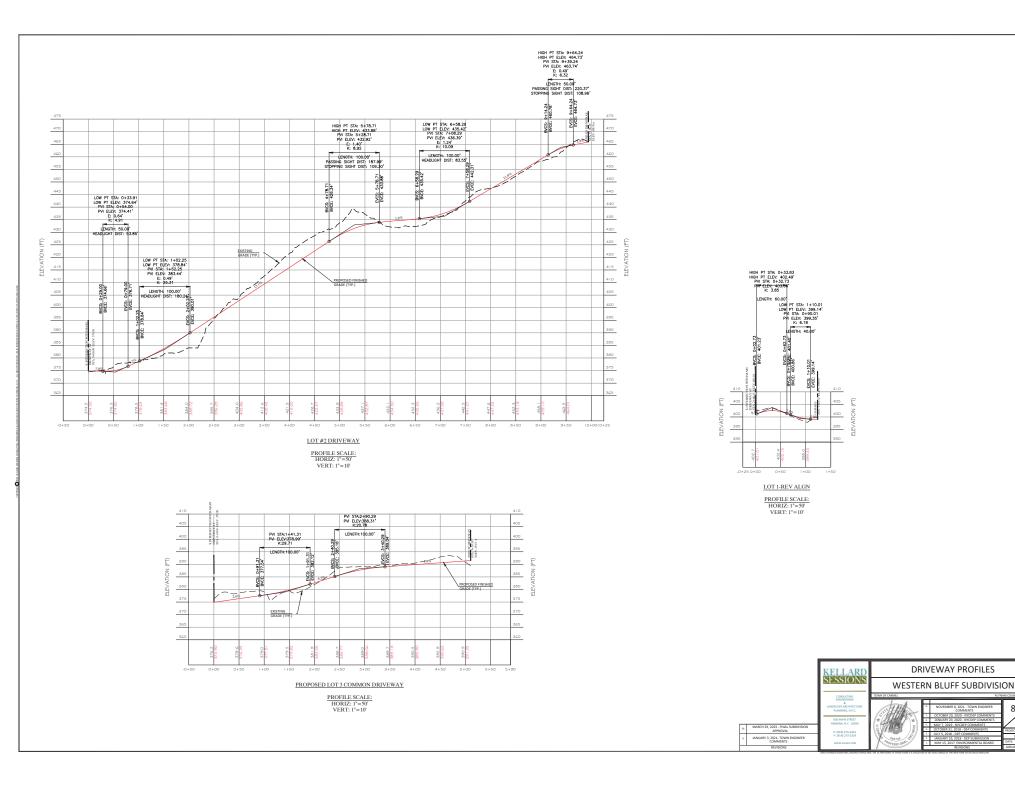


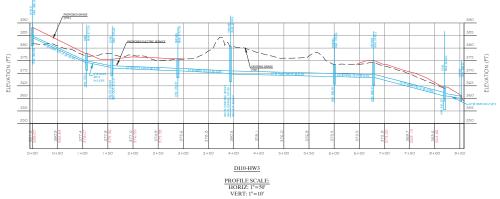




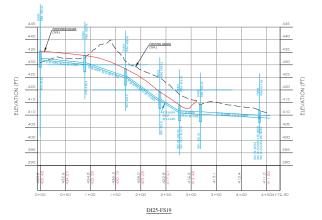


EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN	GENERAL CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCING	TEMPORARY SOIL STOCKPILE DETAIL (N.T.S.)	WIRE SILT FENCE DETAIL (N.T.S.)	STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE DETAIL (N.T.S.)
All proposed soil crosion and sediment control practices have been designed in accordance with the following publications:	Outlined below is a brief listing of the construction sequencing for the project. See sheet 3/10 for detailed plassing descriptions.		1	, <i>, ,</i>
New York Standards and Specifications for Erosion and Sediment Control, latest edition	shall hold a pre-construction meeting.		10:05 Mar. Xi GAUGE, MAX. 6' MESH	50' MIN.
New York State SPDES General Permit for Stormwater Discharges from Construction Activity (GP-0-20-001)	Stabilization shall be defined as covering or maintaining an existing cover over soil. Cover can be vegetative (e.g., grass, reces, seed and mulch, shruhs, or tart) or non-vegetative (e.g., geotestiles, rig-rap, or gabions, pavement, noofs, etc.).	STABILIZE ENTIRE PILE WITH VEGETATION OR	SPACING)	3' Sy PAVEMENT
	The applicant shall notify the Town of Carmel enforcement official at least 48 hours before any of the following as required by the Stommwater Management Officer:	COVER	36" MIN. FENCE POSTS, DRIVEN MIN. 16" INTO GROUND	EXISTING 6° MIN. MOUNTABLE
and alter construction and to prevent ill from reaching the drainage structures, Cultee infiltration systems, welland systems and downstream properties. The Cultee infiltration systems shall not be put into service until the contributing drainage areas to the	Start of construction	1 GRIESS		FILTER BERM (OPTIONAL)
The princy sin of fee oil noises and tochard cound play is to column of mouses from some singled of vegations during and after countering the second play of the second play is to column of the second play of the second play of the distribution properties. The Chile similarity of the second play of the play is norvice and if its considering atoms to the distribution of the second play of the second play of the second play of the second play of the play of the second play of the second play of the second play of the second play of the distribution of the second play of the second play of the second play of the second play of the implemental to comb collocate and an excludion vegation as some as practicable. The play will be implemented play to the commensume of the second play of the distribution of the second play of th	<ul> <li>Survey/Stake clearing limits &amp; sediment &amp; engine control measures</li> </ul>		HEIGHT OF FILTER ABOVE GROUND 16* MIN.	10'
commencement of any earthmoving activities.	Installation of scientimat and erosion control measures     Completion of site clearing of driveway, storm water facilities & utilities.     Completion of rough grading of driveway, storm water facilities & utilities.     Installation of driveway, ortented storm water facilities & utilities.		UNDISTURBED GROUND 8° MIN. EMBEDMENT BOSTS	EXISTING SU MIN. MIN.
Each contractor/subcontractor(s) and trained contractor involved in the soil disturbance and/or stormwater management practices shall sign and date a copy of the contractor certification prior to undertaking any land development activity.	<ul> <li>Keep storm water facilties offline until contributing drainage areas are stabilized.</li> </ul>		POSTS	12 EXISTING MAN MIN PAVEMENT
The owner/operator shall maintain a copy of the NYSDEC SPDES General Permit for Stormwater Discharges from Construction Activity, GP-3-20-401, the Notice of Intent (NOI), the NOI acknowledgment letter, the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan Report for Worten Bull Sublivious, the MASS MPPP Acceptance Form and Impedion reports from the qualified impector at	Completion of final grading of deversay and storm water facilities.     Close of the construction season     Completion of final landscaping     Saccessific additionation of landscaping in public areas		THE ALL AND AL	
Report for Western Bluff Subdivision, the MS4 SWPPP Acceptance Form and inspection reports from the qualified inspector at the construction site until all distubed areas have achieved final stabilization and the Notice of Termination (NOT) has been field with the NYSDEC.	The owners/contractor is required to submit As-Built plans for any stormwater management practices located on site		PERSPECTIVE VIEW	PLAN VIEW
The endlosed or detailence or their measurability shall be on site of all times when construction or availant activity takes along	The overent/contraction is required to softmit As-Built plans for any steemstor management practices located on site after final construction is completed. The plans must show the final design specifications for all stormwater management facilities and must be confided by a New York State lensed land any cryst or proficionism engineer.	SILT FENCE	WOVEN WIRE FENCE (MIN. 14 3 GAUGE, MAX. 6" MESH	
The application set outpet to state a representation of the state of t	Individual Lot Construction Sequencing		SPACING WITH FILTER CLOTH OVER MIN. UNDISTURBED SECTION 8	CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS 1. STONE SIZE - USE 2" STONE. OR RECLAIMED OR RECYCLED CONCRETE EQUIVALENT.
Management Officer and date capted to the highest. The quildful important must be a licensed Professional Engineer, a Certifical Professional in Ensional Scienters (Cartor (UPSK)), a Registrate Landscape Architectian under the direct supervision of , and at the same company as, the Licensed Professional Engineer or Registered Landscape Architect, provided they have received for exp(4) sours of NYSDEC endened training in proper resiston and advances to endened training in the state of the same state of the same company. The Licensed Profession proper resiston and advances to the projection for state of the same state of the same s	Obtain all necessary permits/approvals.     Conduct pre-construction meeting.     Stake cleaning limits for residential construction.		ELOW GROUND SECTION B	<ol> <li>LENGTH - NOT LESS THAN 50 FEET (EXCEPT ON A SINGLE RESIDENCE LOT WHERE A 30 FOOT MINIMUM LENGTH WOULD APPLY).</li> </ol>
the direct supervision of, and at the same company as, the Licensed Professional Engineer or Registered Landscape Architect, provided they have received four (4) hours of NYSDEC endorsed training in proper erosion and sediment control principles from a soil and water conservation district.	Install perimeter erosion controls.     Constant tabilitad constantion automas	INSTALLATION NOTES	EMBED FILTER CLOTH	3. THICKNESS - NOT LESS THAN SIX (6) INCHES.
The proposed soil erosion and sediment control devices include the planned crosion control practices outlined below.	Commence clearing and grabbing of individual driveway, house area and drainage facilities.     Rough grade driveway and building area.     Install drainage, utilities and SSDS	AREA CHOSEN FOR STOCKPILING OPERATIONS SHALL BE DRY AND STABLE.     MAXIMUM SLOPE OF STOCKPILE SHALL BE 1:2.	JOINING SECTIONS OF FENCING	<ol> <li>WIDTH - TWELVE (12) FOOT MINIMUM, BUT NOT LESS THAN THE FULL WIDTH AT POINTS WHERE INGRESS OR EGRESS OCCURS. TWENTY-FOUR (24) FOOT IF SINGLE ENTRANCE TO SITE.</li> </ol>
Maintenance procedures for each erosion control practice are also provided herein. The owner or operator must ensure that all erosion and sediment control practices identified herein are maintained in effective operating condition at all times.	<ul> <li>Installation of infiltration facilities. Keep infiltration systems off-line until contributing drainage areas are stabilized.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>UPON COMPLETION OF SOIL STOCKHLING, EACH PILE SHALL BE SURROUNDED WITH SILT FENCING, THEN STABILIZED WITH VEGETATION OR COVERED.</li> </ol>	CONSTRUCTION NOTES FOR FABRICATED SILT FENCE	5. FILTER CLOTH - WILL BE PLACED OVER THE ENTIRE AREA PRIOR TO PLACING OF STONE.
In areas where soil distarbance activity has temporarily or permanently ceased, the application of soil stabilization measures must be initiated by the end of next business day and completed within 7 days.	Construct dwelling.     Final grade driveway.	4. SEE SPECIFICATIONS FOR INSTALLATION OF SILT FENCE.	WOVEN WIRE FIELD OF EASTENED SECURELY TO FENCE POSTS     TO SELET FIELD OF TO BE FASTENED SECURELY TO FENCE POSTS     STEEL ETHER T OR U TYPE     WITH WIRE TIES OR STAPLES.     OR 2 <sup>+</sup> HARDWOOD	<ol> <li>SURFACE WATER - ALL SURFACE WATER FLOWING OR DIVERTED TOWARD CON-STRUCTION ENTRANCES SHALL BE PIPED ACROSS THE ENTRANCE. IF PIPING IS IMPRACTICAL, A MOUNTABLE BERM WITH 5:1 SLOPES WILL BE PREMITTED.</li> </ol>
Copies of the Inspection and Maintenance Checklists are provided in the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan report.	Timil pack diverse;     Complete diverse;     Complete diverse;     Re-vegetation of distributed areas.     Re-vegetation of distributed areas.     Once site is sublikited, infinition systems to be placed on-line.		MOVEW WIRE FINCE TO BE FASTING SECURENT OF FACE POSTS STELE FINEE TO ALL TYPE WITH WIGH TISS OB STARLES     OR THIS OB STARLES     O	PERMITTEL. 7. MAINTENANCE - THE ENTRANCE SHALL BE MAINTAINED IN A CONDITION WHICH WILL PREVENT TRACKING OR FLOWING OF SEDMENT ONTO PUBLIC RIGHTS OF AWAY, ALL SEDMENT SPILLED, DRUPPED, WASHED OR TRACTED
STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE	<ul> <li>Remove sediment and crossion controls from individual lot construction areas upon site stabilization.</li> </ul>			FLOWING OF SEDIMENT ONTO PUBLIC RIGHTS-OF-WAY, ALL SEDIMENT SPILLED, DROPPED, WASHED OR TRACTED ONTO PUBLIC RIGHTS-OF-WAY MUST BE REMOVED IMMEDIATELY.
A stabilized construction entrance shall be installed at the project entrance as indicated on the plans. The purpose of the stabilized construction entrance is to prevent vehicle leaving the site from tracking sedament, mud or any other construction-celledal metrical for then its into onto Word Shore Drive.	POST-CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER FACILITY INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE PROGRAM		REMOVED WHEN "BULGES" DEVELOP IN THE SILT FENCE. PREFABRICATED UNIT: GEOFAB, ENVIROFENCE, OR APPROVED EQUAL	8. WHEN WASHING IS REQUIRED, IT SHALL BE DONE ON A AREA STABILIZED WITH STONE AND WHICH DRAINS INTO AN APPROVED SEDIMENT TRAPPING DEVICE.
construction-related materials from the site onto West Shore Drive.	General		ELUAL	9. PERIODIC INSPECTION AND NEEDED MAINTENANCE SHALL BE PROVIDED AFTER EACH RAIN.
The Contractor shall maintain the construction entrance in a manner which prevents or significantly reduces the tracking of	post-construction stormwater facility inspection and maintenance program. The owner, its successors and/or assigns shall completely familiarize thermecives with the plane, details and notes.			
sedimentical onto West Shore Drive. The Contractor shall inspect the construction entrance daily and after each rain event for displacement or loss of aggregate. The Contractor shall top-dress the construction mixing when displacementloss of aggregate occurs of the aggregate becomes clogated or sittle to the event that the relations can no hance matching in the	completely lumitarize thermolyes with the plans, details and notes. The drainage collection system, infiltration systems, biotetention area, swales, and their related appartenances shall be			
The Contents rule invasion the construction structure is a smarter which approximately induced in the reading of evaluation of the New Diffware Disconstructure integrates the construction structure. The structure is a structure of the structur		TREE PROTECTION DETAIL (N.T.S.)	TEMPORARY SEDIMENT TRAP DETAIL (N.T.S.)	EROSION CONTROL BLANKET DETAIL (N.T.S.)
SILT FENCE	The otmer, its successors and/or assigns shall be responsible for the ongoing inspection and maintenance of the stormwater facilities. The purpose of the inspection/maintenance program is to provide basic instructions to the owner as to the proper inspection and maintenance of the stormwater facilities and related appartenances and to help the owner identify if these		X STONE FILTER BLANKET	
Sil force (gotextile filter doth) hall be placed in locations depicted on the approved plans. The purpose of the nil force is to reduce the velocity of colument-lakes stormwater from small draining areas and to intercept the transported colument load. In government, all force shift to easil at the positived of the nile and the store of the nile of of	facilities are not performing properly.	# X # WOOD OR METAL POST	PROPOSED FULL CAPACITY - METAL TRASH RACK	TAMP SOIL
load. In general, still frace shall be used at the present of an analysis and an any state of the state of th	The applicant must execute a maintenance easement agreement/deed restriction that shall be binding on all subsequent Inndowness served by the stormwater management facilities. The easement shall provide for access to the facility at reasonable times for periodic inspection by the Town of Carmel to ensure that the facility is maintained in proper working condition to meet cheaps stratuation and any other provisions stabilished by the Town. The easement shall provide the recorded by	SNOW FENCE TO FACE OUT ON ALL SIDES	TEMPORARY OF THE TEMP. SILT TOP OF GRADE TRAP	
	condition to meet design standards and any other provisions established by the Town. The easement shall be recorded by the grantor in the office of the County Clerk and Town Clerk after approval by the Town Attorney for the Town of Carmel.	SEE NOTE		STAPLE STAPLE STAPLE DETAIL
Maintenance/Inspection Silt fencing shall be inspected at a minimum of twice every seven (7) days. Inspections shall include ensuring that the	Inspection and Maintenance of Permanent Drainage Systems and BMPs		TEMPORARY RIP-RAP POND	JUTE MESH EXCELSION BLANKET EROSION CONTROL MATTING
Silt fracing shall be inspected at a minimum of twice every seven (7) days. Inspections shall include ensuing that the force materials in glithy secured to the word proke. In addition, overlapping filter davies shall be secure and the filteric shall be maintained edition (binds below grads, bit). The sevent than any "bigot develop in the first, that develop of frace shall be replaced anneofately with a new force section. Any within estimate build-op against the frace shall be removed and depended on-the a running or Vietnet than any vietnal.	<ol> <li>General Stomwater Facilities (i.e., drain inlets, vegetated swale, grass swale, bioretention area, rip-rap outlets) Three stoewater facilities shall be immetted unable for the fact three (3) months following the completion of </li></ol>		OUTLET PROTECTION BOTTOM	DETAIL 1 TERMINAL FOLD
oi tence stati ce reparcea immeanacty with a new tence section. Any visitor seatment outai-up against ne tence stati of removed and deposited on-site a minimum of 150 feet from any wetland.	These itemwater facilities shall be inspected weekly for the first three (1) months following the completion of construction. Thereafter, there facilities shall be impacted at a minimum quattry, and always immediately following at rait event. Upon impacting, facilities shall be immediately minimized and we cleaned as may be required. Any site areas exhibiting soft encode shall be immediately restored and stabilized with vegetation, mick or ray-ray note, depending on the raw is be stabilized.		SWALE INSTALL HIDE PREEADDICATED BARDEL	
e inlet Protection		NOTE THIS DIMENSION TO BE EQUAL TO DRIPLINE OF	OUTLET RISER STRUCTURE. WRAP IN FILTER TEMPORARY EARDLC & PROVIDE & TODE EN TER DI ANKET HDPE TO RIP-RAP	
After the driveway's drain inlets have been installed and the site is completely constructed and stabilized, these drain inlets will receive stormwater from the driveway and overland watersheds. This barrier will allow stormwater to be filtered prior to reaching the inlet prior.	Upon each inspection, all visible debris including, but not limited to, twigs, leaf and forest litter shall be removed from the swales and bioretention area, discharge points and frames and grates of draimage structures.	TREE 5 MIN.		STAPLES STAPLES
MaintenanceTaspection	2. Vegetated Areas	ر بالتريس کې	1. TEMPORARY SEDIMENT TRAP WILL BE INSPECTED AFTER EACH STORM OF 1/2" RAINFALL OR GREATER AND RISER WILL BE CLEARED OF ANY DEBRIS OR EXCESSIVE SILT.	EROSION CONTROL MATTING EXCELSION BLANKET DETAIL 2 JUNCTION SLOT (4)
Inlet protection devices shall be inspected at a minimum of twice every seven (7) days. Care shall be taken to ensure that all inlet protection devices are properly located and severe and do not become displaced. Any accumulated sediments shall be removed from the device and deposited and loca the shall not 106 test from a wetland.	The areas within the swakes: and historetonion area shall be moused periodically. Any delvis, litter or fallen trees/advalus shall be removed from within swakes we bioretention areas at the time of each mowing, unless such delvis impedes the proper flow of water, in which case all delvis shall be immediately removed upon impection. All visible accumulated	The second se	2. TEMPORARY SEDIMENT TRAP SHALL BE CLEANED OUT WHEN 1/2 OF CAPACITY HAS BEEN ACCUMULATED WITH SEDIMENT. ONCE SEDIMENT HAS REACHED THIS MARK, CONTRACTOR WILL	TAMP SOLL 4" MIN.
an interpretention of these are properly or and minimum and or invectoring unipared. They incommand manifestion many be removed from the device and deposited not less than 150 feet from a wetland.	sediments shall be removed when sediments become clearly visible.		IMMEDIATELY CLEAN OUT SEDIMENT TO ORIGINAL SEDIMENT TRAP GRADE.	
TREE PROTECTION	Special care shall be taken when removing sediment so as not to disrupt the intended finished grades or stone rip-rap within the wales or bioretention area. Any displaced or termoved rip-rap shall be replaced, in-kind, to maintain the slopes and original design intent of the swales or bioretentions area.		3. BERM TO BE MECHANICALLY COMPACTED EACH FILL, S' LIFTS TO (95 $\%$ PROCTOR DENSITY). BERM FILL SHALL BE FREE OF ROOTS, WOODY VEGETATION, OVERSIZED STONES AND RELATIVELY	
All significant trees to be processed backet within the limits of distantance and on the perimeter of the disturbance limits shall be protocted from humely by oversing a three. (José hajd minimum) mow frace completely nursuading the tree. Snow frace should extend to the drip-lime of the tree to be processed. Trees designated to be protected waved shall be identified during the shaling of the limits of disturbance.	slopes and original design intent of the swale or bioretention area. 3. Deain Inlets	TREE TO BE SNOW	PERVIOUS MATERIALS SUCH AS SAND OR GRAVEL. 4. TEMPORARY SEDIMENT TRAP WILL BE STABILIZED WITH JUTE MESH DURING THE NON GROWING	JUTE MESH JUTE MESH EROSION CONTROL MATTING
	<ol> <li><u>attain inters</u>         All drain inlets have been designed to trap sediment prior to its transport to the infiltration systems and, ultimately,     </li> </ol>		SEASON. DURING THE GROWING SEASON HYDROMULCH AND/ OR SEED AND STRAW MULCH.	ERCESSION BLANKET EROSION CONTROL MATTING SHALL BE BUTTED TOGETHER
MaintenanceInspection The once face chall account at the deir line of the tene to be measured. The cases force shall be increased at a minimum	maintained within the sumps.	No.	5. THE TOP 23 OF THE RISER SHALL BE PERFORATED WITH ONE (1) INCH DIAMETER HOLES OR SLITS SPACED SIX (6) INCHES VERTICALLY AND HORZZOTTALLY AND PLACED IN THE CONCAVE PORTION OF PIPE. NO HOLES WILL BE ALLOWED WITHIN SIX (6) INCHES OF THE HORZZOTAL BARREL.	DETAIL 3 ANCHOR SLOT DETAIL 4 LAP SLOT CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS
The snow fence shall remain at the drip-line of the tree to be preserved. The snow fence shall be inspected at a minimum of twice every serves (7) days. Any damaged poteisms of the fence shall be repaired or replaced. Care shall also be taken to ensure that no constructions explainnt its dark one or patched within the drip-line of the tree to be preserved.	All sumps shall be inspected once per month for the first three (3) months (after drainage system has been put into	GRADE	6. THE RISER SHALL BE WRAPPED WITH 1/4 TO 1/2 INCH HARDWARE CLOTH WIRE THEN WRAPPED WITH	1. APPLY TO SLOPES GREATER THAN 3H:1V OR WHERE NECESSARY TO AID IN ESTABLISHING VEGETATION.
SOIL/MATERIAL STOCKPILING	All samps shall be impected once per nonfin for the first five (3) months, third nainage system has been put into grates). The owner shall take measurements of the samp depth. All samps shall be impected once per month for the first three (3) months (http://dminage.system has been per into service). The enders, all samps shall be impected very depth.		FILTER CLOTH (HAVING AN EQUIVALENT SIEVE SIZE OF 40-80). THE FILTER CLOTH SHALL EXTEND SIX (6) INCHES ABOVE THE HIGHEST HOLE AND SIX (6) INCHES BELOW THE LOWEST HOLE. WHERE ENDS	<ol> <li>APPLY FERTILIZER, LIME AND SEED PRIOR TO PLACING MATTING.</li> <li>STAPLES ARE TO BE PLACED ALTERNATELY, IN COLUMNS APPROXIMATELY 2' APART AND IN ROWS APPROXIMATELY 3' APART. APPROXIMATELY 15 STAPLES ARE REQUIRED PER 4' X 225' ROLL OF MATERIAL</li> </ol>
All soil/material-stripped from the construction area during grubbing and grading shall be stockpiled in locations illustrated on the approved plans, or in practical locations co-site.		P TREE PROTECTION SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR SPECIMEN TREES TO BE SAVED	(0) IN-THE ABOVE THE HADDEST HOLE AND SAL (0) IN-THE BELOW THE LOWEST HOLE. WHERE EXAGS OF THE FLITTER CLOTH COME TOGETHER, THEY SHALL BE OVERLAPPED, FOLDED AND STAPLED TO PREVENT BYPASS. PROVIDE 3.4° STONE FILTER BLANKET AROUND FILTER CLOTH.	
on me approved plans, or in practical accisions on-site. Maintenance/Inspection	If sediment has accumulated to one-half the depth of the sump, all sediment shall be removed from the sump. Sediments can be removed from the sumps with hand-labor or with a vacuum device.	WHICH ARE LOCATED IMMEDIATELY ADJACENT TO CONSTRUCTION AREAS OR AS DIRECTED.	7. STRAPS OR CONNECTION BANDS SHALL BE USED TO HOLD THE FILTER CLOTH AND WIRE FABRIC IN PLACE. THEY SHALL BE PLACED AT THE TOP AND BOTTOM OF THE CLOTH.	OSTUBBED AREAS SHALL BE SMODTHLY GRADED. EXISION CONTROL MATERIAL SHALL BE PLACED LOOSELY OVER GROUND SUBFACE DO NOT STREETCH.     S. ALL TERMINAL ENDS AND TRANSVERSE LAPS SHALL BE STAPLED AT APPROXIMATELY 12" INTERVALS.
	Contact Person: The entity responsible for implementing the maintenance program will be the owner, its successors and/or assigns. The current owners is Carl Kling, 44 Colony Drive, Whiteland IN, 46184	OR AS DIRECTED.	8. FILL MATERIAL AROUND THE PIPE SPILLWAY SHALL BE HAND COMPACTED IN FOUR (4) INCH	
<sup>20</sup> All stockpler-shall be imported (for signs of ension or problems with used establishment) at a minimum of twice every seven (7) stops. Solid stockplers shall be protected into arrowing hypersimiliar that stockple that an arphity-gammining grass seed and narrounded with either ailt frace as alked weed-for hayback. In the non-growing season, the atockpiles shall be protected by a transition screining the exist scaleshold.	and/or assigns. The current owners is Carl Kling, 44 Colony Drive, Whiteland IN, 46184		LAYERS. A MINIMUM OF TWO (2) FEET OF HAND COMPACTED BACKFILL SHALL BE PLACED OVER THE PIPE SPILLWAY BEFORE CROSSING IT WITH CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT.	
RIP-RAP OUTLET PROTECTION	FILTER FABRIC DROP INLET PROTECTION DETAIL	DIVERSION SWALE DETAIL (N.T.S.)	9. THE RESER PIPE SIGAL BE ANCHORED WITH EITHER A CONCRETE BASE OR STEEL PLATE BASE TO PREVENT FOLTATION ANDOR WATER ROWNLEAVING THE BASIN BENEALTH THE RESER FOR CONCRETE BASED THE DEPTH SIALB BE TWELVE (2) INCHES WITH THE RESER EABEDDED NIE (9) INCHES A 14 HOLT MINIMUM THICKNESS STEEL PLATE SIALB EATTACHED TO HE RESER PAY DE CONCRETE BASED THE DEPTH SIALB TWELVE (2) INCHES WITH THE RESER FOR CONCRETE A HOLT MINIMUM THICKNESS STEEL PLATE SIALB EATTACHED TO HE RESER PAY DE CONCRETE BASED THE DEPTH SIALB TWELVE (2) INCHES WITH THE RESER FOR CONCRETE A HOLT MINIMUM THICKNESS STEEL PLATE SIALB EATTACHED TO HE RESER PAY DE CONCRETE BASED THE ROWN OF THE RESER PAY	CATCH BASIN FILTERS - INLET PROTECTION DETAIL
The outlets of all stormwater discharge areas will be protected from crossion by the placement of store rip-rap at the culvertivate outlet. The prapose of the store outlet protection is to reduce the velocities of the discharged water such that flows will not evolve the receiving area.	(N.T.S.)			(N.T.S.)
			TWO (2) FEET OF STONE, GRAVEL OR TAMPED EARTH ON THE PLATE.	FRAME AND GRATE
Maintenance/Inspection Maintenance of the outlet protection devices shall be inspected at a minimum of twice every seven (7) days to determine if			<ol> <li>ALL PIPE CONNECTIONS SHALL BE WATERTIGHT, (SEE NOTE #9).</li> <li>ALL SLOPES SHALL BE 2:1 OR FLATTER.</li> </ol>	ADJUSTABLE FINISHED WIRE FRAME GRADE
any sourcing beneated the rip-rap has occurred and/or if any rip-rap has been indifaced. All displaced in-rap shall be re-positioned or replaced with new rip-rap. In addition, all laws, twigs and brash shall be removed in the vicinity of the cubretional outile to ensure that stemwater is flowing unsolution.	FRAME FILTER		12. THE STRUCTURE SHALL BE REMOVED AND AREA STABILIZED WHEN THE DISTURBED DRAINAGE	
culvert/swale outlet to ensure that stormwater is flowing unobstructed. <u>SURFACE STABILIZATION</u>	FILTER FILTER STAKE STAKE CONNERS	REEBCARD	AREA HAS BEEN PROPERLY STABILIZED. 13. CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS SHALL BE CARRIED OUT IN SUCH A MANNER THAT EROSION AND	PROTECTION
All disturbed areas will be protected from crossion with the use of vegetative measures (e.g., grass seed mix, sod) hydromulek, weed-free hay or Curlex Excelsior Erossion Control Blankets.	CORNERS		13. CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS SHALL BE CARRIED OUT IN SUCH A MANNER THAT EROSION AND WATER POLLUTION ARE MINIMIZED.	
hydromutich, weed-tree hay or Curlex Excelsion Erosion Control Blankets.		TRAPEZOIDAL CROSS-SECTION	TEMPORARY DRAINAGE AREA VOLUME REQUIRED VOLUME REQUIRED AND BROWNED BROWNED BROWNED	
Erssion control burriers consisting of sill fereing shall be placed avoind exposed areas during construction. Any areas stripped of vegetiation during constructions will be vegetated and/or multiched to prevent reason of the exposed only. In site areas when significant ensous particular dashis (deep during/order) excercing [23], and when expecticity] directed, Carler Excelsor Ensoin Control Blacket, Olumaticanced by American Excelsion or approved equal shall be installed. Multi site used along for expresely sublication in an engoving months.	BURY		TEMPORARY         DURINAGE AREA         VOLUME REQUIRED         VOLUME REQUIRED         VOLUME RRQUIRED         VOLUME RRQUIRED         OUTLET IPIE DIA.           SEDIMENT TRAP         (ACRES)         (CUBIC FEET)         (CUBIC FEET)         (INCHES)         (INCHES)           1         0.6         2,160         7,430         15         12	
		TREEDARD C	2         0.5         1,800         1,940         15         12           3         0.8         2,880         3,658         15         12	NOTE: INSERTS TO BE MODEL # 1341 ADJUSTABLE CATCH BASIN
Materials that may be used for mulching include weed-free straw / Maylah flay, wood fiber, synthetics soil aubilizers, mulch netting, ensoine control blankets or sod. A permanent vegetative cover will be established upon completion of construction of flasse areas which have been brought to finish grade and to remain undisturbed.		1/2 4/MIN.	*VOLUME REQUIRED = 3600 CF x DRAINAGE AREA(AC.)	INSERTS BY ENPAC OR APPROVED EQUAL
GENERAL LAND GRADING				
The applicant/developer or their representatives shall be on-site at all times when construction or grading activity takes place and shall inspect and document the effectiveness of all sediment and erosion control practices.	CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS	PARABOLIC CROSS-SECTION CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS		2
The intent of the emainer controls is to control all disturbed areas, such that soils are restorted from emainer by temporary	1. FILTER FABRIC SHALL HAVE AN EOS OF 40-85. BURLAP MAY BE USED FOR SHORT TERM APPLICATIONS.	<ol> <li>ALL TREES, BRUSH, STUMPS, OBSTRUCTIONS, AND OTHER OBJECTIONABLE MATERIAL SHALL BE REMOVED AND DISPOSED OF SO AS NOT TO INTERFERE WITH THE PROPER FUNCTIONING OF THE DIVERSION.</li> </ol>		a Periodicial de la companya de la com Periodicia de la companya de la comp
methods and, ultimately by permanent vegetation. All out and fill slopes shall be kept to a maximum slope of 2.1. In the event that a slope must exceed a 2.1 slope, it shall be sublicited with showing energies. On fill slopes, all material will be placed in layers not exceed 9 inclusion and orphin and adequately compared. Where practicable, diversion wales shall be constructed on the top of all fill methodaments in other any overalmed maximum away from the fill slope.	<ol> <li>CUT FABRIC FROM A CONTINUOUS ROLL TO ELIMINATE JOINTS. IF JOINTS ARE NEEDED THEY WILL BE OVERLAPPED TO THE NEXT STAKE.</li> </ol>	DISPOSED OF SO AS NOT TO INTERFERE WITH THE PROPER FUNCTIONING OF THE DIVERSION. 2. THE DIVERSION SHALL BE EXCAVATED OR SHAPED TO LINE, GRADE, AND CROSS SECTION AS REQUIRED TO MEET THE CRITERIA SPECIFIED HEREIN, AND BE FREE OF BANK PROJECTIONS OR OTHER IRREGULARITIES WHICH WILL IMPEDE NORMAL FLOW.		SEDIMENT & EROSION CONTROL
constructed on the top of all fill embankments to divert any overland flows away from the fill slope. <u>DUST CONTROL</u>	<ol> <li>STAKE MATERIALS WILL BE STANDARD 2" x 4" WOOD OR EQUIVALENT METAL WITH A MINIMUM LENGTH OF 3 FEET.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>FILLS SHALL BE COMPACTED AS NEEDED TO PREVENT UNEQUAL SETTLEMENT THAT WOULD CAUSE DAMAGE IN THE COMPLETE DIVERSION</li> </ol>		LLARD DETAILS & NOTES
Where vegetative or mulch cover is not practicable in disturbed areas of the site, dust shall be controlled by the use of	<ol> <li>SPACE STAKES EVENLY AROUND INLET 3 FEET APART AND DRIVE A MINIMUM 18 INCHES DEEP. SPANS GREATER THAN 3 FEET MAY BE BRIDGED WITH THE USE OF WIRE MESH BEHIND THE FILTER FABRIC FOR SUPPORT.</li> </ol>	4. ALL EARTH REMOVED AND NOT NEEDED IN CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE SPREAD OR DISPOSED OF SO THAT IT WILL NOT INTERFERE WITH THE FUNCTIONING OF THE DIVERSION. 5. STABILIZATION SHALL BE DONE ACCORDING TO THE APPROPRIATE STANDARD AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR	50	WESTERN BLUFF SUBDIVISION
water speinkling. The surface shall be sprayed until wet. Dust control shall continue until such time as the entire site is adequately stabilized with permanent vegetative cover.		VEGETATIVE PRACTICES.		CONSULTING TOWN OF CARMEL PUTNAM COUNTY, NEW YORK
POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES FOR CONSTRUCTION RELATED ACTIVITIES	<ol> <li>FABRIC SHALL BE EMBEDDED 1 FOOT MINIMUM BELOW GROUND AND BACKFILLED. IT SHALL BE SECURELY FASTENED TO THE STAKES AND FRAME.</li> </ol>	ESTABLISHMENT OF THE VICETATION. IT IS BECOMMINNED THAT, WHEN CONDITIONS PERMIT, TEMPORARY DIVESIONS OF OTHER MEASA SHOLD BE USED TO PREVENT WATER FROM ENTERING THE DIVESION DUMING THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE VIGETATION. B. FOR DESION VELOCITIES OF MORE THAN 2.5 THE R.S.C., THE DIVERSION SHALL BE STABLIZED WITH	LANC	ENJARCENNU A ACHIERCTURE SIXAPA ACHIERCTURE SIXANNING, 5P.C.
Publicits preventing prediction for preventing lines, construction chosenical (of opplicables) and construction during from becoming application mover as assumed transformer includes and prevention. In previous weight and previous distributions of the prevention of the structure of the struc	<ol> <li>A 2" x 4" WOOD FRAME SHALL BE COMPLETED AROUND THE CREST OF THE FABRIC FOR OVER FLOW STABILITY.</li> </ol>	UVERSIUN DURING THE SSTABLISHMENT OF THE VEGETATION. B. FOR DESIGN VELOCITIES OF MORE THAN 3.5 FT. PER. SEC., THE DIVERSION SHALL BE STABILIZED WITH SOD, WITH SEEDING PROTECTED BY JUTE OR EXCELSIOR MATTING OR WITH SEEDING AND AM II CHING	I	3 OCTOBER 20, 2020 - NYCDEP COMMENTS
mongo wasa, man proyseus controts state no sun tenenting and indeproduction. Inspections will also be contralised to ensure that data control measures are utilized as necessary. During construction, maintenance, construction and waste materials will be stored within suitable areas durpsters, as appropriate, to minimize the exposure of the materials to storemwater and	MAXIMUM DRAINAGE AREA = 1 ACRE	SOD, WITH SEEDING PROTECTED BY JUTE OR EXCELSIOR MATTING OR WITH SEEDING AND MULCHING INCLUDING TEMPORARY DIVERSION OF THE WATER UNTIL THE VEGETATION IS ESTABLISHED.	10. MARCH 29, 2023 - FINAL SUBDIVISION	MONC NY, 19504
spill prevention. All maintenance and construction waste will be disposed of in a safe manner in accordance with all applicable regulations.			APPROVAL     AUIARY 3, 2023-TOWN ENGINEER     COMMENTS	P: (914) 273-2323 P: (914) 273-2323 P: (914) 273-2323 P: (914) 273-2325 P: (914) 273-
			COMMENTS REVISIONS	WWW XELESCOM REVENUE AND A CONTRACT OF A CON
			ueunoie	IND ADDITIONS, MIDDING AND / DR ACTER/RIDAS TO THESE FORESTS A VIOLATION OF SECTION 720(2) OF THE NEW YORK SYMTEEDCATION LAW









PROFILE SCALE: HORIZ: 1"=50' VERT: 1"=10'

